### Not Your Father's Oilfield: How Technology is Changing Things\*

#### Rod Nelson<sup>1</sup>

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#### **Key Concepts**

Technology development today is global and connected.

Four key drivers for technology needs

• Known reserves - Yet to be explored - Deep and harsh environments - Unconventional hydrocarbons

The value of technology integration

• Pre-drill – Prognosis - Data acquisition while drilling - Drilling operations support center - Integrated drilling - Update

Integration of resources and data (e.g., maximizing reservoir contact – multi-stage frac with microseismic monitoring)

• Major enabler for unconventional gas - Greater understanding of frac treatments - Fracture length - Fracture orientation - Zonal differences - Asymmetry - Real-time interpretation and control

Smart materials that respond to their environments Nano-composites Wireless power Complex multiphase flows...at all scales

Biomimetics: Architectures from nature

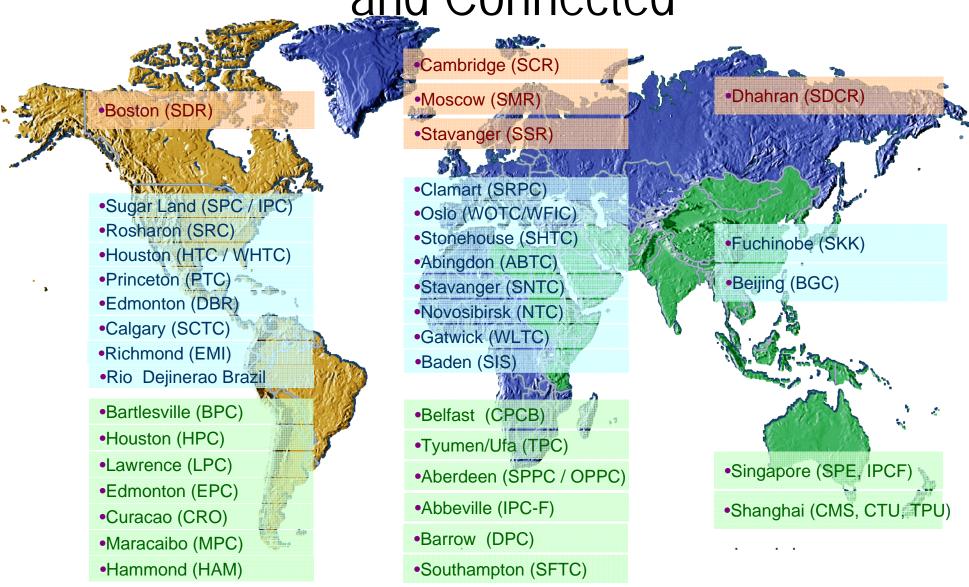
- Conventional tool and sensor architectures face hard limits in size, cost
- Nature achieves sensing and response through very "simple" designs



## Not Your Father's Oilfield How Technology is Changing Things

Rod Nelson, Schlumberger
AAPG Mid-Continent Section Meeting
October 13, 2009

Technology Development Today is Global and Connected



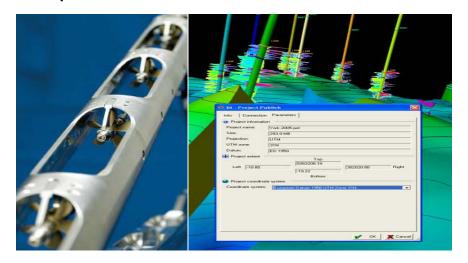
Schlumberger's R&D Organization

# Four Key Drivers for Technology Needs

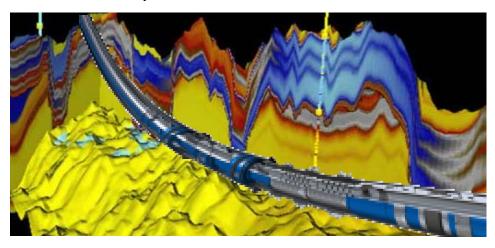
## **Known Reserves**



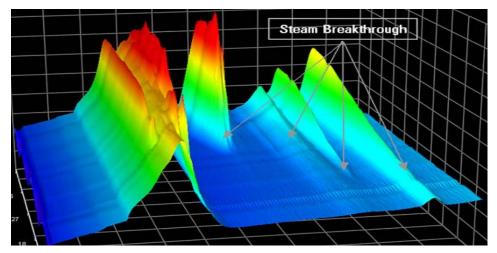
Deep and Harsh Environments



Yet to be Explored



**Unconventional Hydrocarbons** 

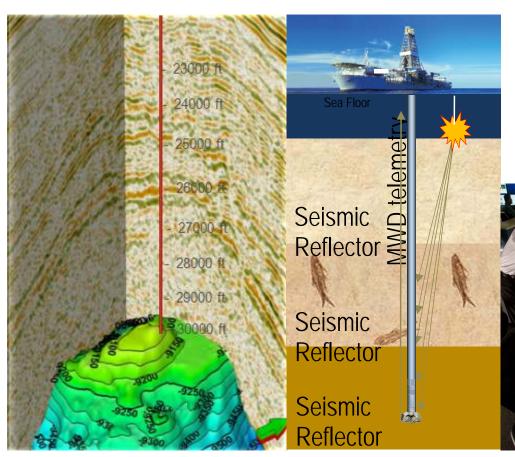


## The Value of Technology Integration

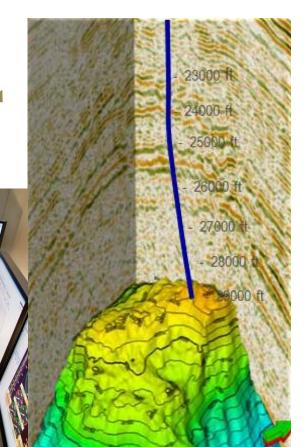
Pre-Drill Prognosis

Data Acquisition While Drilling

Integrated Drilling Update



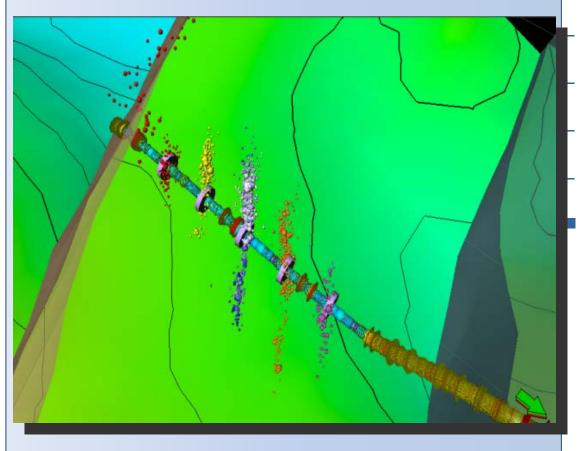
Drilling Operations Support Center



## Integration of Resources & Data

## Maximizing Reservoir Contact –

Multi-Stage Frac with Microseismic Monitoring



- Major enabler for Unconventional Gas
- Greater understanding of Frac Treatments

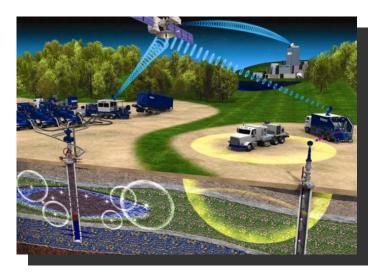
Fracture length

Fracture orientation

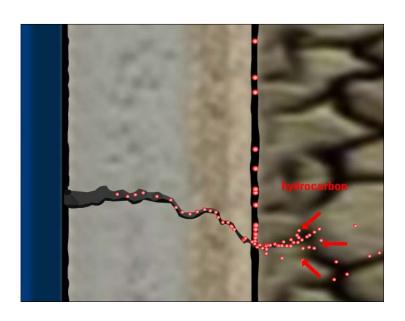
Zonal differences

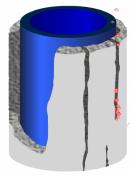
Asymmetry

Real-time interpretation and control



# Smart Materials that Respond to their Environments

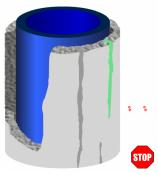




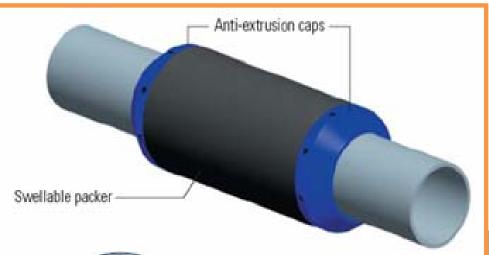
To go from a leaking well to....



...the
automatic
sealing of the
well from leaks



# Nano-Composites



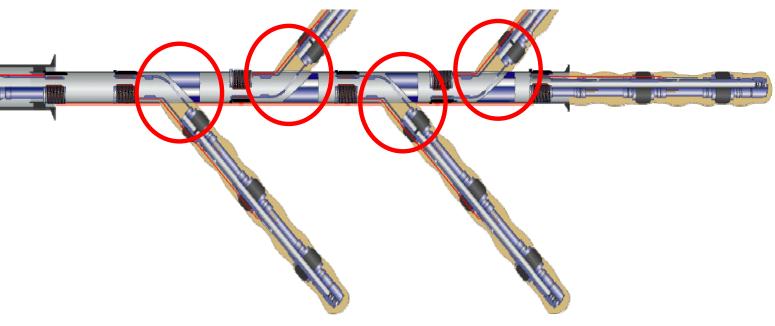


standard elastomer with embedded CNT

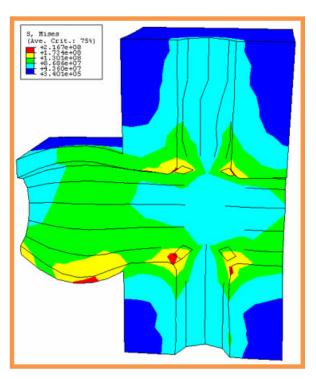
## Wireless Power

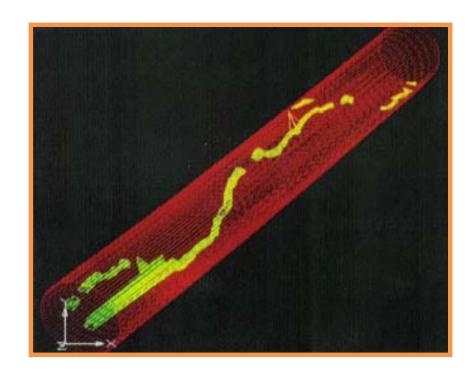


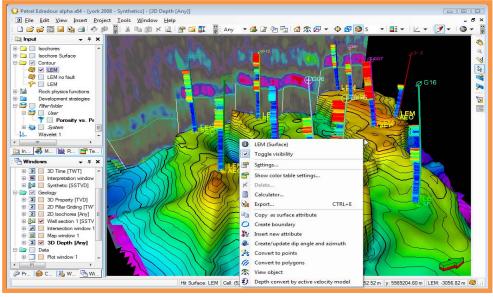


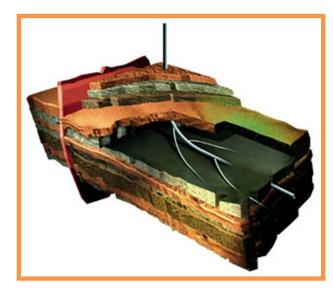


# Complex Multiphase Flows...at all scales







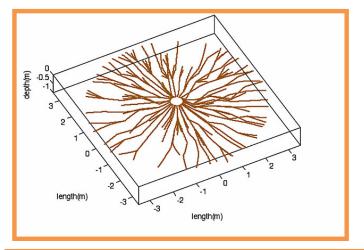


## Biomimetics: Architectures from Nature

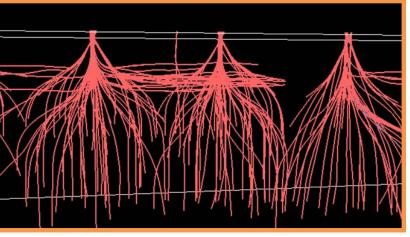
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ex fleckeri, a type of box jelly, catches a meal. how this jelly's body is so transparent that it st invisible — the perfect camouflage when in the open water. (Photo courtesy of Paul land, Other World Images)



Radar Image of Tree roots...



...wells drilled offshore California

# We Need the Best and the Brightest



#### **Note Accompanying Slide 10**

Biomimetics = "Mimicking Biology". Why would we want to do this?

We are already going the "miniaturization" route for the conventional "torpedo" geometry of wirieline and D&M tools.

But in other Segments, where we may have to deploy in difficult geometries (e.g. WS in fractures), or massive deployment (WG for land sesimic), a completely different paradigm may be better.

Nature is pretty smart about doing things with very little complexity; e.g., top right is the Venus Fly Trap, which has one of the fastest response times known (either man made or natural) with very little "general intelligence." Similarly, jellyfish stingers achieve the fastest response times known, with almost no neurones or brain.

One can imagine jellyfish-like sensors for fracturing which "feel or sense the frac."

How about steering a streamer with very elementary reflex-like responses, rather than lots of control and AI? Might be a lot more fault-tolerant. Having distributed, basic intelligence might be a lot better than very complicated centralized control.

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