

Machine-Learning with Multi-Seismic Attributes in Cambro-Ordovician Carbonates of Southwestern Pennsylvania*

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Abstract

The prolific Pt Pleasant dry-gas play immediately overlies the legacy Trenton-Black River (TBR) play, which is known to be extensively affected by hydrothermal alteration. Machine-learning analysis of multi-seismic attributes, integrated with drilling and geological data, suggests that hydrothermal alteration in the TBR and deeper Cambro-Ordovician carbonates significantly impacts production and geohazard distribution in the Pt Pleasant.



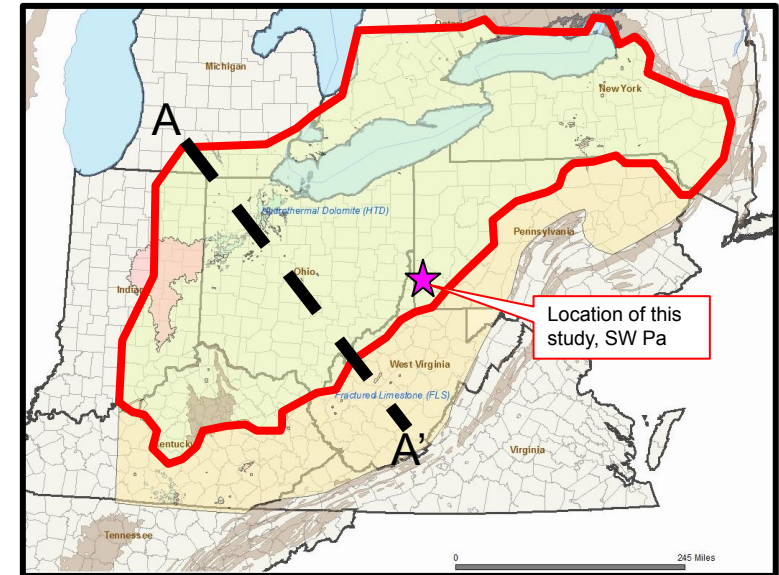
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Machine-learning with multi-seismic attributes
in Cambro-Ordovician carbonates of SW PA

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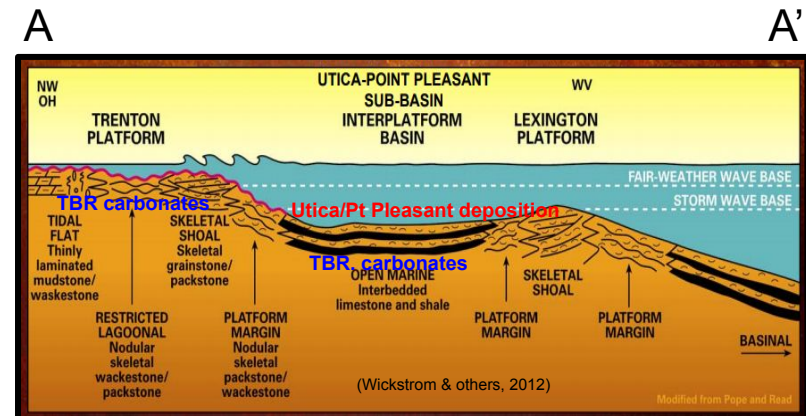
RANDALL HUNT
SR STAFF GEOPHYSICIST

Utica/Pt Pleasant: a hot unconventional play, influenced by a legacy play

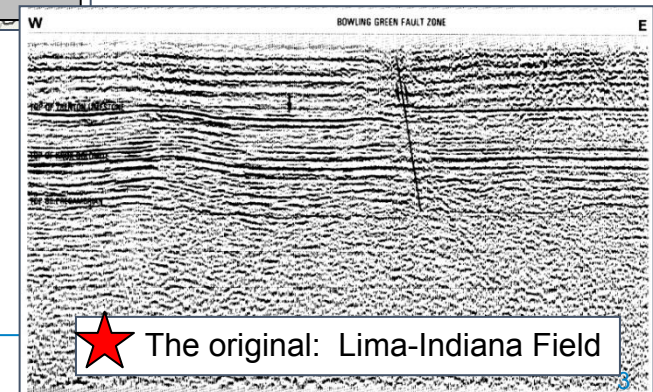
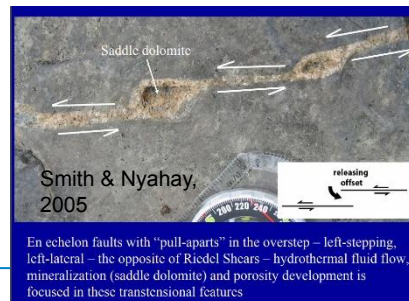
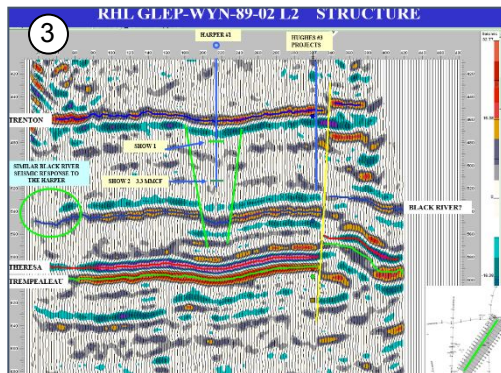
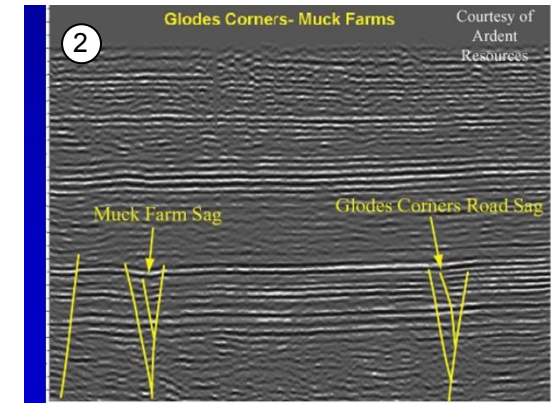
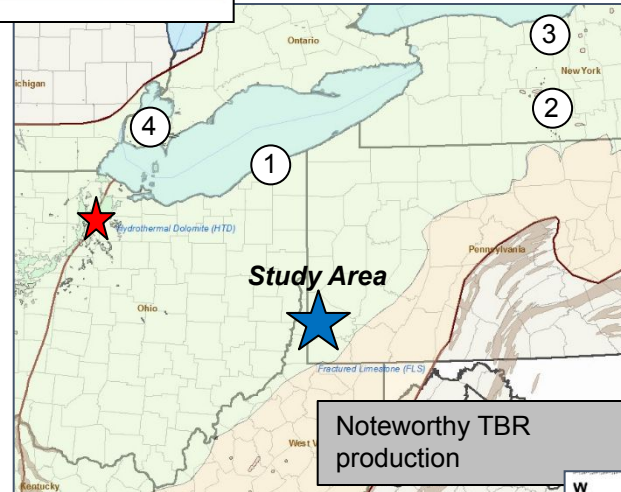
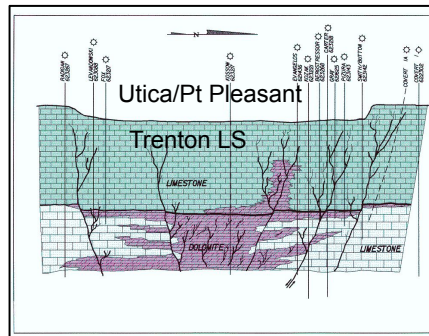
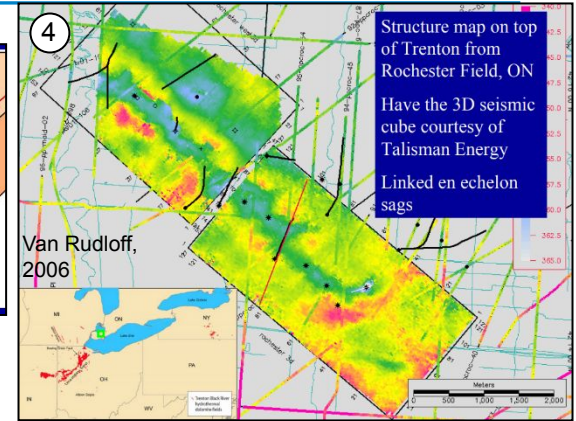
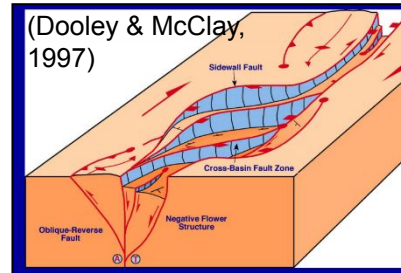
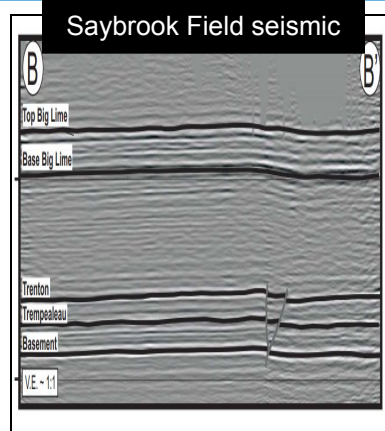
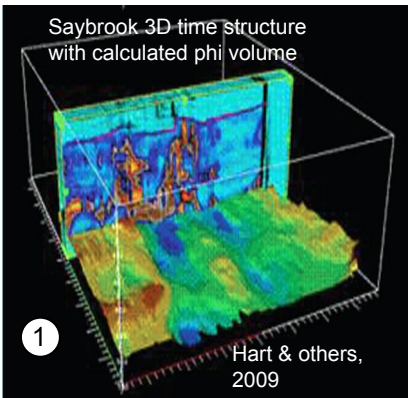
- Utica/Pt Pleasant play sits directly above the legacy Trenton/Black River play, a play historically associated with hydrothermal alteration and deep karsting
- Vertical zones of enhanced porosity, either deep “karsting” or hydrothermal dolomitization, are known to occur in the Trenton/Black River
- Via 3D seismic attributes integrated with well observations, we see evidence that the Pt Pleasant is impacted by some of the same phenomena as the TBR
- Underlying TBR alteration appears to affect production and drilling hazards in the Pt Pleasant



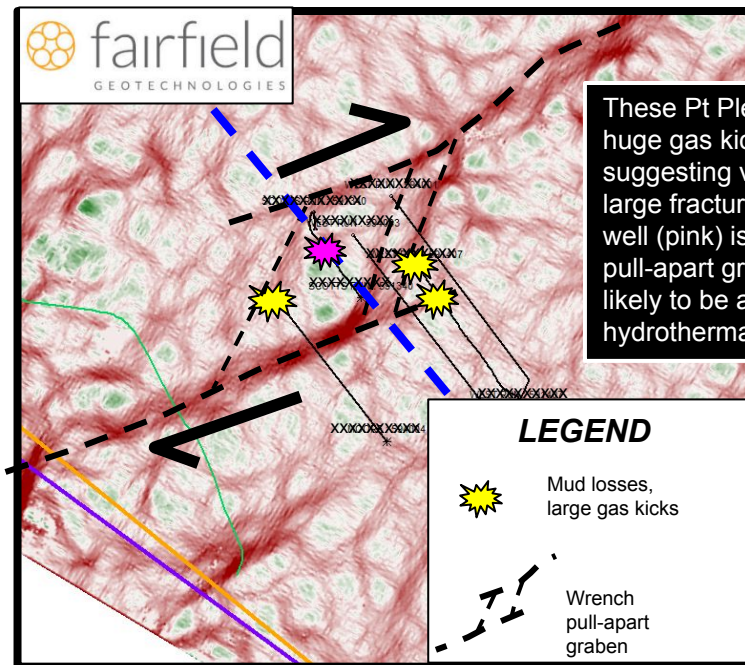
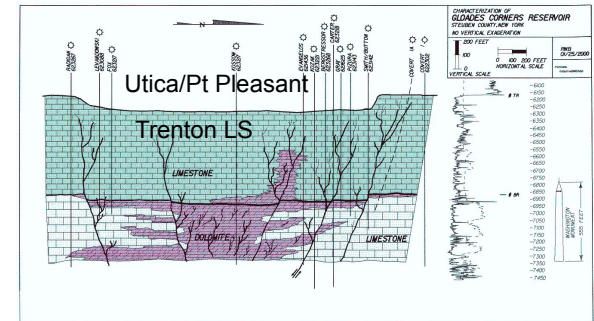
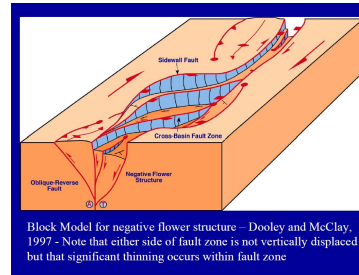
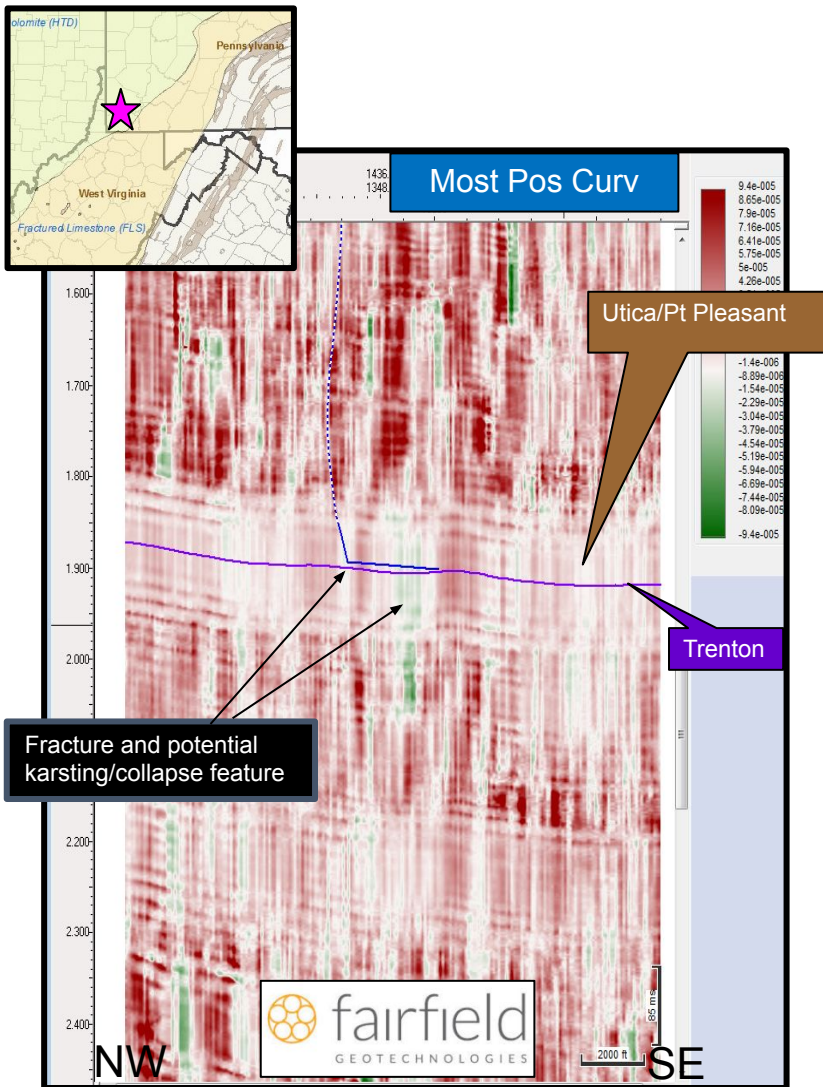
(Riley & Baranoski, 2011)							
NORTHERN KENTUCKY AND SOUTHWESTERN OHIO	WEST-CENTRAL OHIO	EASTERN OHIO	NORTHWESTERN PENNSYLVANIA	SOUTHWESTERN ONTARIO	WEST-CENTRAL NEW YORK	CENTRAL AND EASTERN KENTUCKY	PENNSYLVANIA PORTION OF THE ROME TROUGH
Drakes Fm Whitewater Fm Liberty Fm Waynesville Fm Amheim Fm Grant Lake Fm	Queenston Sh	Queenston Fm	Queenston Fm	Queenston Fm	Drakes Fm	Juniata Fm	Juniata Fm
Miamtown Sh	Cincinnati gp	Reedsville Sh	Georgian Bay Fm	Lorraine Gp	Ashlock Fm	Reedsville Sh	Reedsville Sh
Fairview Fm		Blue Mountain Fm			Calloway Creek Ls		Marlburg Fm
Utica Fm	Utica Fm	Utica Fm	Collingwood Fm	Utica Fm	Utica Fm	Utica Fm	Anties Fm
Point Pleasant Fm	Point Pleasant Fm	Point Pleasant Fm	Cobourg Fm	Sherman Fall Fm	Lexington Ls	Trenton Ls	Coburn Fm
Black River Ls	Black River Gp	Black River Ls	Cobocook Fm	Gull River Fm	Black River Ls	High Bridge Gp	Black River Ls
Wells Creek Fm	Wells Creek Fm	Wells Creek Fm	Shadow Lake Fm		Wells Creek Dol	Loysburg Fm	Loysburg Fm
						Beekmantown Fm	Beekmantown Fm



Trenton/Black River hydrothermal/karsting examples around Appalachia

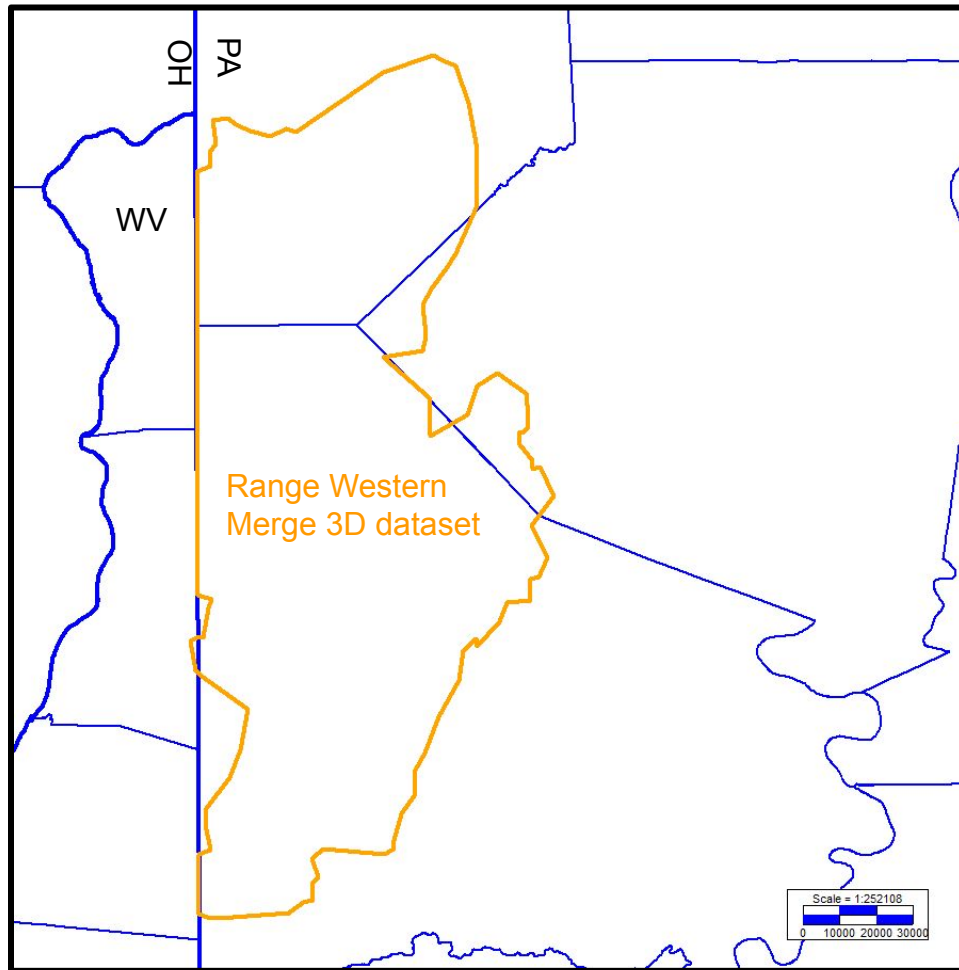


Hydrothermal alteration or deep karsting in a big Pt Pleasant well?



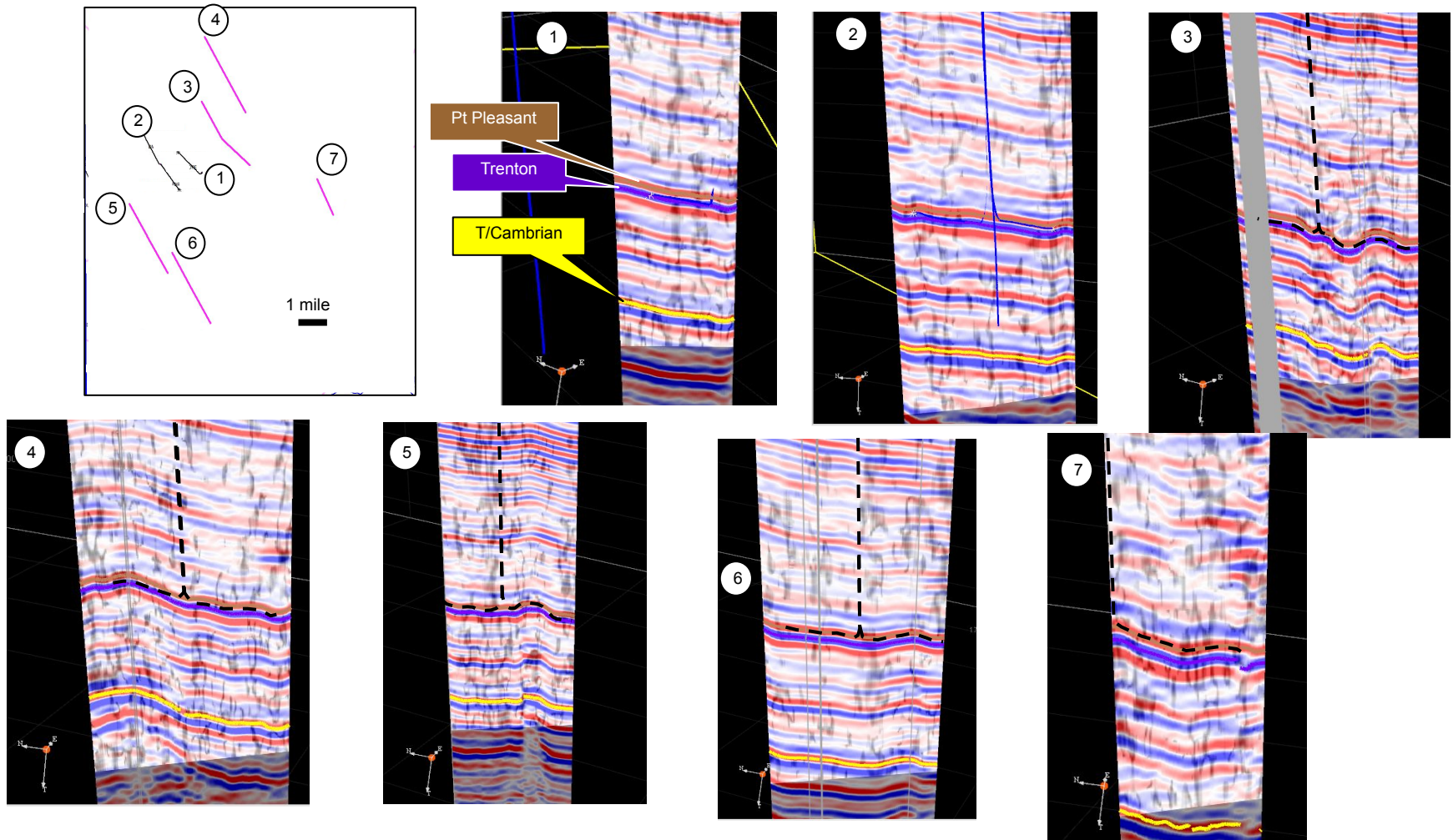
Seismic provided by Fairfield Geotechnologies

3D seismic datasets for “Paradise” machine-learning input

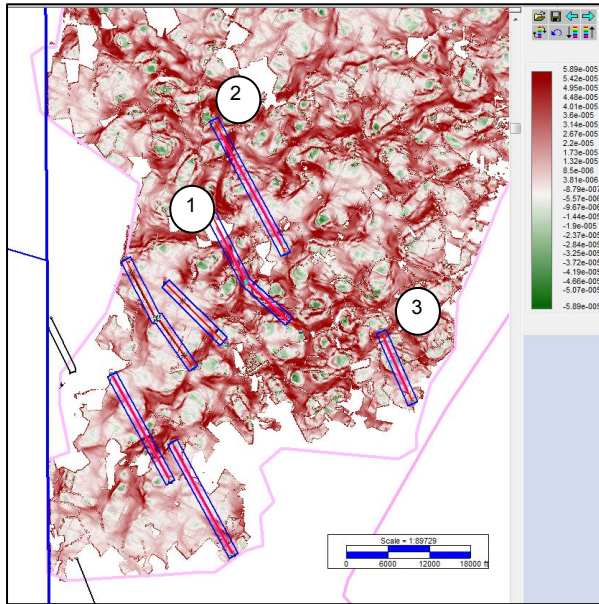


- 550 mi²
- Several merged legacy 3Ds
- Merge reprocessing by Sterling Seismic Services, 2017
- OVT PSTM with 5D interpolation
- P/S inversion done by Rock Solid Images, 2017
- Resampled to 1 msec
- Analyzed using Geophysical Insight's "Paradise" machine-learning software

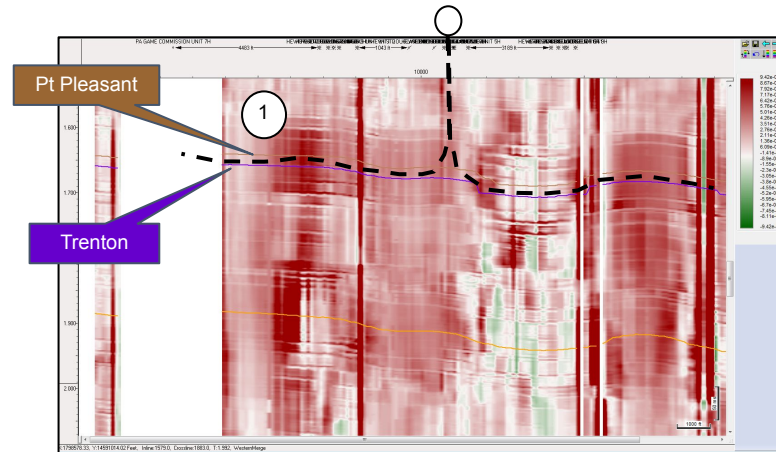
Example of the wrench-type structural style in study area



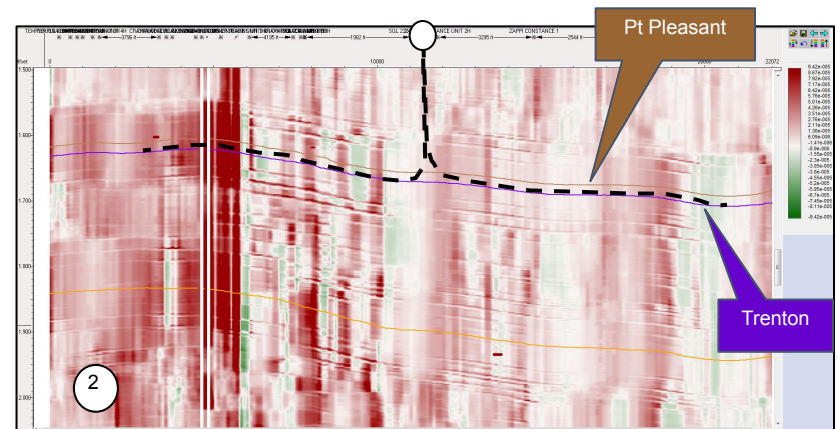
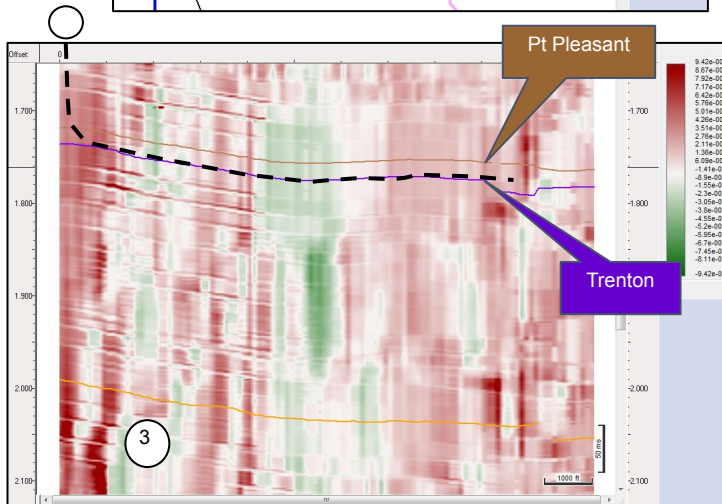
Most Positive Curvature highlights “sags”, but are they altered?



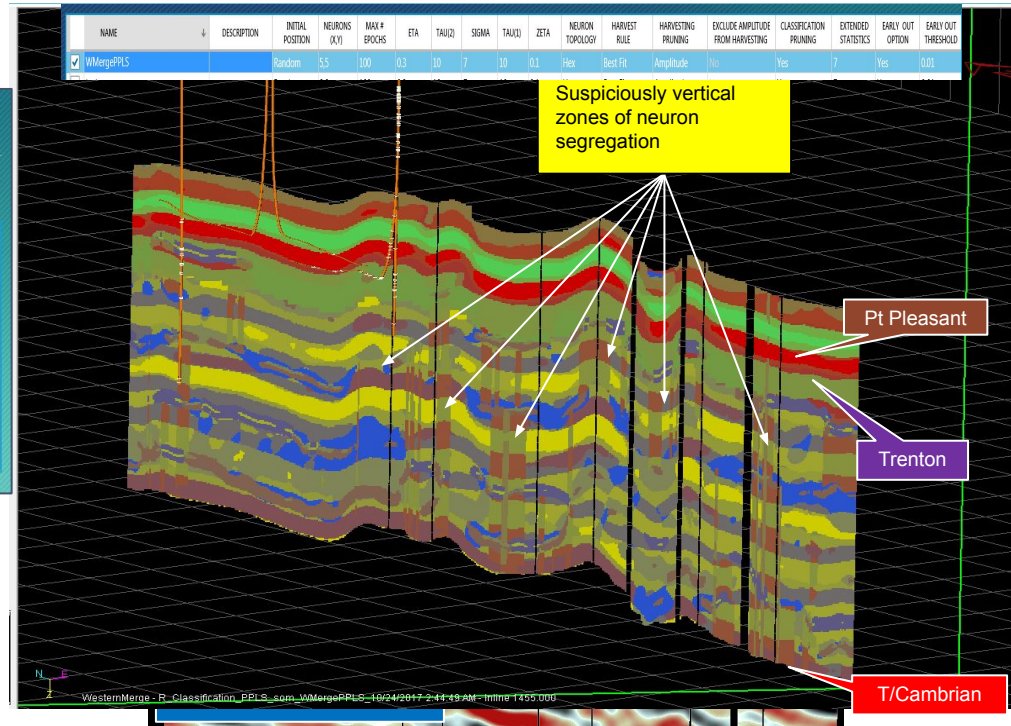
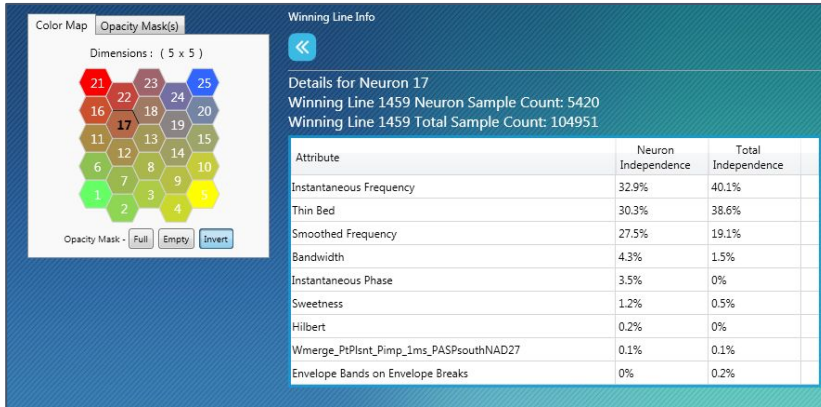
East/South is to right on all profiles



Structural sags (green) may point to karsting/collapse, but not necessarily. Can Paradise discriminate the altered sags vs the non-altered ones?



SOM result: goal to detect zones of hydrothermal/karsting alteration



Selected Attributes

Bandwidth

Envelope Bands on Envelope Breaks

Hilbert

Instantaneous Frequency

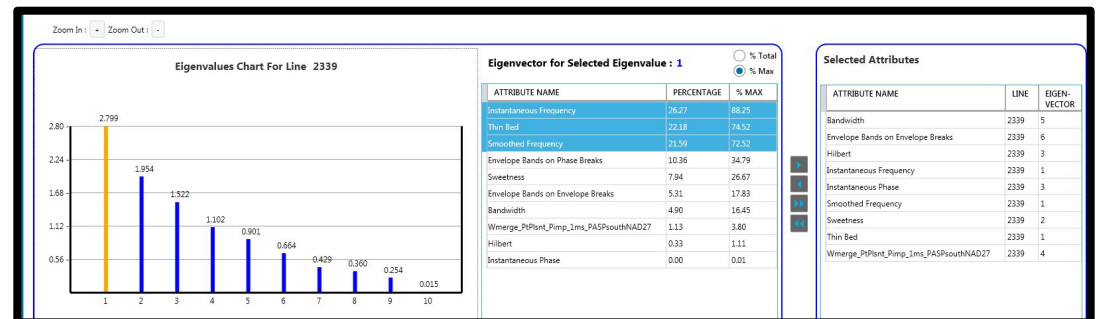
Instantaneous Phase

Smoothed Frequency

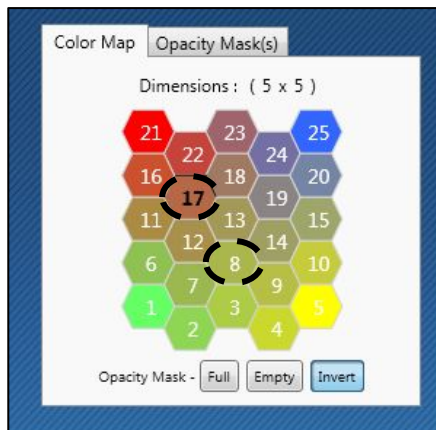
Sweetness

Thin Bed

Wmerge_PtPlsnt_Pimp_1ms_PASPsouthNAD27

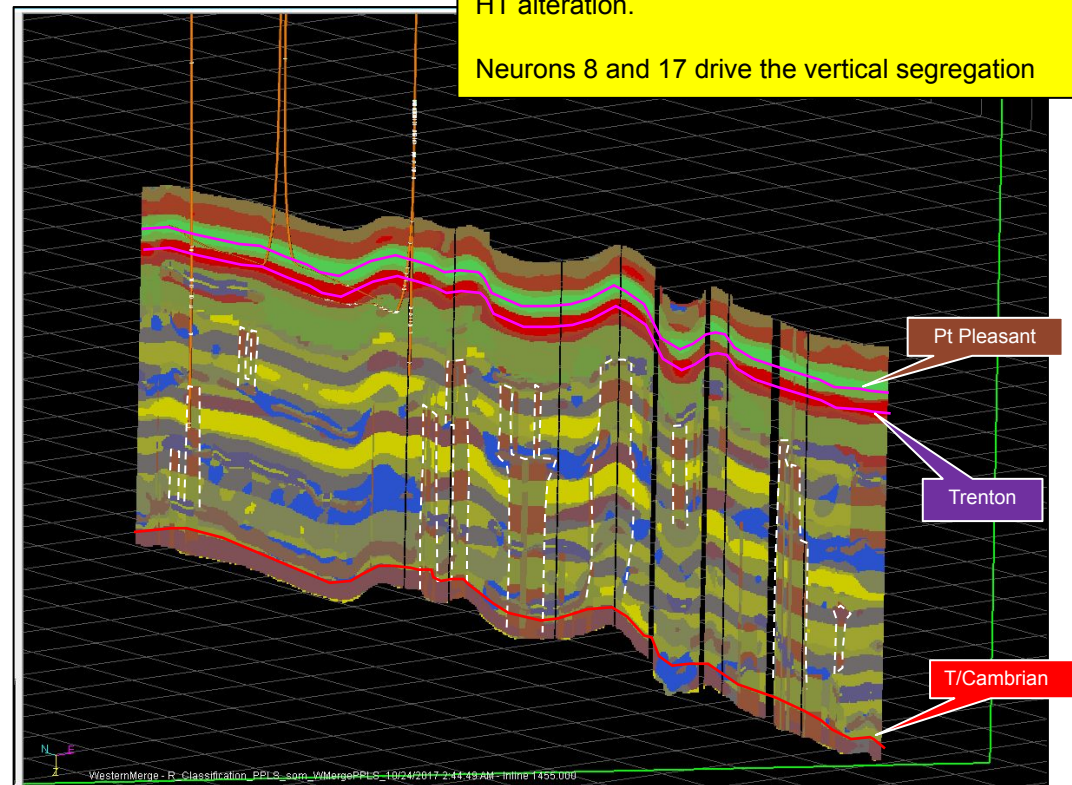
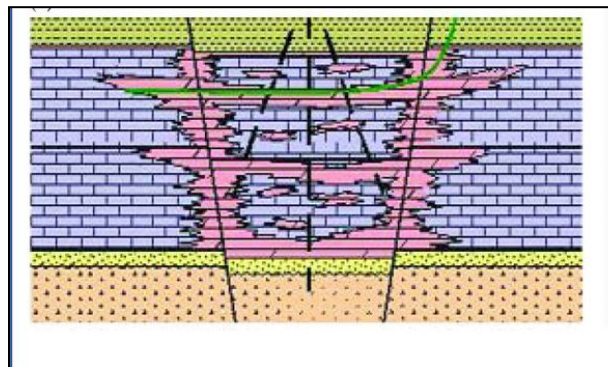


SOM results fit a model of deep hydrothermal/karsting alteration

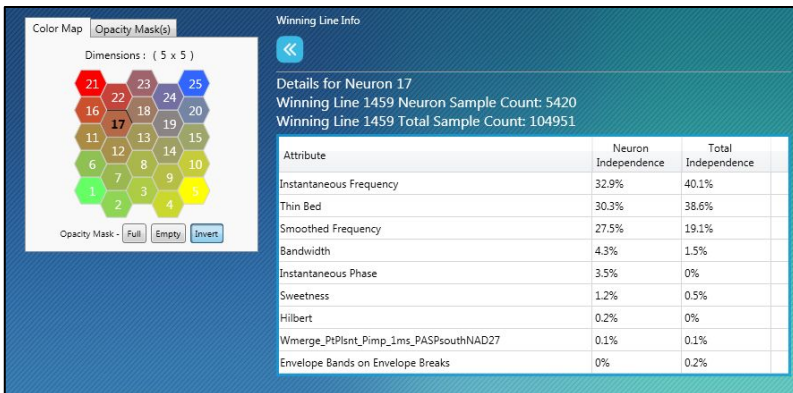


Vertical zones of neuron segregation in the SOM output, without any structural attribute as input, suggest vertically-oriented compositional changes in the rocks. This is what we would expect from HT alteration.

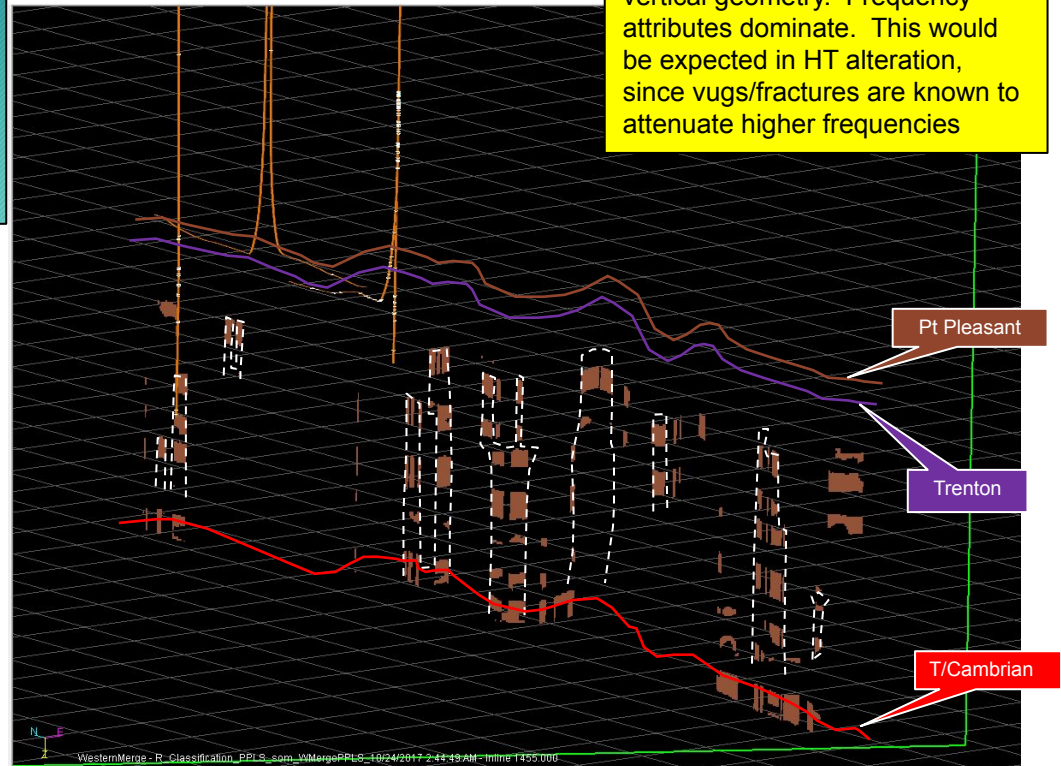
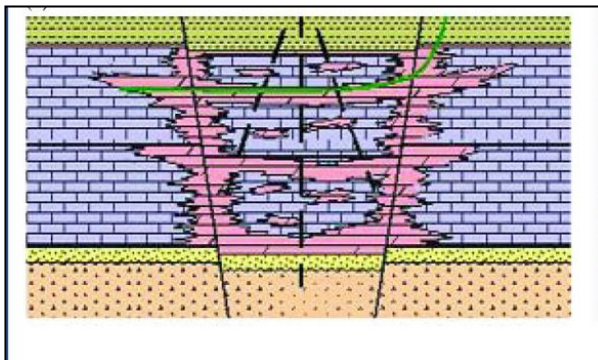
Neurons 8 and 17 drive the vertical segregation



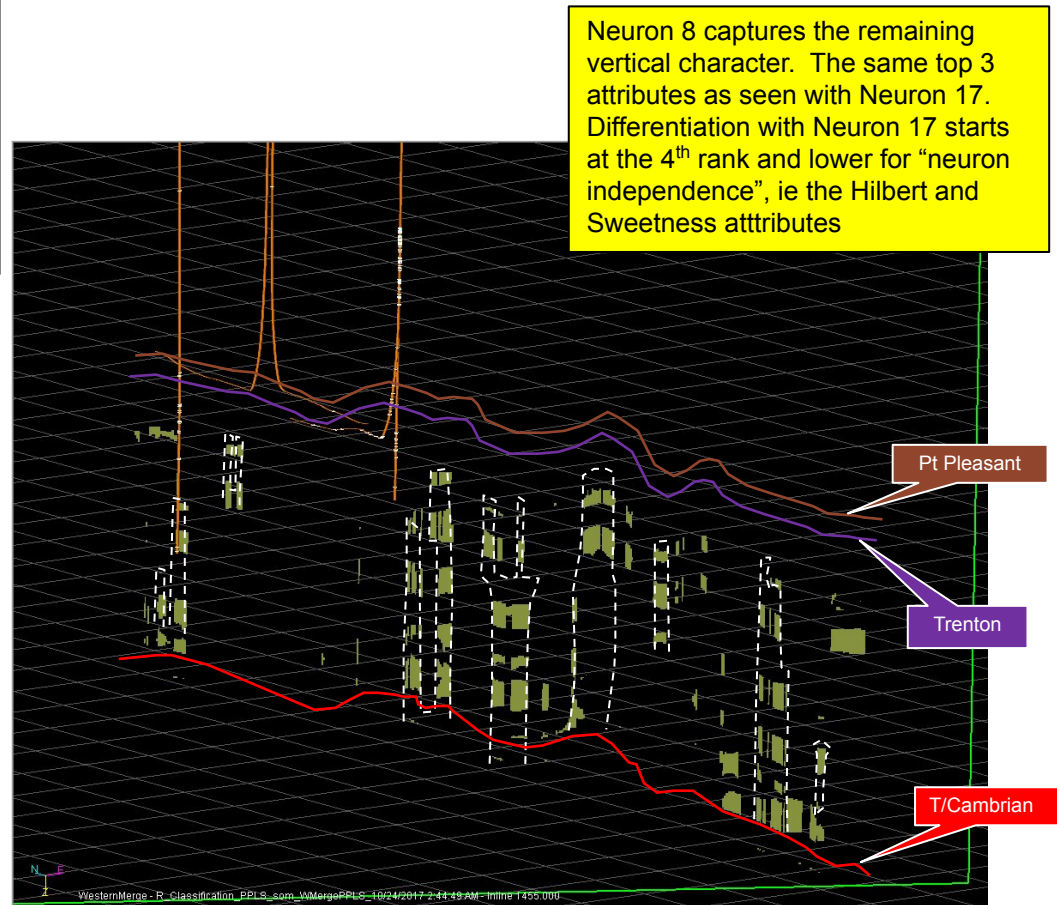
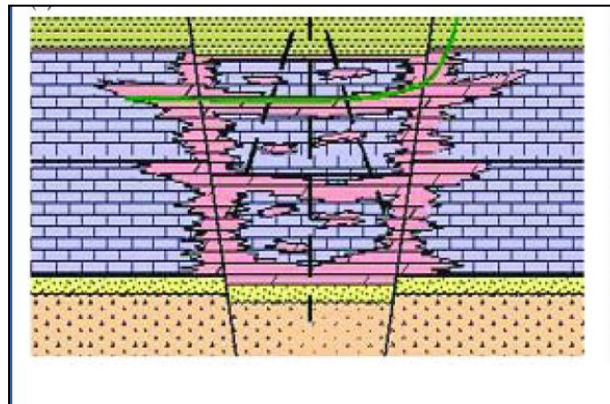
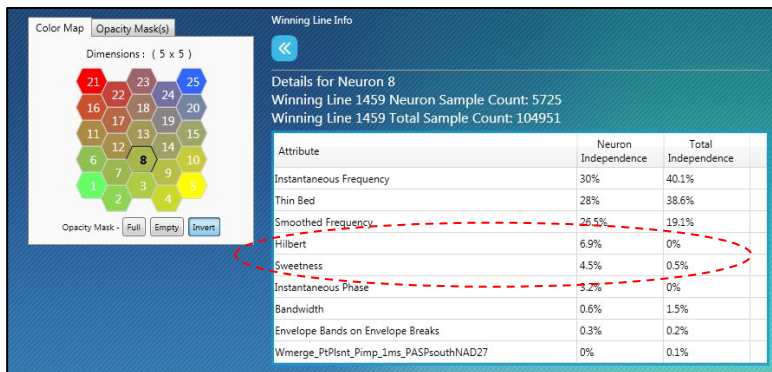
SOM results: neuron 17



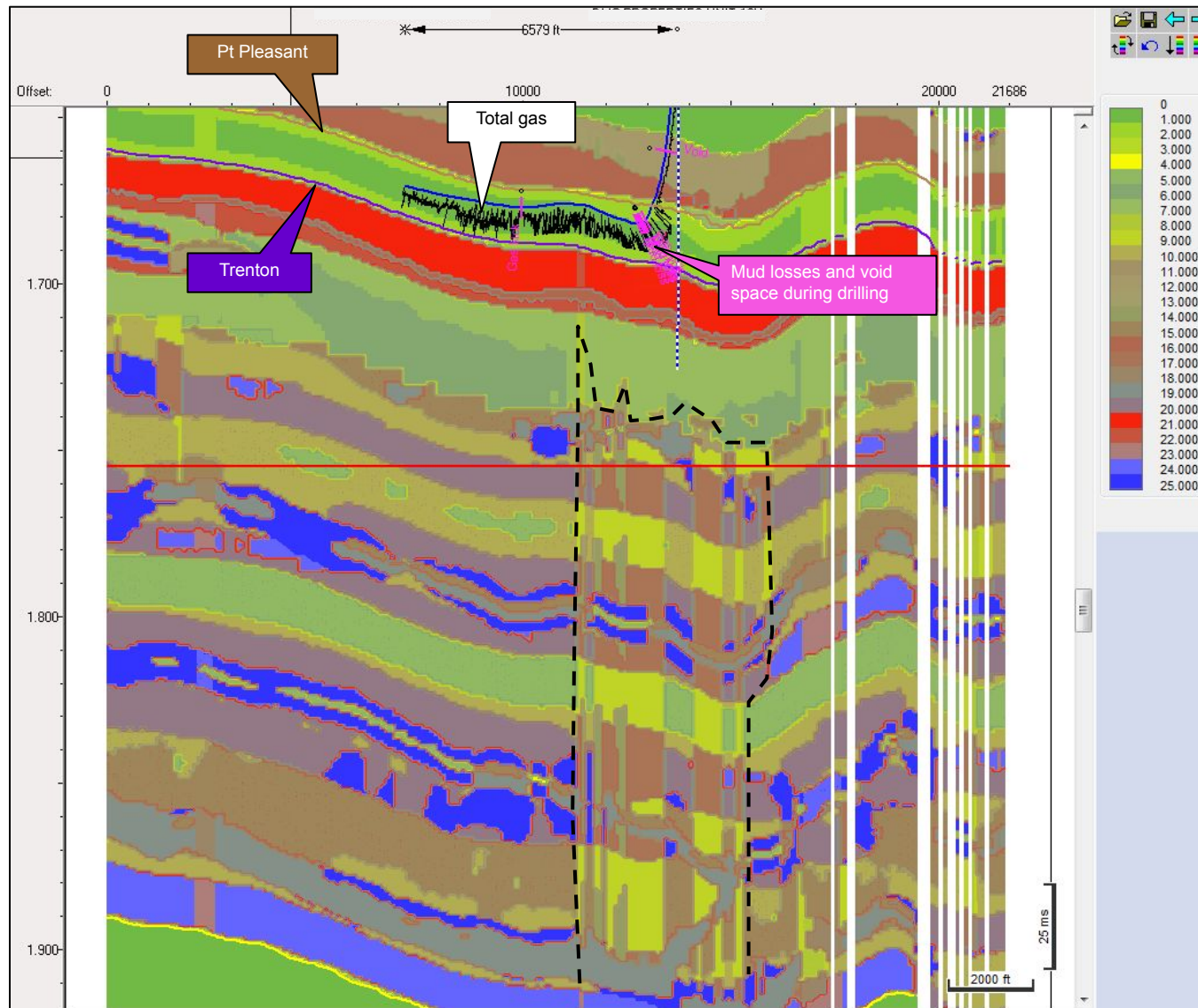
Neuron 17 captures a lot of the vertical geometry. Frequency attributes dominate. This would be expected in HT alteration, since vugs/fractures are known to attenuate higher frequencies



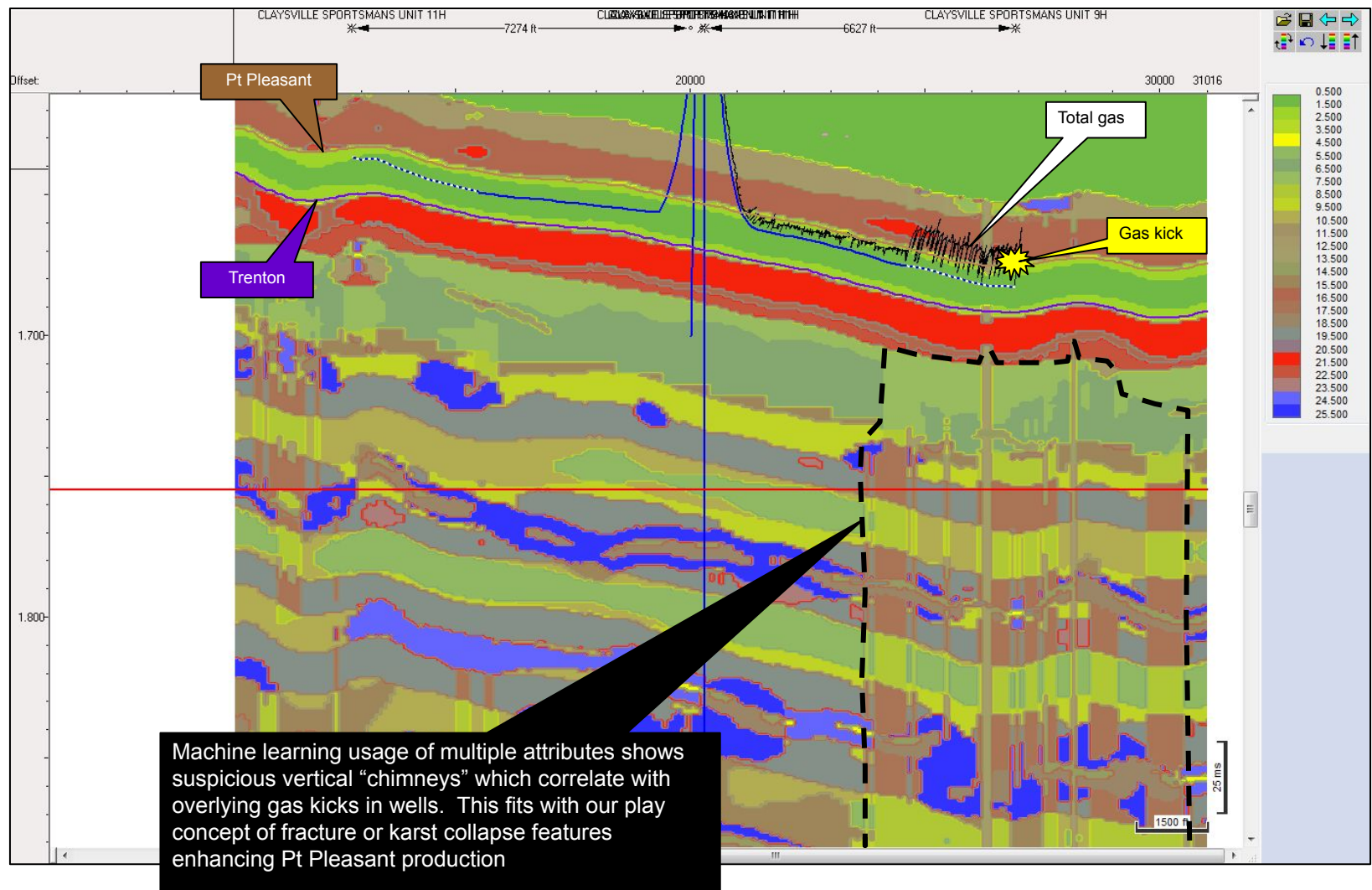
SOM results: neuron 8



Groundtruthing : well-control events directly above vertical SOM zone



Groundtruthing: gas kicks directly above vertical SOM zone



Conclusions

- The Utica/Pt Pleasant play is directly above the TBR, a play historically associated with hydrothermal alteration, deep karsting, & fracturing
- ML interpretation of multi-attributes combined w/drilling observations suggests underlying TBR alteration can significantly impact the production and drilling hazards of the overlying Pt Pleasant play
- This type of analysis permits more informed mapping of geohazards, and potential high-production areas, than “typical” seismic attributes (Acoustic impedance, curvature, etc.)
- The resulting insights show that what seemed like an unconventional play may actually be a “hybrid” play, ie a mixture of unconventional production and gas-filled fractures/karst production