## Architecture of Sequence Boundary in Mixed Siliciclastic-Carbonate Lithofacies, Lower-Middle Ordovician, Myogyi Area, Ywangan Township, Southern Shan State, Myanmar

## Khin Khin Lin<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Shwebo University, Geology Department, 02261 Shwebo, Myanmar

## **ABSTRACT**

This study is mainly of the Precambrian Chaungmagyi Group, which is unconformably overlying the Ordovician (Lower Ordovician Lokepyin Formation and Middle Ordovician Wunbye Formation) of mixed siliciclastic-carbonate lithofacies. The Lokepyin Formation consists of mixed siliciclastic-carbonate rocks, mainly intercalations of siltstone, silty limestone, and minor lime wackestone-packstone of a thickening-upward sequence. The Wunbye Formation consists of a succession of thick-bedded to massive bioclastic limestone, thin- to medium-bedded limestone, finely-crystalline, stromatoclastic, stromatolitic and burrowed limestone, sometimes oolitic, minor siltstone and dolomite. The purpose of this article is to describe the Ordovician mixed siliciclastic-carbonate lithofacies and to interpret the depositional history and their sequence stratigraphy in relationship to sea level variations developed in this area.