The Mancos Shale in the Albuquerque Basin: A Play Limited by Structure and Associated Thermal Maturity*

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Abstract

The Mancos Shale (Upper Cretaceous) has exploratory interest in the nonproductive Albuquerque Basin, a Late Tertiary rift basin formed by dominantly by faults. The Mancos C zone is the primary oil producing unit in the San Juan Basin and is of major interest in the Albuquerque Basin. Evaluation of Mancos C thermal maturity is essential to resource evaluation. The Albuquerque Basin is sparsely drilled with cuttings available only on a few deep wells. To evaluate Mancos C thermal maturity, a published gravity model of Tertiary fill thickness was used to project depth to the Mancos C in undrilled areas. A depth-dependent maturation model based on vitrinite reflectance was developed. Together these two models allowed estimation of thermal maturity throughout the basin. Depth to Mancos C varies widely. The Zianna Uplift in the north bifurcates the basin. A deep arm west of the uplift has higher oil potential with the Mancos C at or near peak oil generation over a 60 mi² area. To the east of the uplift lies a divide that separates the Albuquerque Basin from the Santo Domingo Basin to the north. The Mancos C on the divide is at peak oil generation and has higher oil potential of a 30 mi² area. The Mancos C has insufficient thermal maturity on the Zianna Uplift and on uplifted blocks east and west of the Albuquerque Basin. To the south of the Zianna Uplift, the basin is deeper, and the Mancos C is within the thermogenic gas window.

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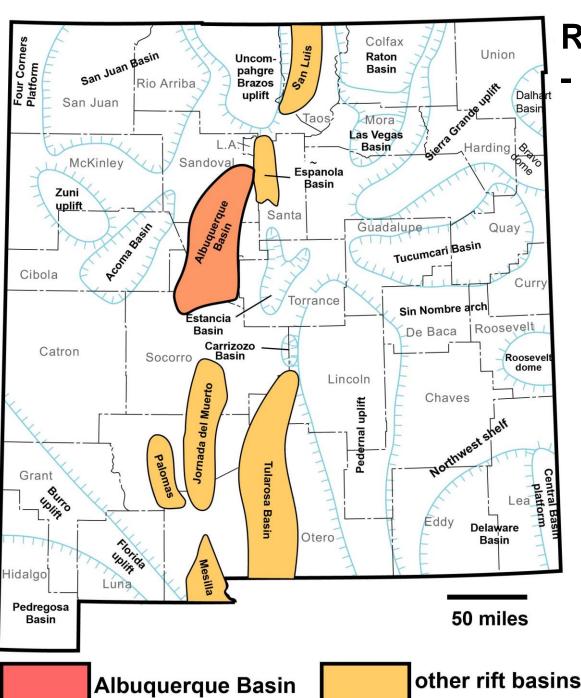
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Outline of talk

- Purpose of research
- Geologic framework structure & stratigraphy
- Thermal maturation profiles of key wells
- Thermal maturation model developed from Ro data
- Model used to project maturation into undrilled areas
- Thermal maturity of southern part of basin where model is invalid
- Summary



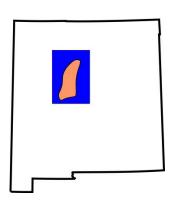
Rio Grande rift basins - Late Tertiary

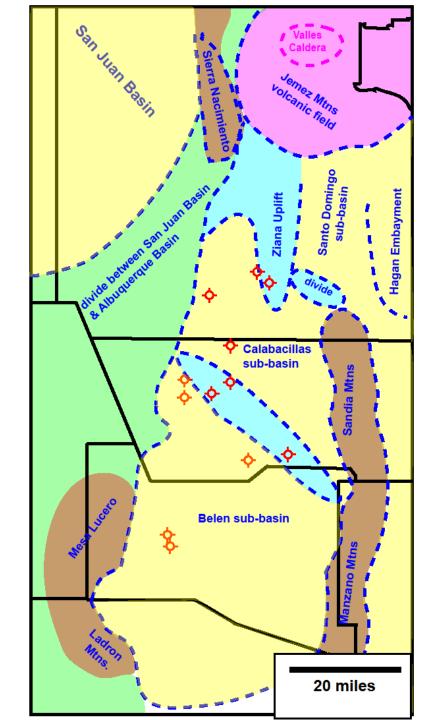
other rift basins

Purpose of Project

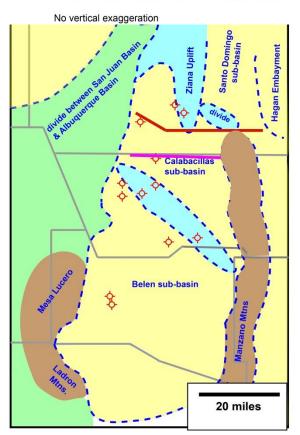
A proposed exploratory well intended to test the Mancos Shale near the city of Rio Rancho in southcentral Sandoval County raised concerns among citizens groups about the effects of possible drilling and oil production of scarce groundwater supplies in the region. The Sandoval County Planning and Zoning Dept. and the County Commission requisitioned this study of Sandoval County to determine the potential for oil resources, and therefore possible production as well as potential environmental impacts of production on groundwater aquifers. This presentation focuses on the resource potential.

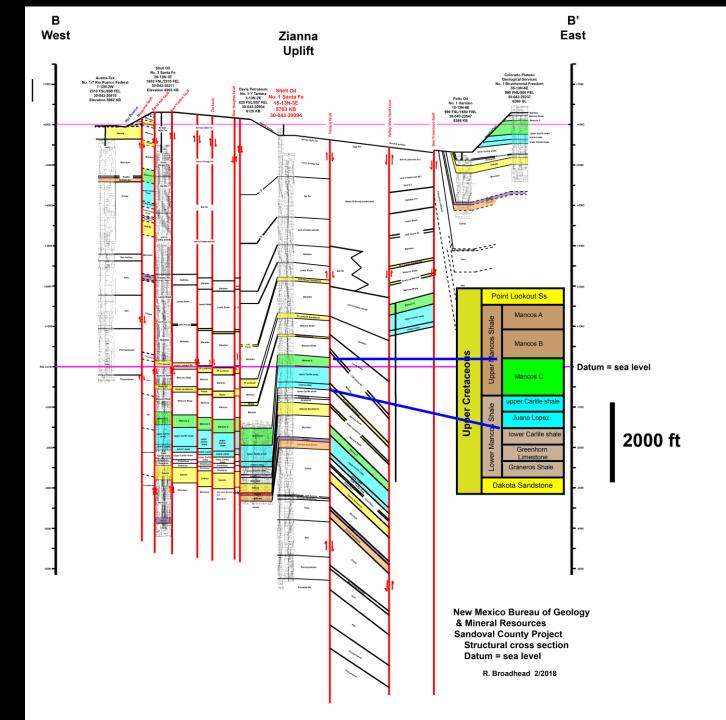
Tectonic subdivisions of Albuquerque Basin



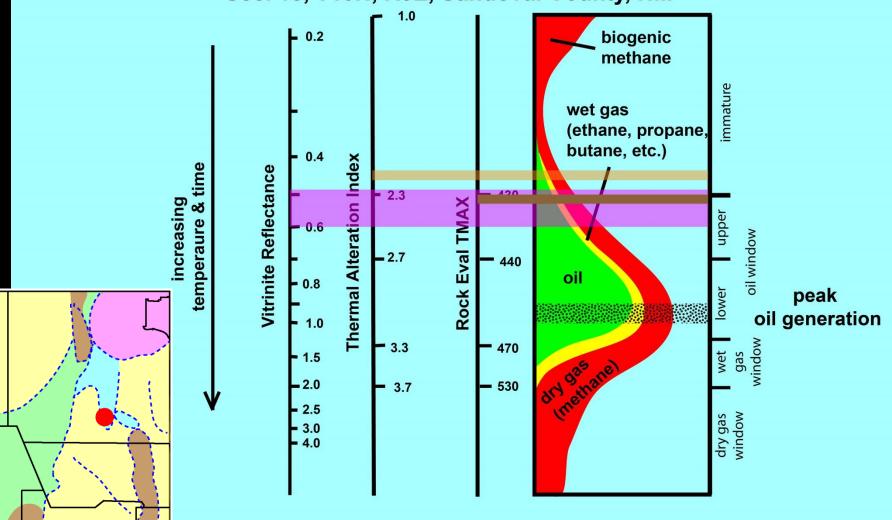


Shell #1 Santa Fe Mancos C at 5420 ft (+333 ft MSL)

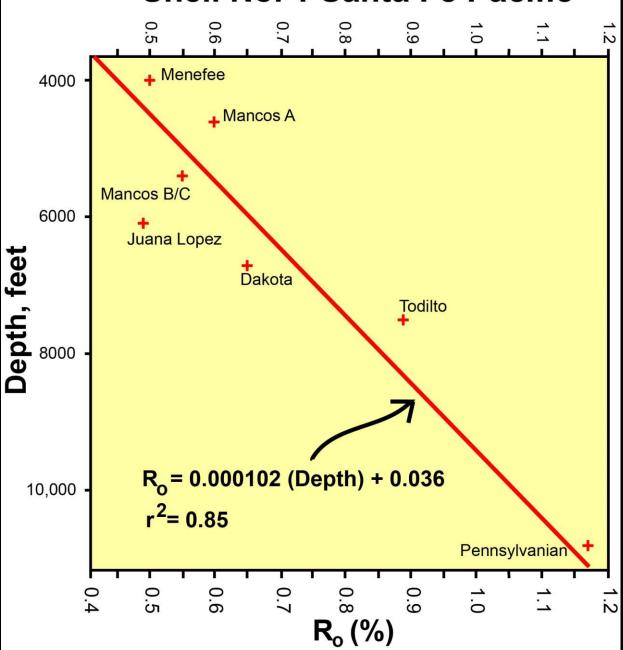




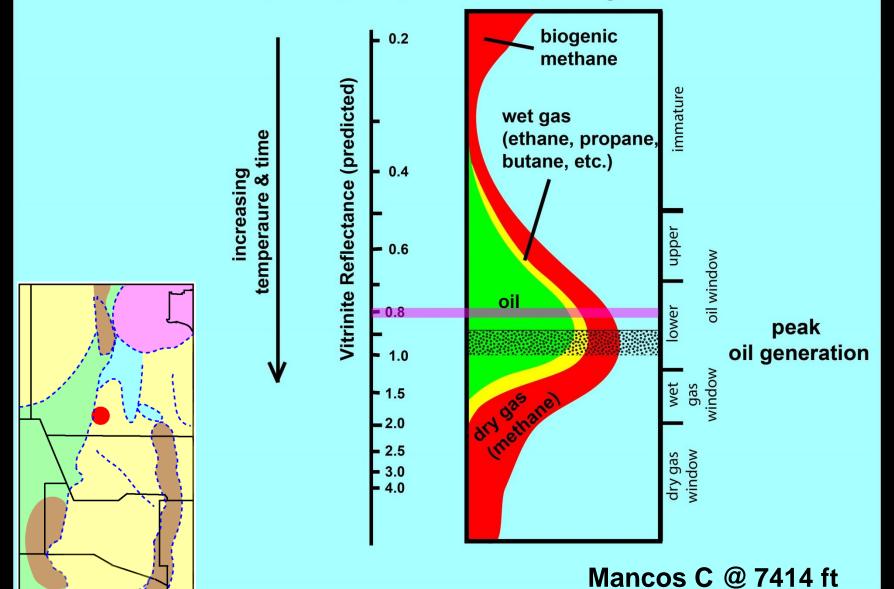
Thermal maturation Mancos C Shell No. 1 Santa Fe well Sec. 18, T13N, R3E, Sandoval County, NM



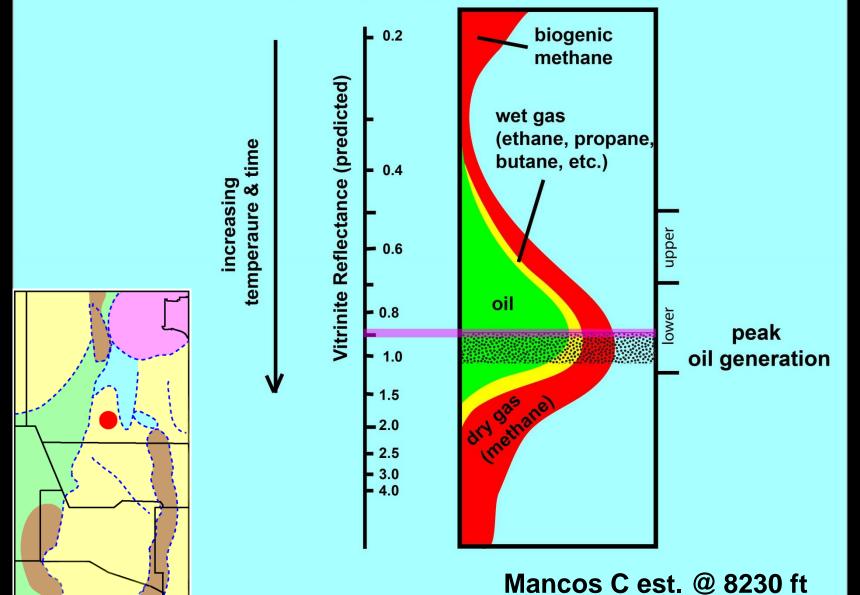
R_ovs depth Shell No. 1 Santa Fe Pacific



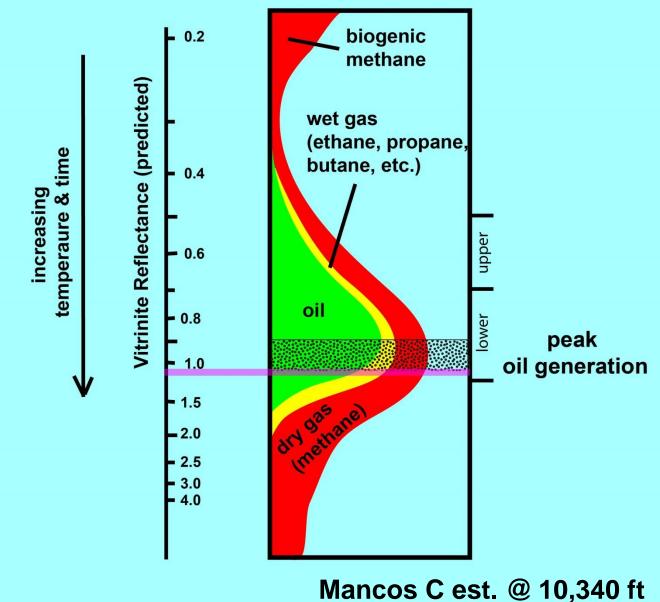
Predicted Thermal maturation Mancos C Shell No. 3 Santa Fe well Sec. 28, T13N, R1E, Sandoval County, NM

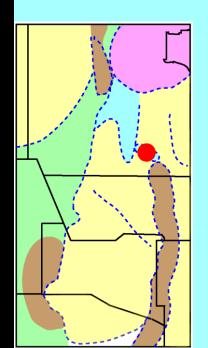


Predicted Thermal maturation Mancos C Northwest arm Albuquerque Basin about Sec. 18, T13N, R2E, Sandoval County, NM

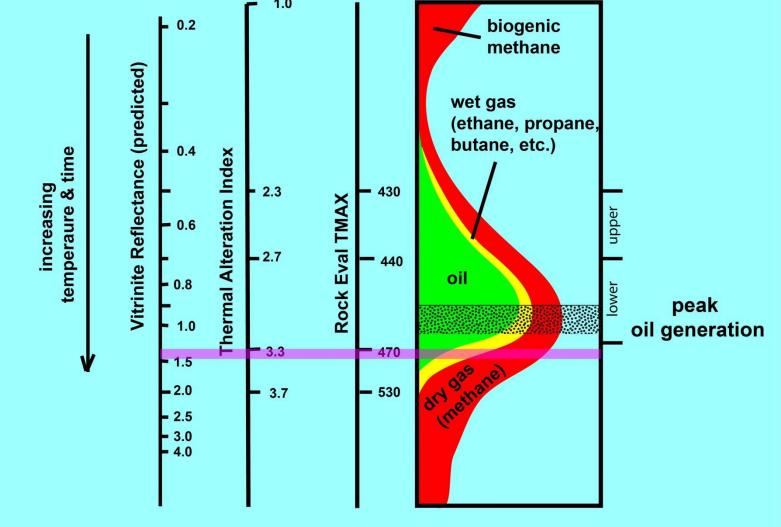


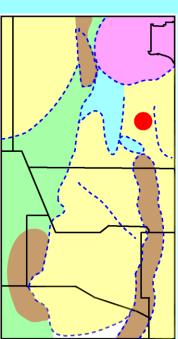
Predicted Thermal maturation Mancos C Albuquerque-Santo Domingo divide about Sec. 13, T13N, R3E, Sandoval County, NM



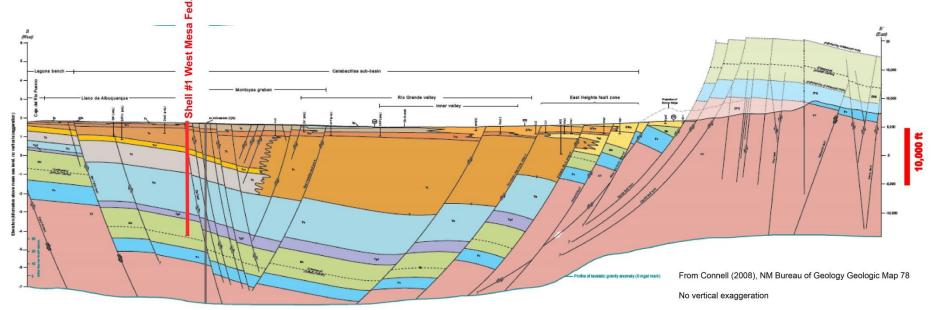


Predicted Thermal maturation Mancos C southern Santo Domingo Basin about Sec. 32, T15N, R4E, Sandoval County, NM

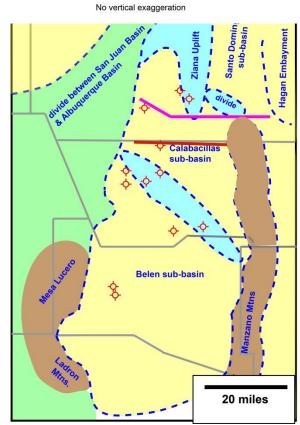




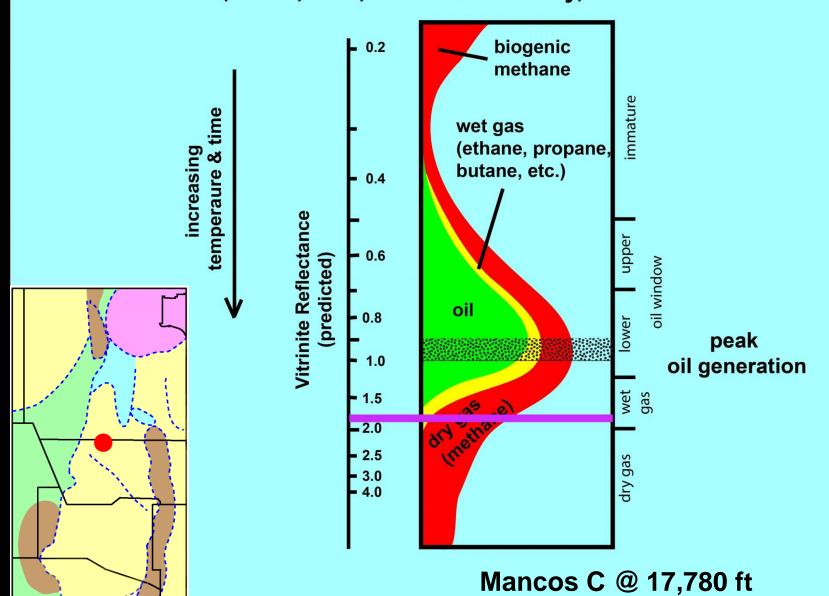
Mancos C est. @ 13,600 ft



Shell # 1 West Mesa Federal Mancos C at 17,780 ft (- 11,983 ft MSL)



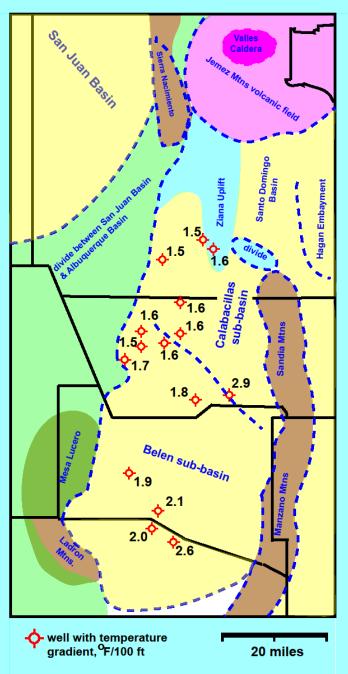
Thermal maturation Mancos C Shell No. 1 West Mesa Federal well Sec. 24, T11N, R1E, Bernalillo County, NM



Mancos C Thermal Maturity in Southern ABQ Basin?

- Modern temperature gradient increases to south
- Depth dependent maturation model not applicable in south, but likely that most of southern basin is in the gas window

Geothermal Gradients



SUMMARY

- Albuquerque Basin is a N-S trending Late Tertiary basin of the Rio Grande rift
- Fault blocks have subdivided Albuquerque Basin into several sub-basins
- Infilled by Late Tertiary sediments, > 21,000 ft in places, much thinner on shallow fault blocks
- A maturation model based on a vertical profile of Ro measurements in one well was used to predict thermal maturity in wells without Ro or in undrilled areas
- Mancos C, the predominant Mancos reservoir in the San Juan Basin, is thermally immature on the shallower fault blocks and is within the thermogenic gas window in the deeper parts of the basin

SUMMARY (cont'd)

- The Mancos C is within the oil window and at or near peak oil in the northwest arm of the Calabacillas subbasin (60 mi²) and on the divide that separates the Calabacillas sub-basin and the Santo Domingo subbasin (30 mi²)
- Ro measurements are lacking in southern part of basin, but higher present-day geothermal gradients suggest the Mancos C may be widely in the thermogenic gas zone

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