Salt Tectonics in the Sivas Basin (Turkey): Outstanding Seismic Analogues*

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Search and Discovery Article #10884 (2016)**
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Abstract

The Sivas Basin in Anatolia is likely the world's finest open-air museum of salt tectonic structures. It is an elongated Oligo-Miocene sag basin that developed in an orogenic context above the complex Taurus-Pontides suture. From Late Eocene to Late Miocene salt deposition, salt tectonics, and salt reworking occur in a north-verging foreland fold-and-thrust belt setting north of the Taurus. The result is an intricate system of salt ridges, minibasins, salt sheets, and successive canopies. The orogenic continental setting is markedly different from the deep marine-passive margin environment of the petroleum rich salt basins such as Angola or the Gulf of Mexico, but close to the Pricaspian Basin setting.

Despite huge difference in content and evolution the Sivas Basin provides outstanding outcrops of the classic geometries associated to the development of diapirs, i.e. halokinetic sequences along diapir walls, and associated stratal deformations. The Sivas Basin also presents more exotic structures such as 4-ways closed minibasins, megaflaps (thinned sedimentary sequences pinching out on top of diapirs and overturned during glaciers later development), and evaporites allochtonous sheets. Such structures are only observed in thick and highly deformed salt basins, and are rarely seen at outcrop: only in the Axel Heiberg area (Northern Territories, Canada - hardly accessible) and the Flinders Ranges (Australia).

Striking geometric analogies between these outcrops and seismic images from the classic petroleum province controlled by salt tectonics will illustrate the extraordinary quality of the Sivas basin as field analogue for the Gulf of Mexico, the Brazilian, Angolan, and Congo Margins. Some comparisons with analog models under scanner will also be shown.

^{*}Adapted from oral presentation given at AAPG 2016 International Conference and Exhibition, Cancun, Mexico, September 6-9, 2016 See similar article Search and Discovery Article #30312 (2014)

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SALT TECTONICS IN THE SIVAS BASIN (TURKEY): OUTSTANDING SEISMIC ANALOGUES

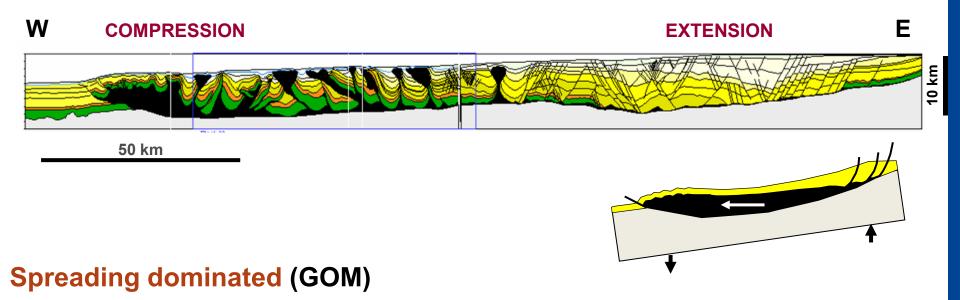


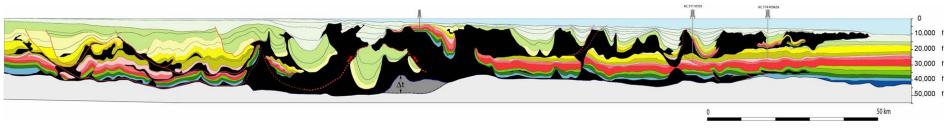
Jean-Claude RINGENBACH

Charlie Kergaravat, Charlotte Ribes, Alexandre Pichat, Etienne Legeay, Jean François Salel and Jean-Paul Callot

MARGIN'S GRAVITY TECTONICS SETTINGS

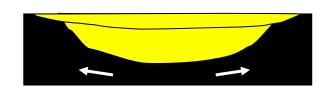
Gliding dominated (Angola)





Two major petroleum provinces

Deep marine settings





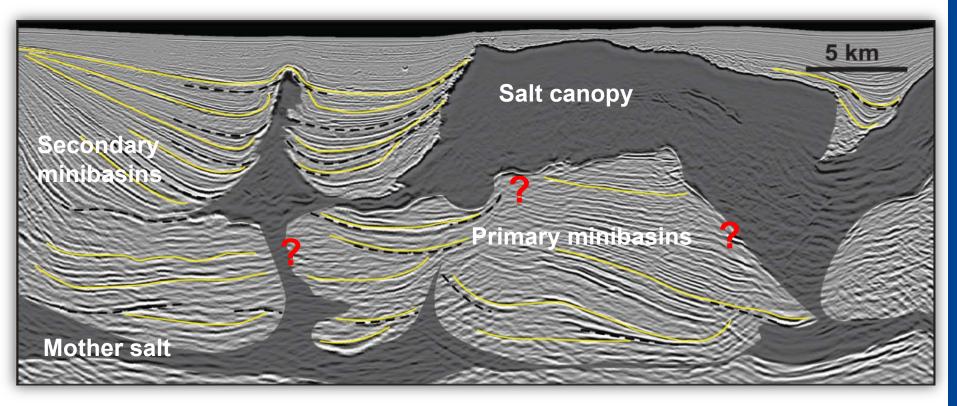






WIDE AZIMUTH SEISMIC IS VERY GOOD BUT...

NEED FIELD ANALOGS AND MODELS



- **Important uncertainties** ✓ Geometries against the salt walls
 - ✓ Facies near the salt walls
 - ✓ Sealing against/near the walls
 - ✓ Diagenesis
 - ✓ Fractures network...



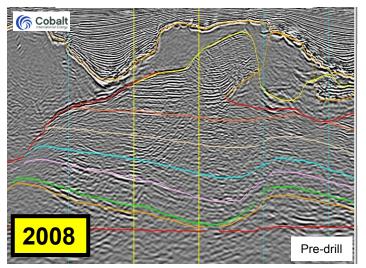




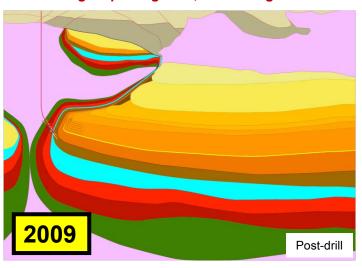


A GEOLOGICAL FAIRY TALE

Subsalt GOM on Conventionnal 3D



Megaflaps: Ligurian, Heidelberg...





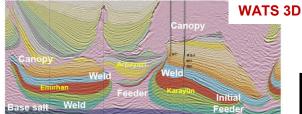
Analogue modeling



IFP for COBALT, Callot et al., 2016

2010





TOTAL-UPPA Structural Geology Chair

Prof. JP Callot &

4 PhD students since 2012:

C. Ribes, C. Kergaravat

E. Legeay, A. Pichat

2011



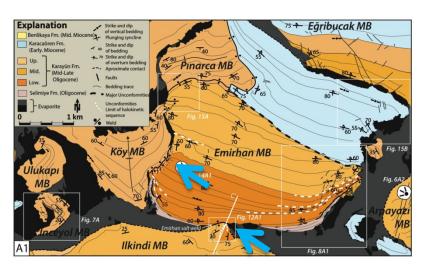


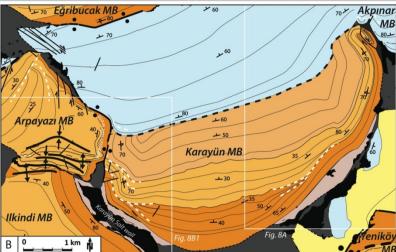




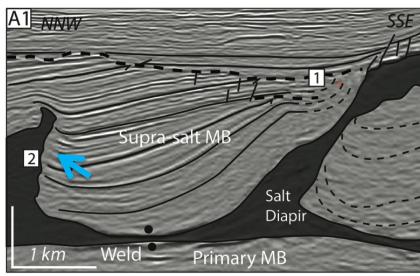


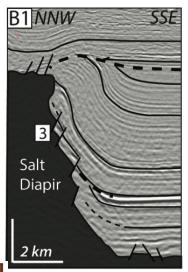
THE NOW FAMOUS EMIRHAN AND KARAYÜN MINIBASINS

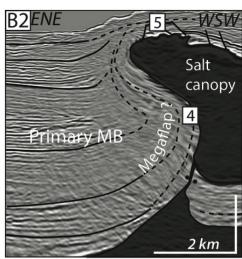




Kergaravat et al., submitted, 2016

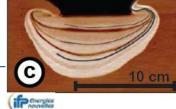






GOM



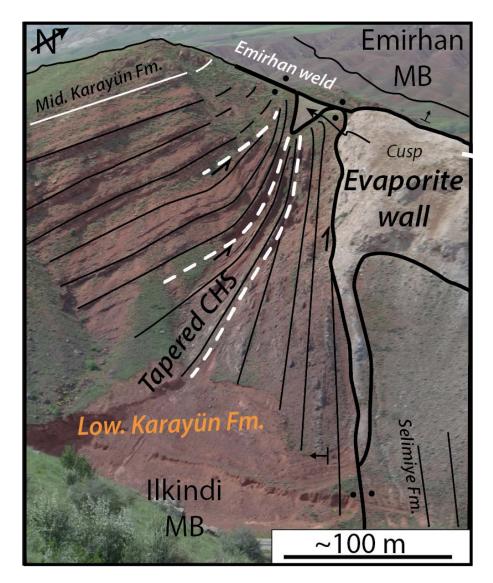


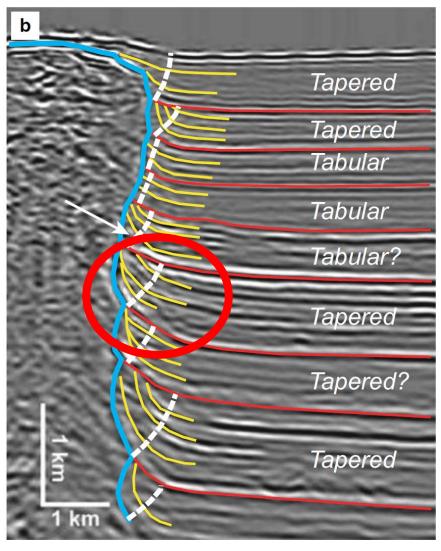






HALOKINETIC SEQUENCES: WEDGES





Giles and Rowan, 2012

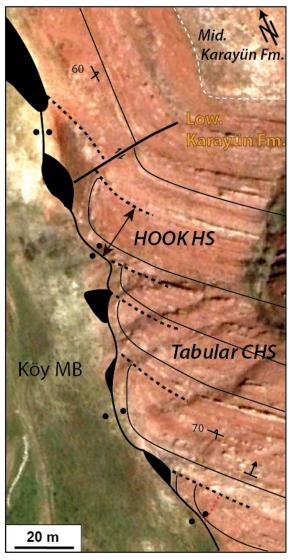




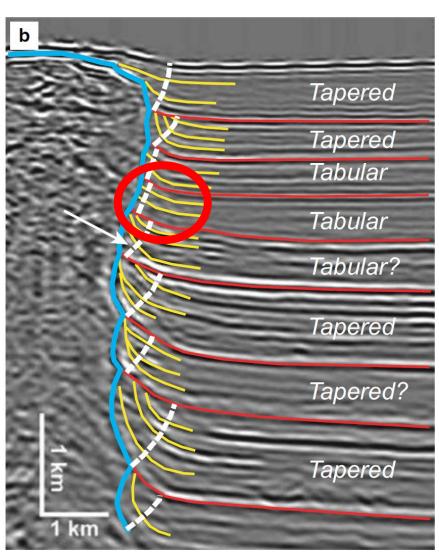




HALOKINETIC SEQUENCES: HOOKS



Kergaravat et al., submitted



Giles and Rowan, 2012

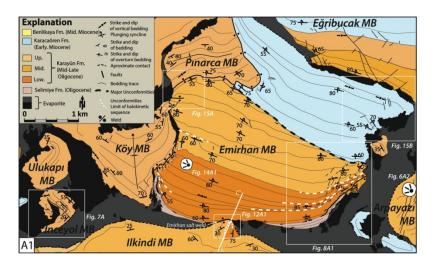


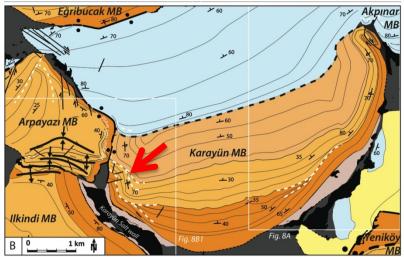




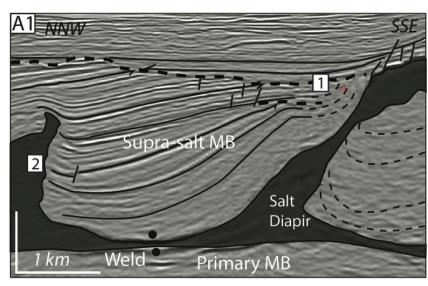


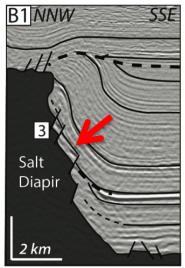
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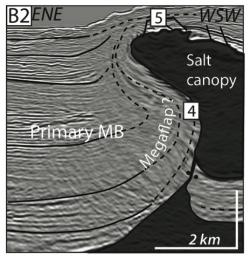




Kergaravat et al., submitted







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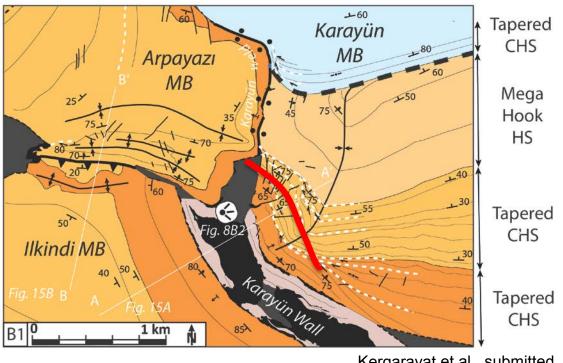








COMPOSITE HALOKINETIC SEQUENCES AND FAULTS



B1 NNW 3

From seismic

to reservoir scale

Small faults and fractures

? Isopaque

Tapered CHS

Kergaravat et al., submitted







Salt

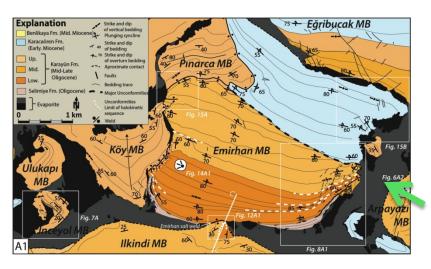
Diapir

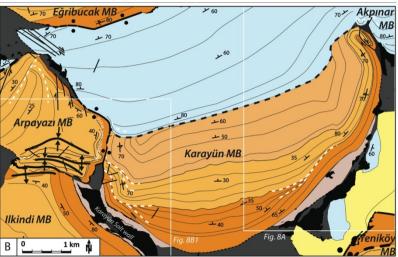
2 km

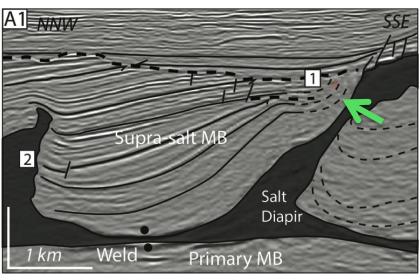


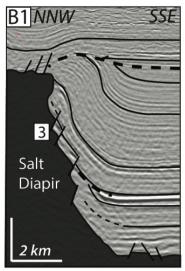


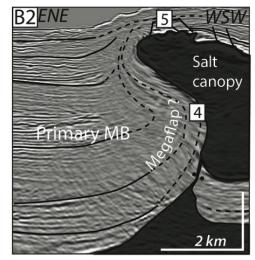
THE NOW FAMOUS EMIRHAN AND KARAYÜN MINIBASINS











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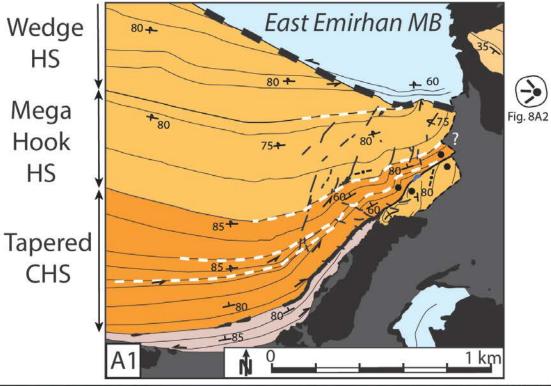








MEGAHOOK AND UNCONFORMITY





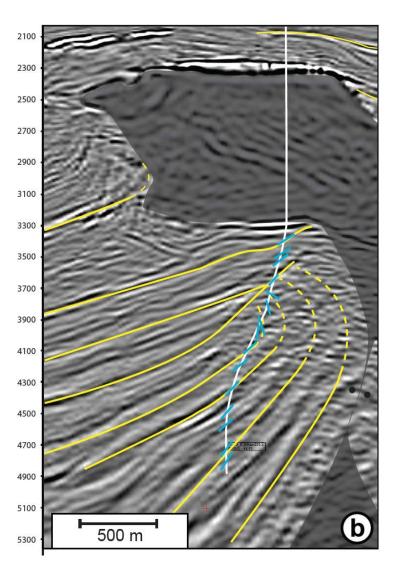


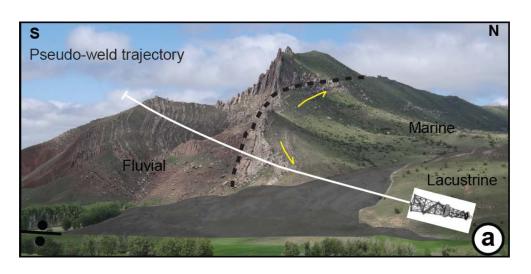






MEGAHOOK AND UNCONFORMITY





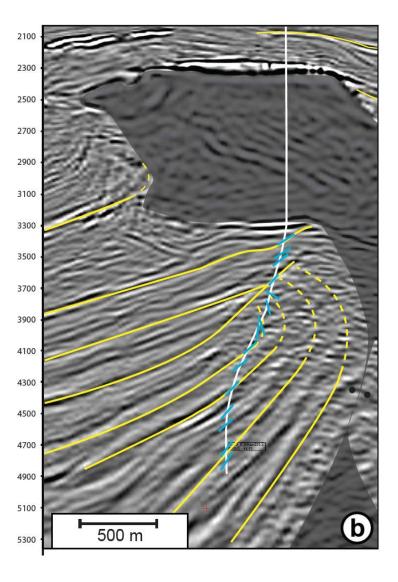


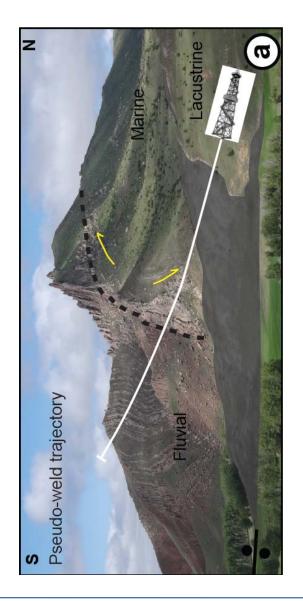






MEGAHOOK AND UNCONFORMITY





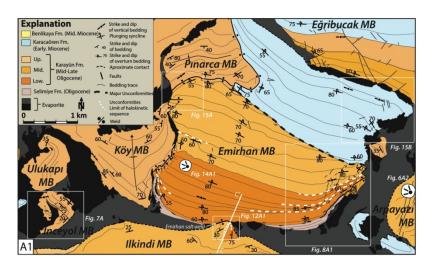


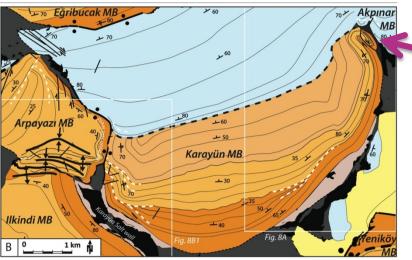


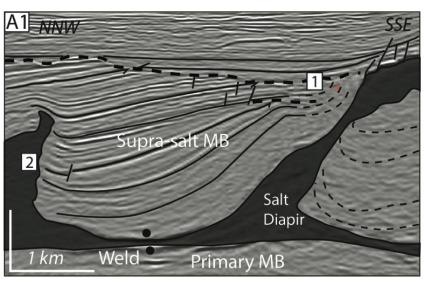


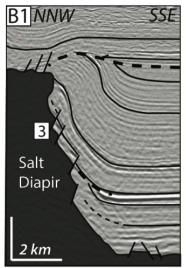


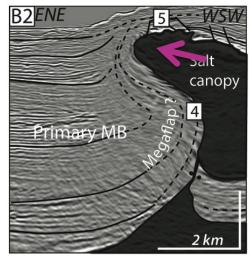
THE NOW FAMOUS EMIRHAN AND KARAYÜN MINIBASINS











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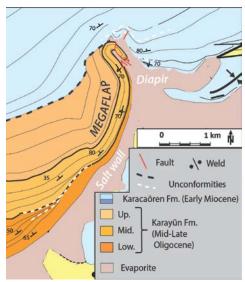




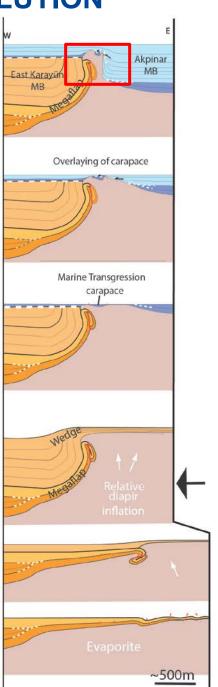
MEGAFLAP EVOLUTION

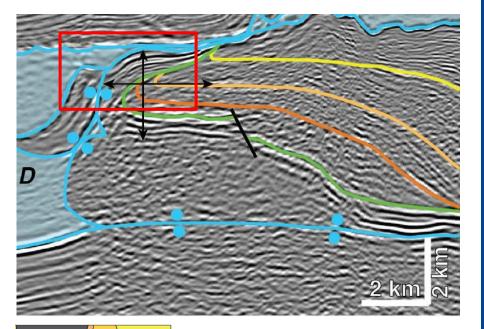
Complex tip geometries Visible only on the field and FMI

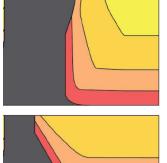
Without salt extrusion



Kergaravat et al., submitted







With salt extrusion Below canopy

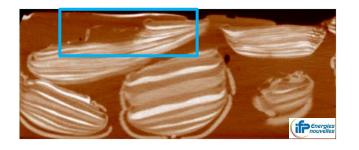


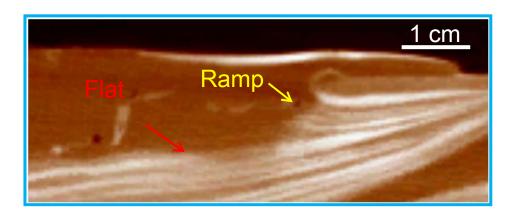
Limb rotation

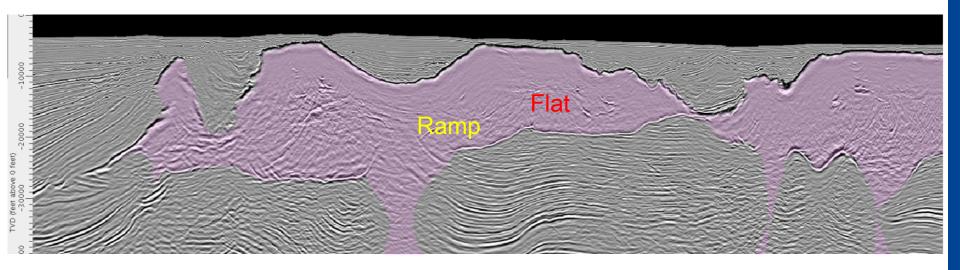




SALT SHEETS







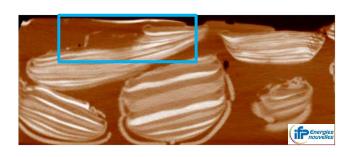


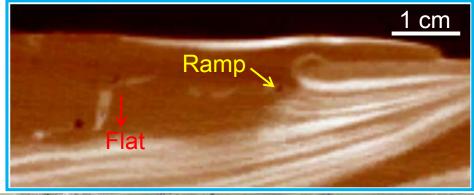


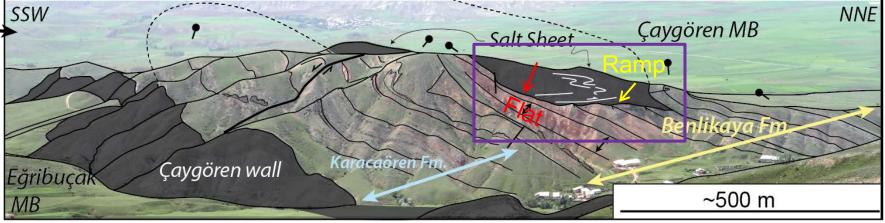


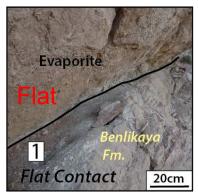


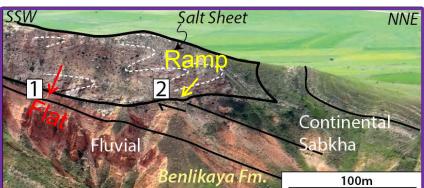
SALT SHEETS AT VARIOUS SCALES

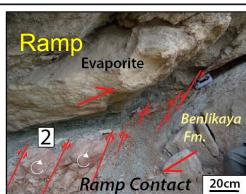












Kergaravat et al., submitted

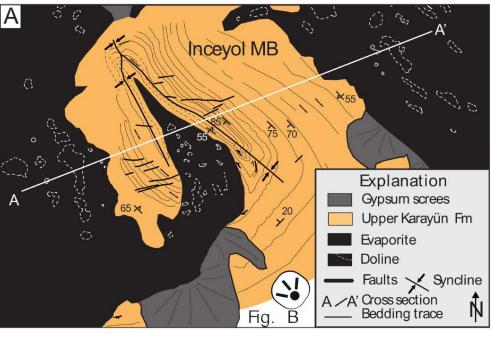


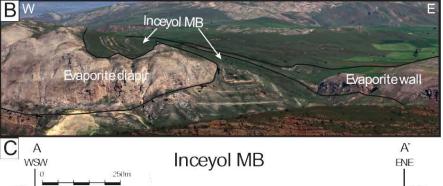


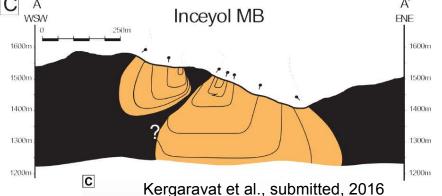


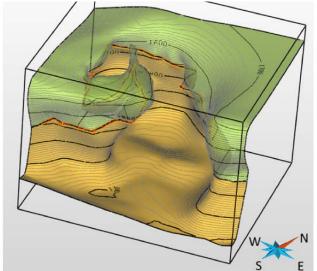


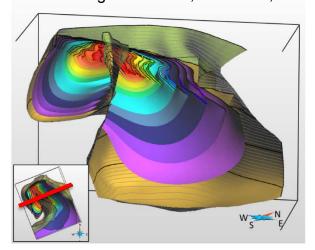
GOCAD 3D MODEL: INCEYOL MINIBASIN











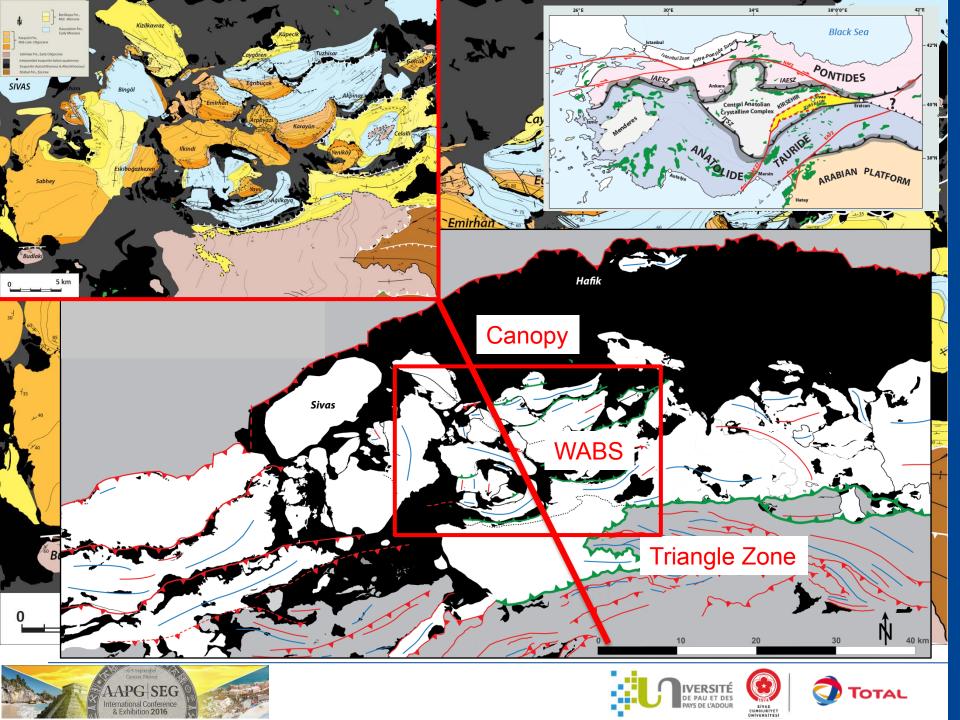
Collon et al., 2016

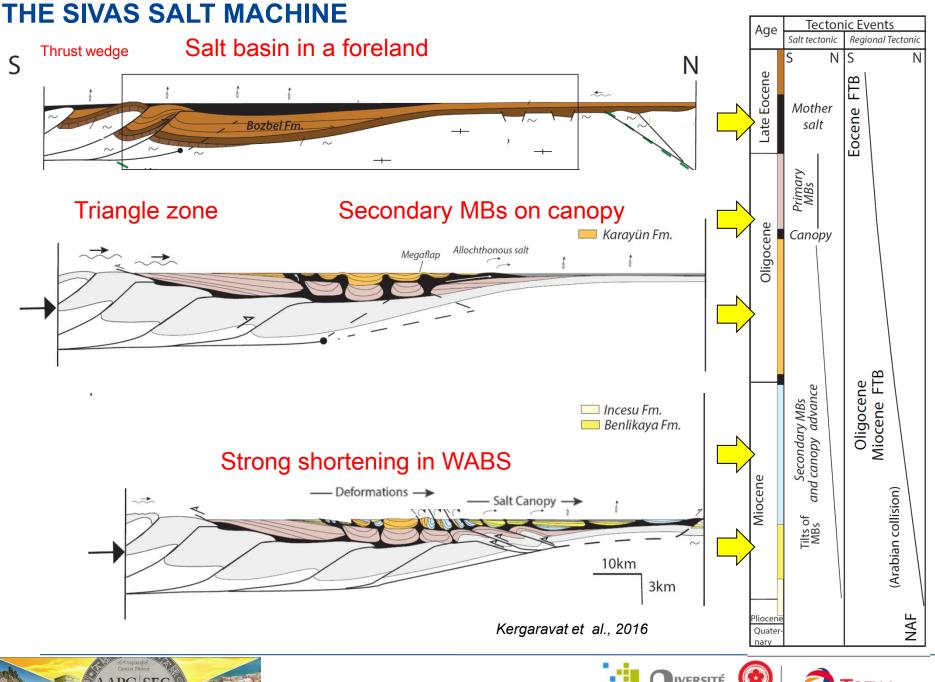




















SIVAS ANALOGUE - HOW FAR

- Similarities with DO provinces:
 - Geometries and evolutions
- Differences with DO provinces:
 - Orogenic context vs passive margin context
 - Fluvial to very shallow marine sediments vs shelf to bathyal
 - Makes it difficult to compare facies distributions and diagenesis
- Large stock of evaporite is a strong driver whatever the tectonic system.
- Canopies act as a decoupling layer vs basement déformation
- Influence of tectonics context increases with salt withdrawal. Toward a typical Foreland FTB











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