AV Modeling and Interpreting the Impact of Severe Storms and Their Relation to Climate

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References

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Emanuel, K., 2007, Environmental Factors Affecting Tropical Cyclone Power Dissipation: Journal of Climate, v. 20, p. 5497-5509. DOI: 10.1175/2007JCLI1571.1

Knutson, T.R., J.L. McBride, J. Chan, K. Emanuel, G. Holland, C. Landsea, I. Held, J.P. Kossin, A.K. Srivastava, and S. Masato, 2010, Tropical cyclones and climate change: Nature Geoscience, v. 3, p. 157-163. doi:10.1038/ngeo779.

Vecchi, G.A. and B.J. Soden, 2007, Increased tropical Atlantic wind shear in model projections of global warming: Geophys. Res. Lett., v. 34, LO8702, 5 p. doi:10.1029/2006GL028905.

Website

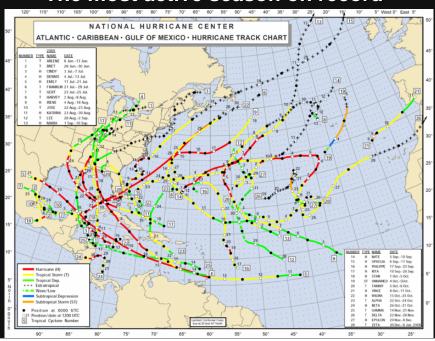
NASA/GISS--global temperature--: land-ocean index http://data.giss.nasa.gov/gistemp/graphs

^{*}Adapted from oral presentation at Forum, Climate Change, Sea Level Change and Storm Event Impact on Sedimentary Environments and Petroleum Industry Infrastructure, U.S. Gulf of Mexico



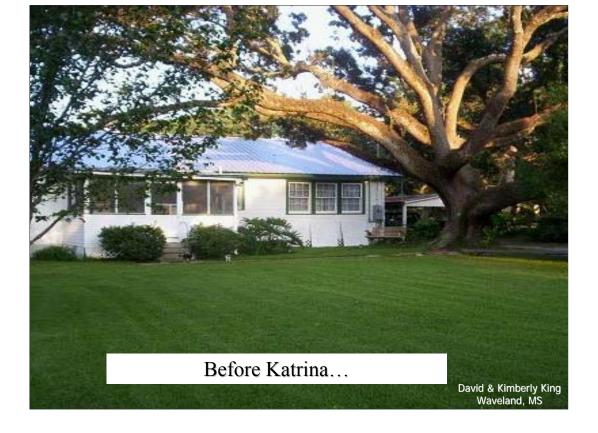


2005 Hurricane Season "The most active season on record"



Presenter's Note:

Over \$100 billion in damage, over 3000 deaths, 3 of top 6 storms.





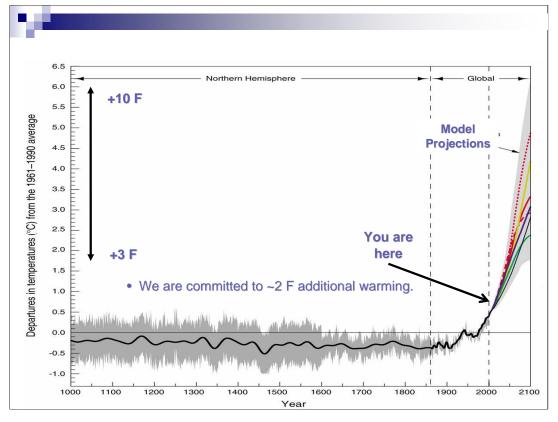


What do we know?

1) We know the climate has warmed.

2) We know that human activities are primarily responsible for the warming over the past ~50 years.

3) We know that future warming is unavoidable.



Presenter's Note:

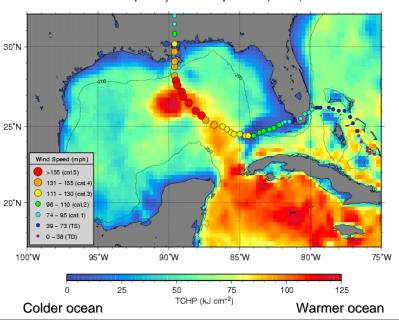
But how will it change life in FL?

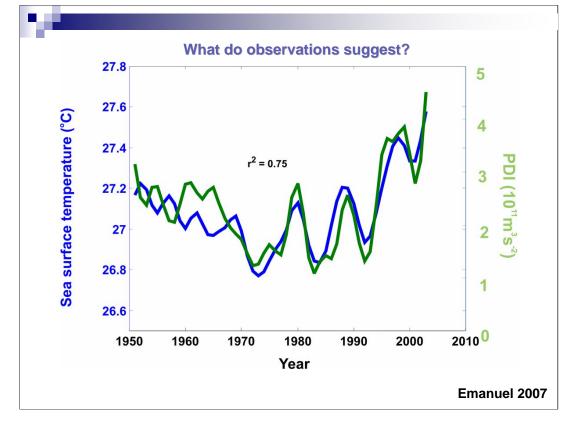


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Intensification of Hurricane Katrina

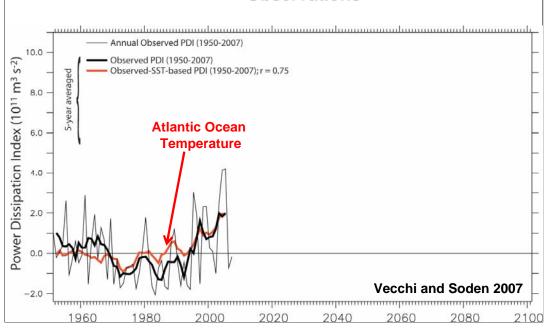
Gulf of Mexico - Tropical cyclone heat potential (TCHP) 08/28/2005

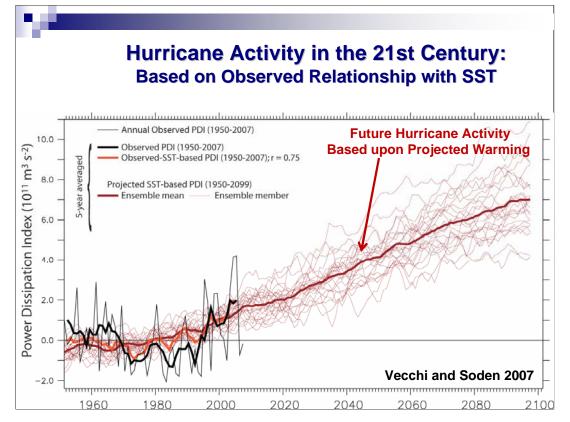






Hurricane Activity in the 20th Century: Observations



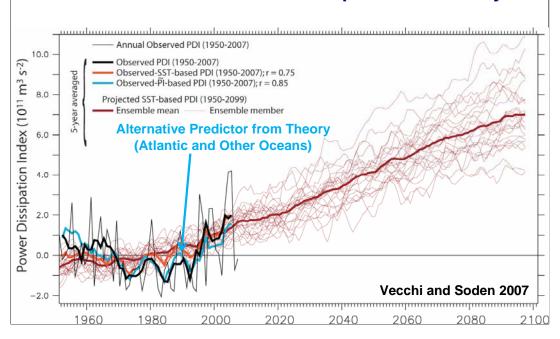


Presenter's Note:

By 2100: lower end = 2005; upper end >/= 2x 2005.

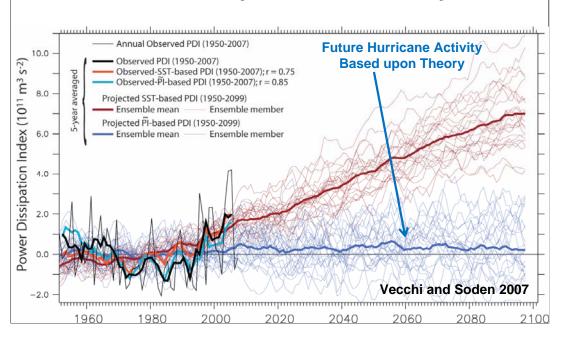


Hurricane Activity in the 20th Century: An Alternative Relationship Based on Theory



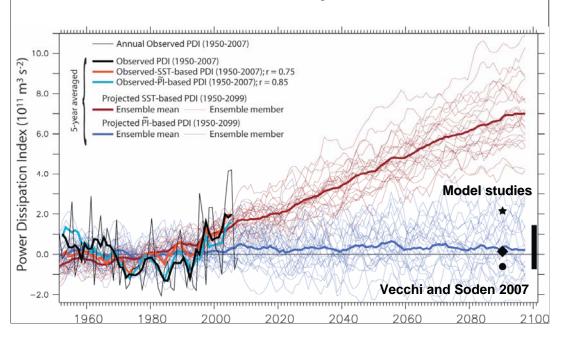


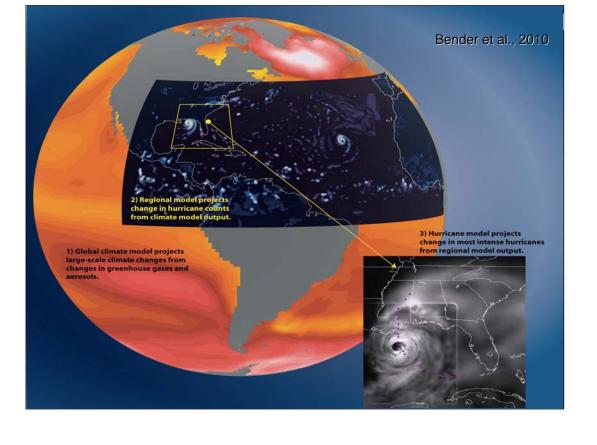
Hurricane Activity in the 21st Century: The Projection Based on Theory

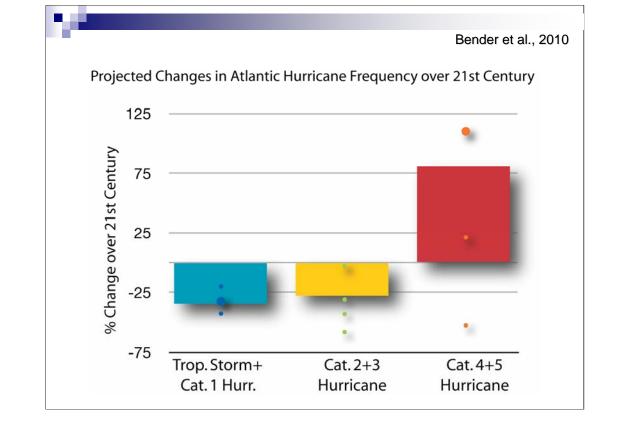




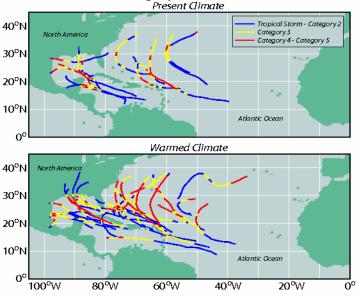
Hurricane Activity in the 21st Century: Model Projections







Modeled Category 4 & 5 Hurricane Tracks Present Gimate



The projected increase in Major Hurricanes occurs "close" to SE US.



Tropical Cyclones and Climate Change

Nature Geoscience, February 2010

(1) Intensity:

"Future projections based on theory and high-resolution dynamical models consistently indicate that greenhouse warming will cause the globally averaged intensity of tropical cyclones to shift towards stronger storms, with intensity increases of 2–11% by 2100.

(2) Frequency:

Existing modelling studies also consistently project decreases in the globally averaged frequency of tropical cyclones, by 6–34%.

(3) Rainfall

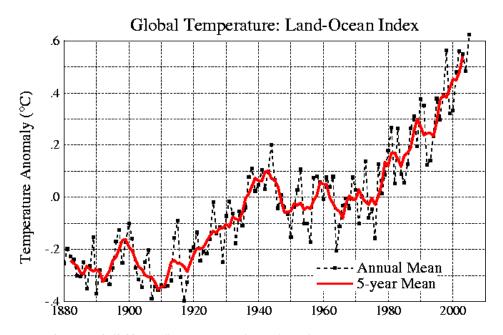
Balanced against this, higher resolution modelling studies typically project substantial increases in the frequency of the most intense cyclones, and increases of the order of 20% in the precipitation rate within 100 km of the storm centre."

Knutson et al., 2010

Thank you

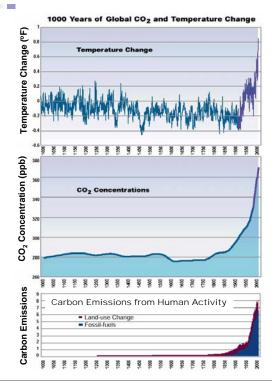


What do we know? The planet has warmed



Source: NASA/GISS http://data.giss.nasa.gov/gistemp/graphs/

What do we know? Most of the warming is due to humans



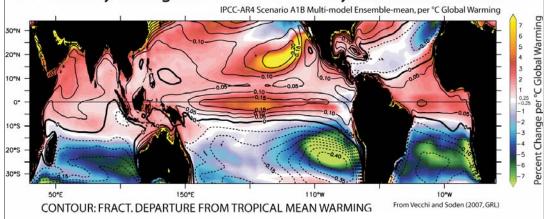
The rate of warming over the past century is unusual.

The rapid warming coincides with increasing carbon dioxide.

The increasing carbon dioxide is due to human activities, primarily burning fossil fuels.

What does the theory predict?

21st Century Change in Jun.-Nov. Velocity Maximum Pot. Int.





Idealized hurricane simulations

