

Oil Production From Low-Maturity Organic-Rich Shale: An Example from the Devonian New Albany Shale in the Illinois Basin, Breckinridge County, Kentucky *

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Search and Discovery Article #51196 (2015)**

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Abstract

The Devonian New Albany Shale is recognized as the primary source rock for Illinois Basin oil and gas production. As a shale reservoir, the New Albany is historically a gas producer. In 2011, Endeavor Energy Resources LP drilled and completed four natural gas producers in the Grassy Creek Member at the top of the shale in Breckinridge County, Kentucky. In 2012, Endeavor filed new completion reports indicating these wells had transitioned to combined oil and natural gas producers. In 2013, Hard Rock Drilling completed two oil producers to the northwest of the Endeavor wells. In approximately 18 months, these six wells have produced 23,649 barrels of oil and 246 MMcf of gas.

Oil, gas, and well cutting samples were acquired from two Endeavor wells and the Kentucky Geological Survey No. 1 Blan well. Rock-Eval, isotopic, and chromatographic analysis indicates the New Albany is a good, early mature source rock with Type I and Type II oil-prone marine kerogen that was thermogenically altered to natural gas and oil. Low reservoir pressures and geochemical fingerprinting suggest that the hydrocarbons were generated in place or very locally with minimal migration. The low Tmax and high hydrogen index (from Rock-Eval), presence of wet gas, and a large fraction of light gasolines in the produced oils are not consistent with classic measures of thermal maturity, however. Additional study is needed to develop a better understanding of this production and realistically assess the oil and gas potential of the New Albany Shale.

Selected References

Chou, M.M., D.R. Dickerson, S.J. Chou, and M.L. Sargent, 1991, Hydrocarbon source potential and organic geochemical natural of source rocks and crude oils in the Illinois Basin: Illinois State Geological Survey Publication IP136.

Cole, J.J., N.F. Caraco, G.W. Kling, and T.K. Kratz, 1994, Carbon dioxide supersaturation in the surface waters of lakes: *Science*, v. 265, p. 1568–1570.

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Hunt, J.M., 1995, *Petroleum Geochemistry and Geology*: 2nd edition, W.H. Freeman & Co., 743 p.

Mastalerz, M., A. Schimmelmann, A. Drobniak, and Y. Chen, 2013, Porosity of Devonian and Mississippian New Albany Shale across a maturation gradient: Insights from organic petrology, gas adsorption, and mercury intrusion: *AAPG Bulletin*, v. 97/10, p. 1621-1643.

Nuttall, B.C., 2013, Middle and Late Devonian New Albany Shale in the Kentucky Geological Survey Marvin Blau No. 1 Well, Hancock County, Kentucky: Kentucky Geological Survey Report of Investigations No. 17.

Whiticar, M.J., 1999, Carbon and hydrogen isotope systematics of bacterial formation and oxidation of methane: *Chemical Geology*, v. 161, p. 291-314.

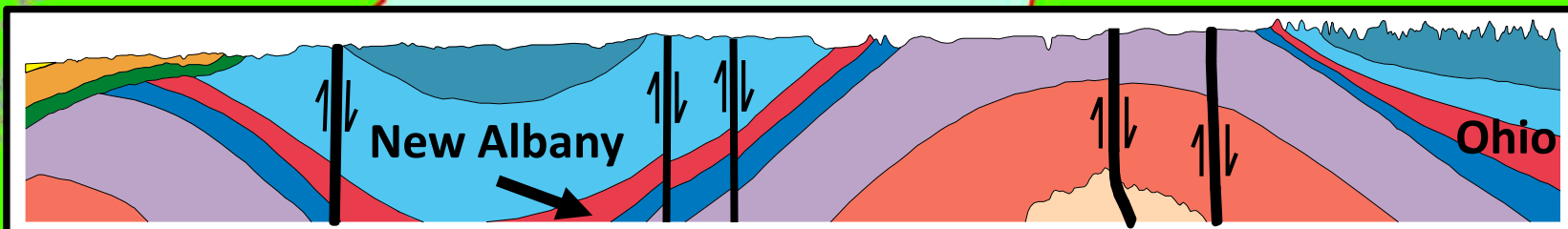
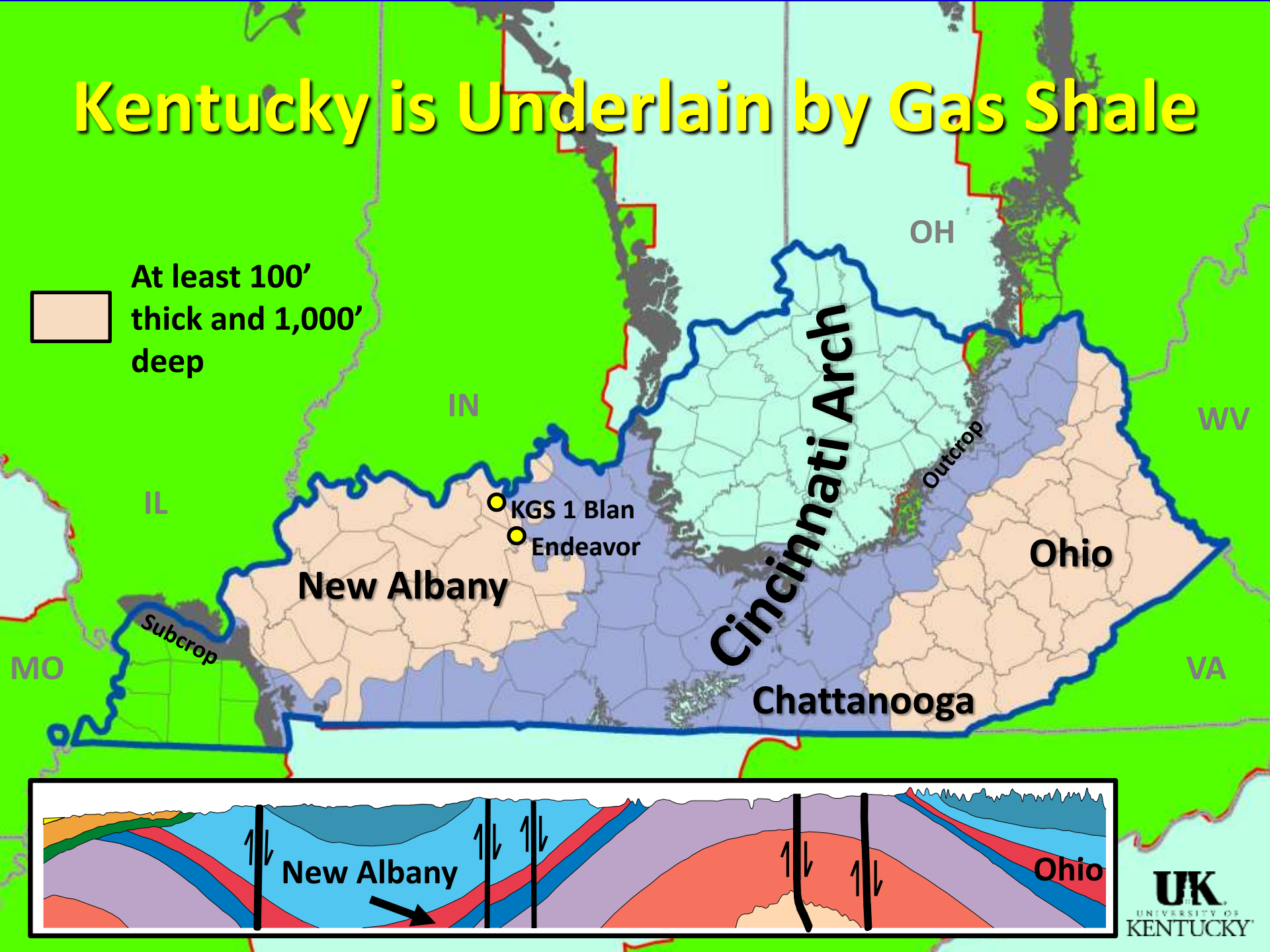
Oil Production from Low-maturity Organic-rich shale: an Example from the Devonian New Albany Shale in the Illinois Basin, Breckinridge County, Kentucky

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Marty Parris¹, Glynn Beck¹, Donna Willette², Maria Mastalez³, Joan Crockett²

Eastern Section AAPG, Indianapolis, IN 21-Sep-2015

Kentucky is Underlain by Gas Shale

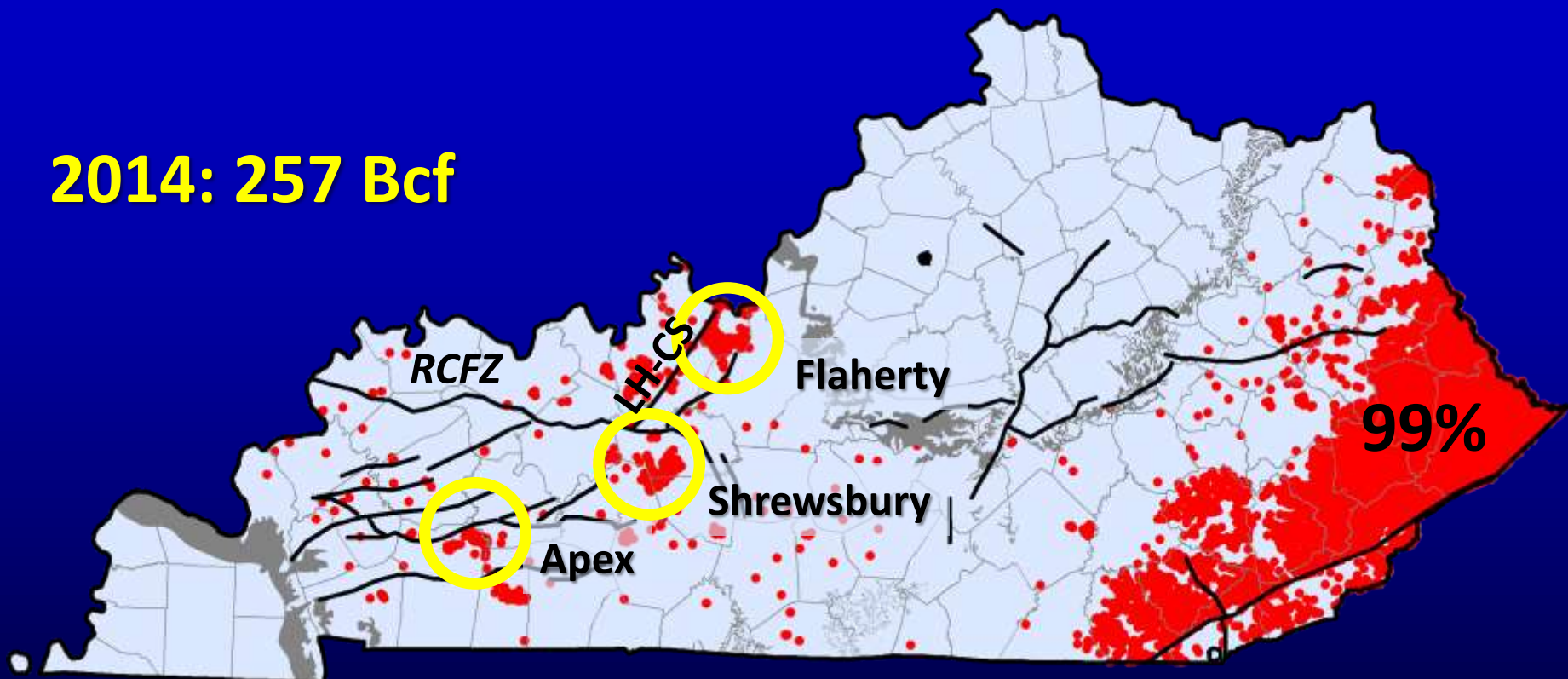
At least 100'
thick and 1,000'
deep



		Illinois Basin		Appalachian Basin							
		West Kentucky		East Kentucky			Pennsylvania				
Mississippian		New Albany Shale	Hannibal Shale	Chattanooga Shale	Sunbury Shale		Sunbury Shale				
Devonian	Upper Devonian		Grassy Creek		Berea Sandstone		Berea Sandstone				
					Bedford shale		Chagrin Shale	Chagrin Shale	Knapp Formation	Bedford Shale	
					Cleveland					Cusewago Sandstone	
					Three Lick Bed				Oswayo		
					Upper Huron				Chagrin Shale	Chagrin Shale	Venango
					Middle Huron		Chadakoin				
					Lower Huron		Upper Devonian Undivided	Bradford Shale			
								Huron Shale		Dunkirk Shale	Upper Devonian Undivided
			Olentangy Shale		Hanover Shale	Java Formation					
			Correlations in this chart from west Kentucky to Pennsylvania are relative and not formal.		Selmier	Pipe Creek Shale	West Falls Formation				
Angola Shale	Sonyea Formation										
Rhinestreet Shale Member	Genesee Formation										
Cashaqua Shale Member											
Middlesex Shale Member											
West River Shale Member	Tully Limestone										
Pen Yan Shale Member											
Geneseo Shale Member											
Middle Devonian	Blocher	Hamilton Group		Marcellus Shale							
		(carbonates)		Onondaga Limestone							

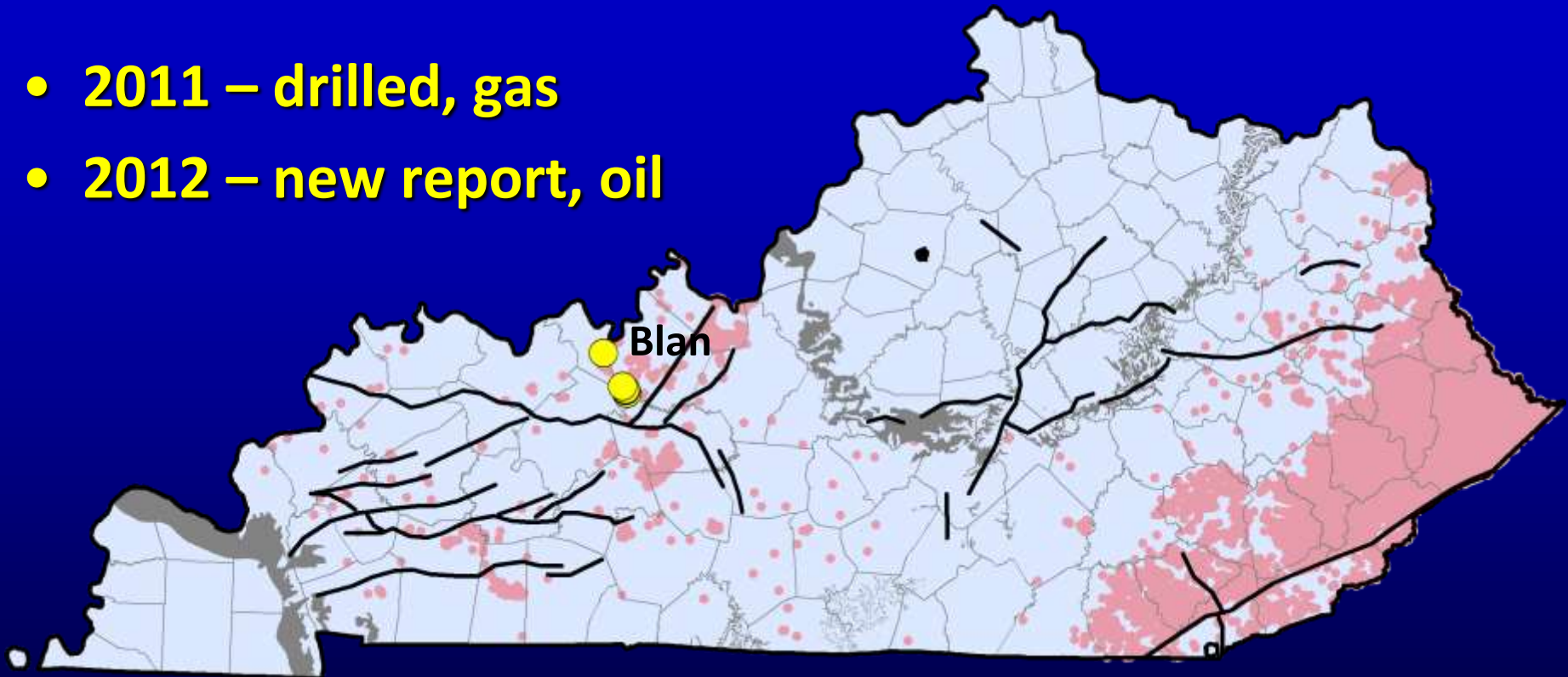
Kentucky Shale Gas Wells

2014: 257 Bcf



Endeavor Wells in Breckinridge Co.

- 2011 – drilled, gas
- 2012 – new report, oil



Initial GOR from 1.8 to 4

Historic Shale Wells with Oil

Study Area

RCFZ

Locust Hill-Cave Spring

OHIO

GRAYSON

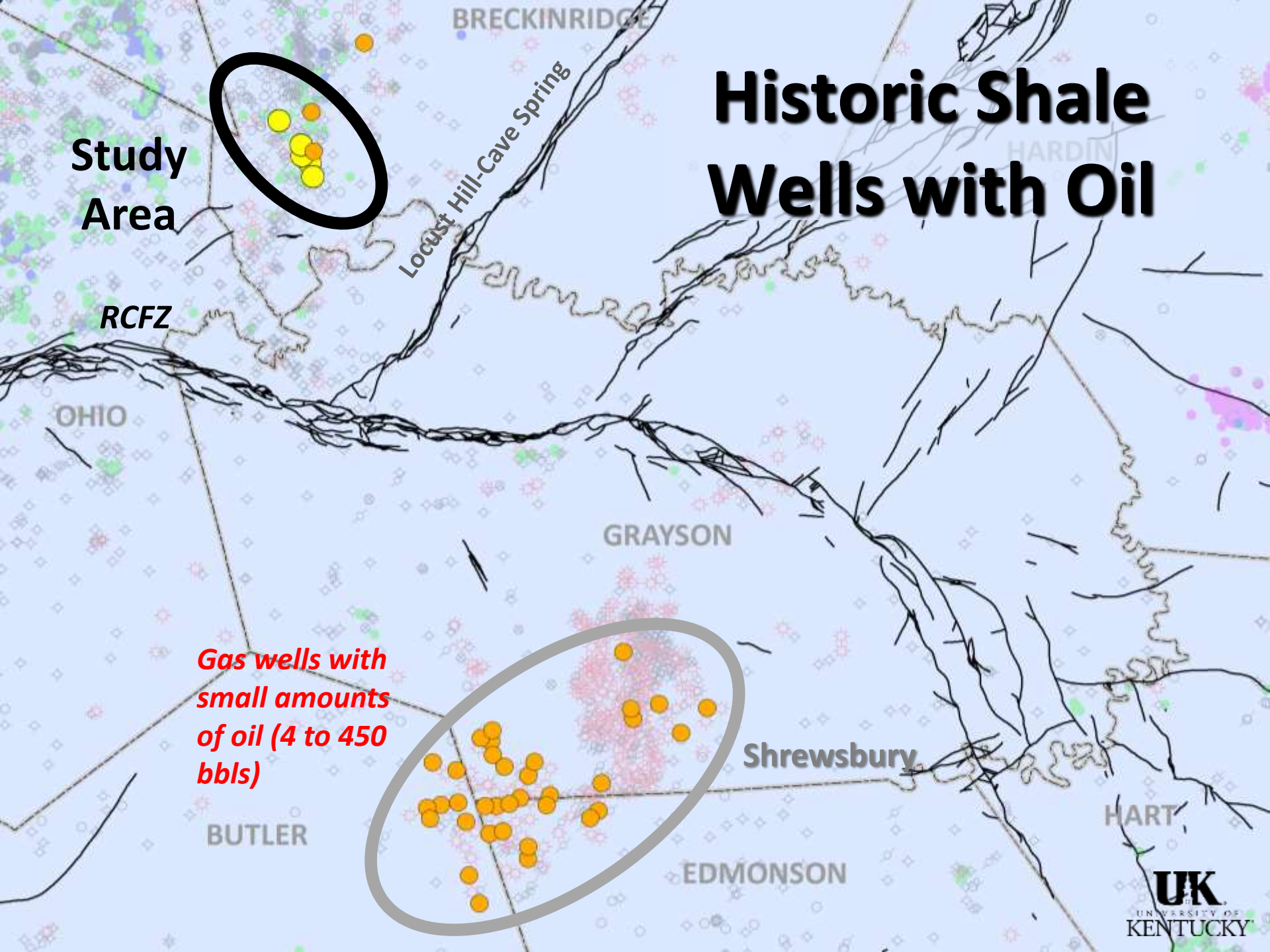
Shrewsbury

HART

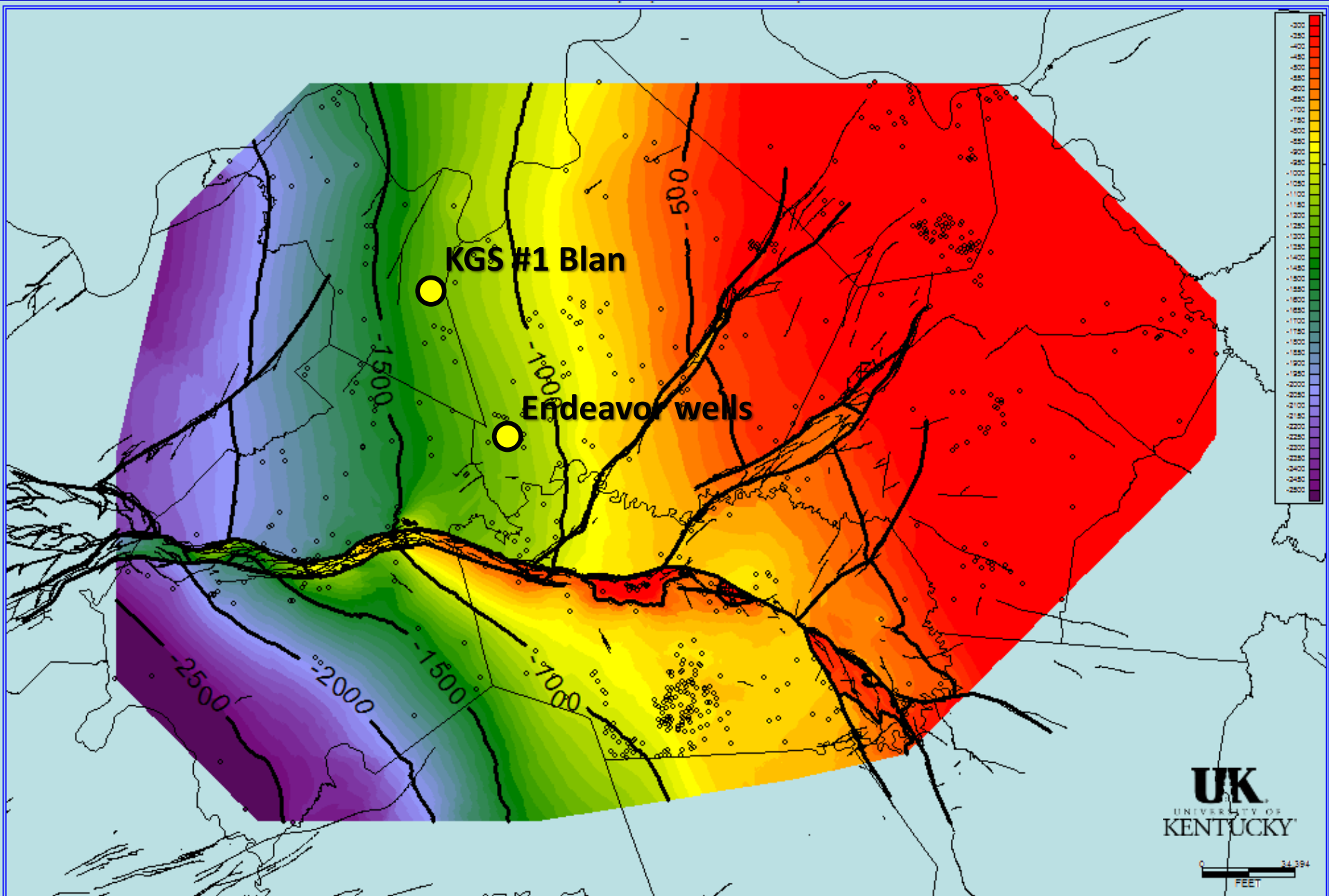
*Gas wells with
small amounts
of oil (4 to 450
bbls)*

BUTLER

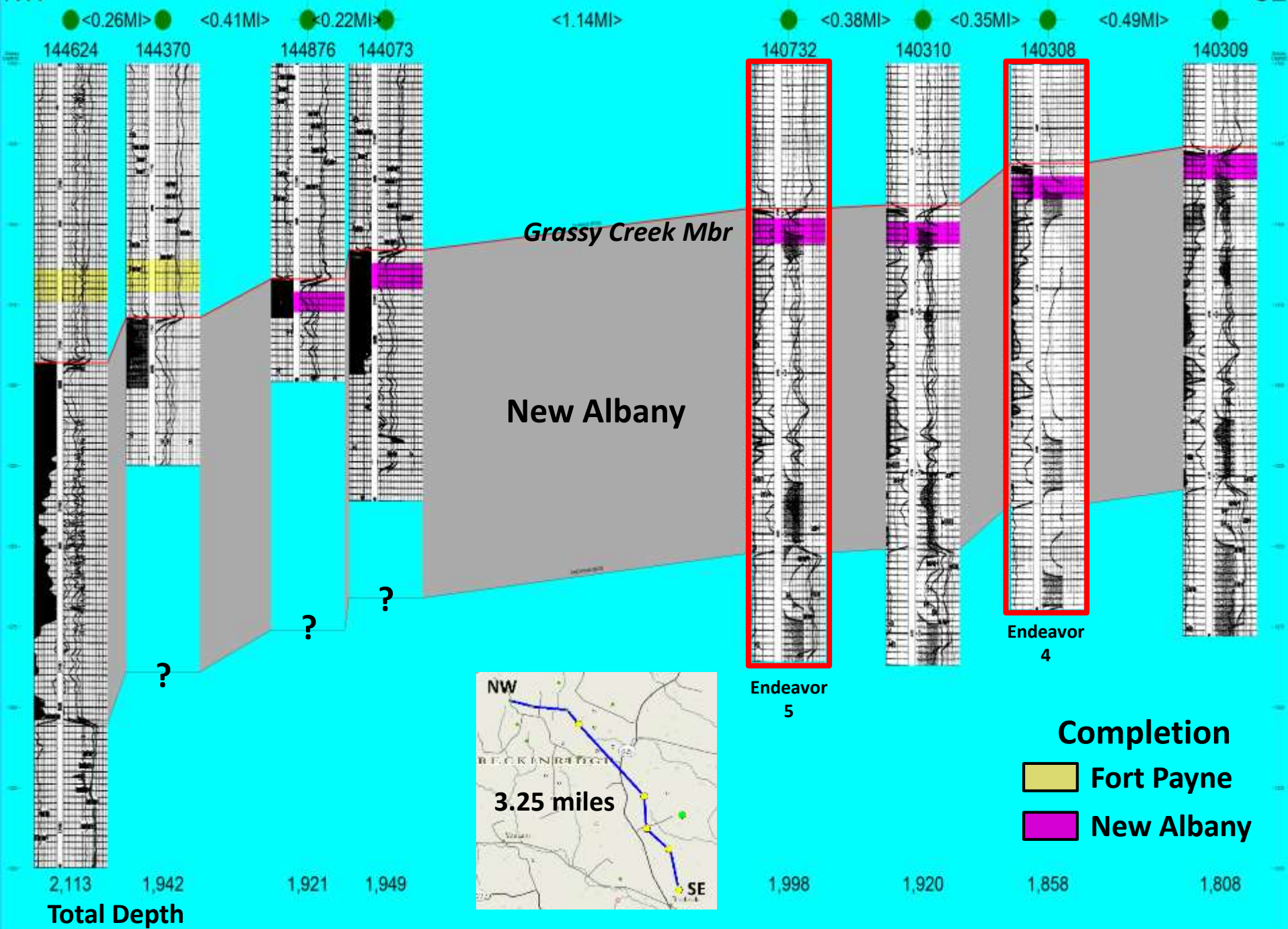
EDMONSON



Top of New Albany Structure



SE



New Albany

GR

Most previous completions

INCLINATION

Gamma Ray

4.5"
casing
to
1860'

Endeavor 5 Whitfill

- 200 Mcf (IOF, 2011)
- 33 Bo/d & 60 Mcf (2012)

Res

Den

Frac

Correction

Neutron Porosity

R60

Bulk Density

Endeavor #5 Whitfill

During visit:

- Estimated
 - 10-12 bo/d
 - 20 Mcf/d
- 400 psi backpressure
- Paraffin
 - AT 60 bo/d
 - Declines to 5 bo/d



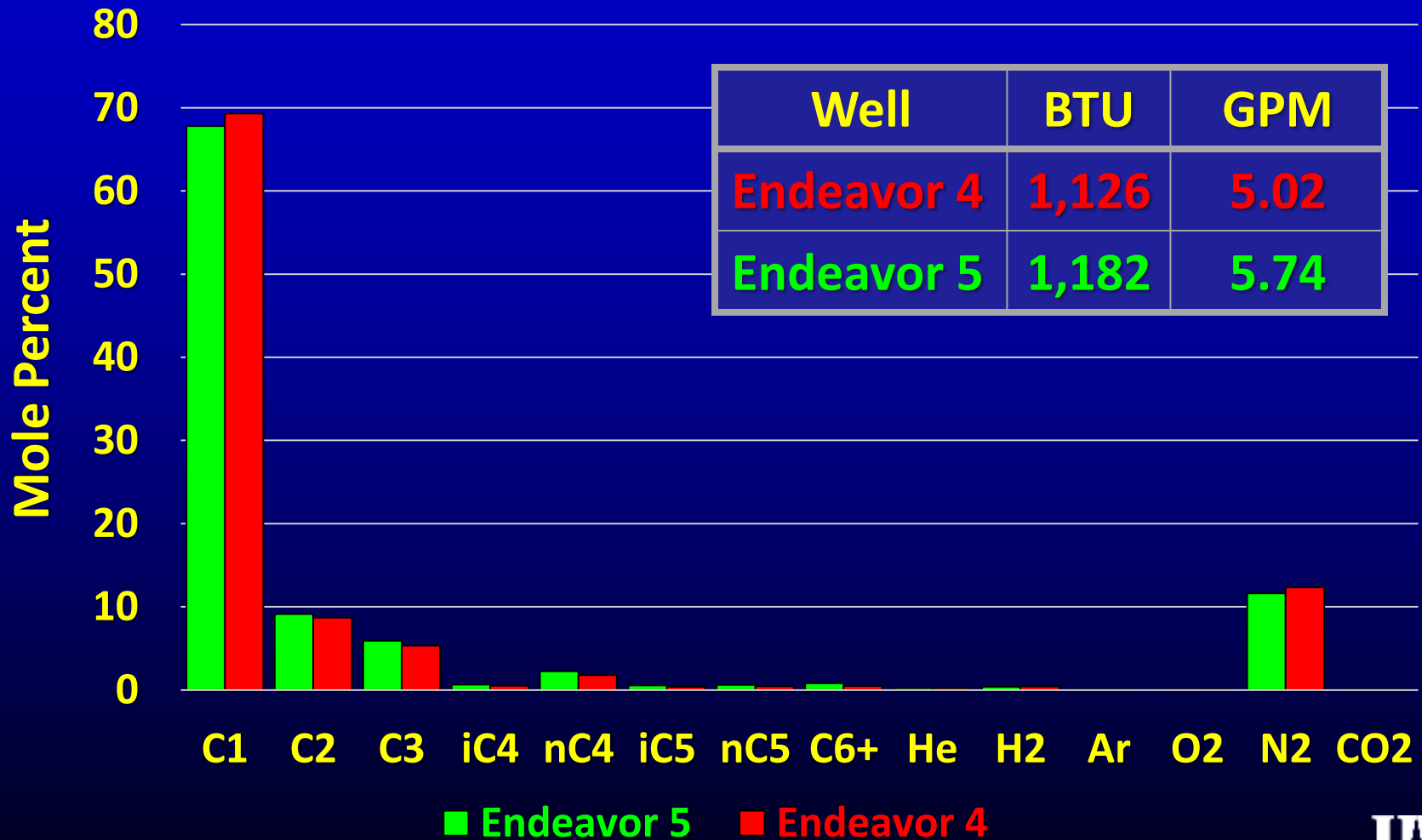
Preparing to Sample Fluids



Analyses & Data Sets

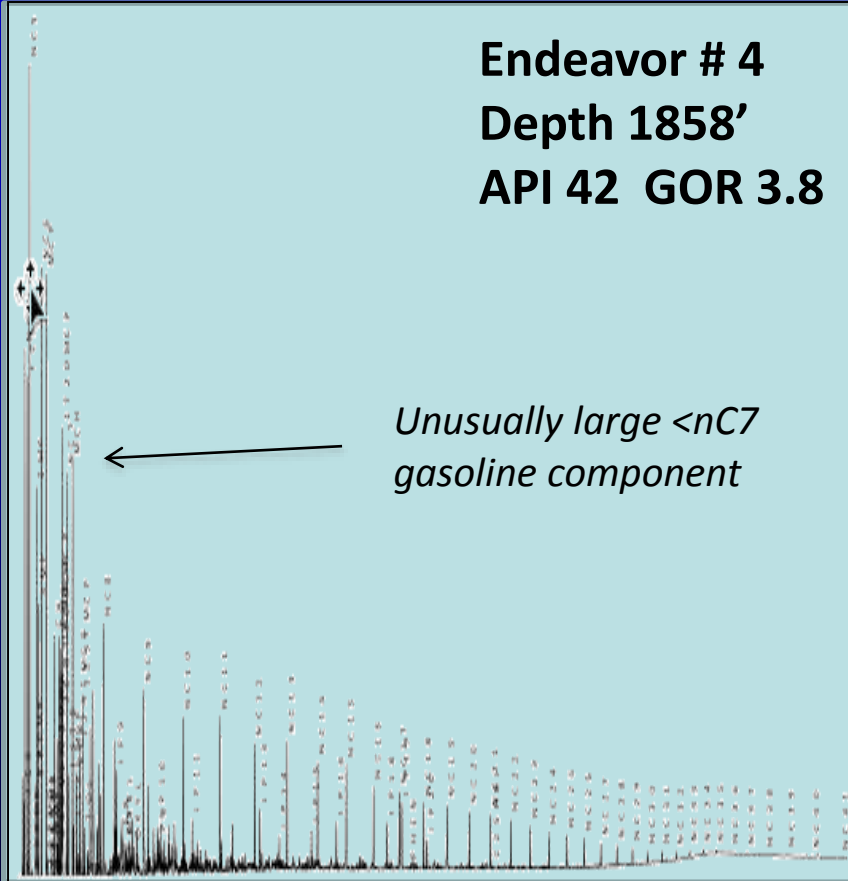
	Endeavor 4	Endeavor 5	KGS 1 Blan
Natural gas			Other data see Nuttall (2013) KGS RI 17
Composition	✓	✓	
Isotopes			
Oil			
Whole oil GC	✓	✓	
Isotopes			
MPLC			
Cuttings/Core			
Extract GC	✓		✓
Aromatic GCMS			
Saturate GCMS			
MPLC			

Gas Analysis

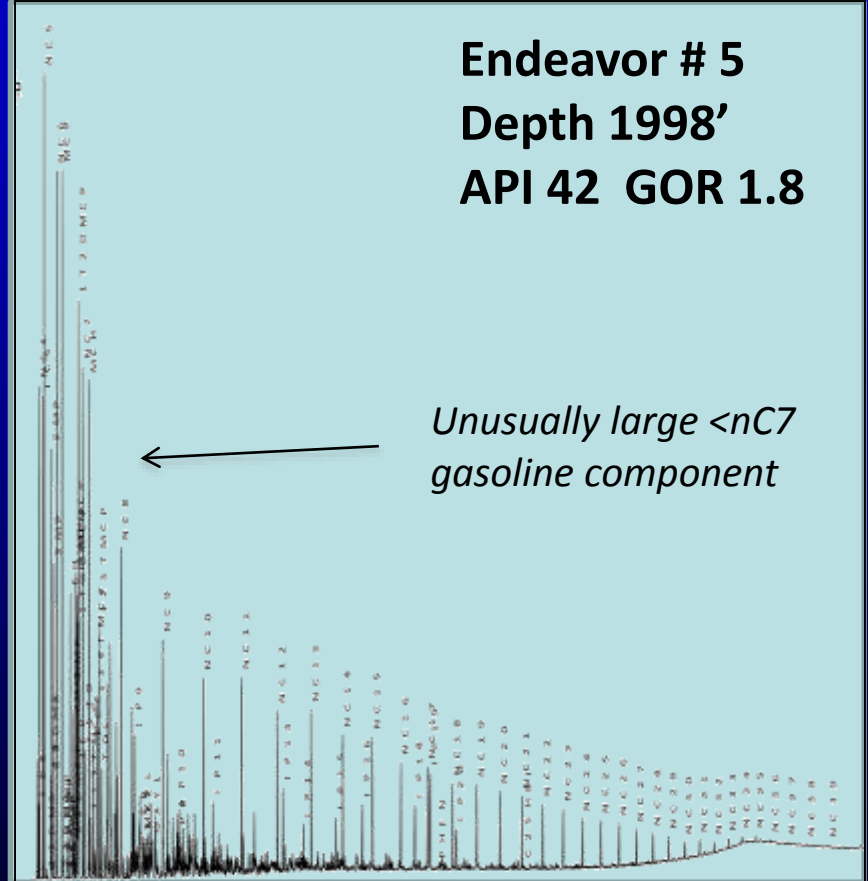


Gas Chromatograms of Whole Oil

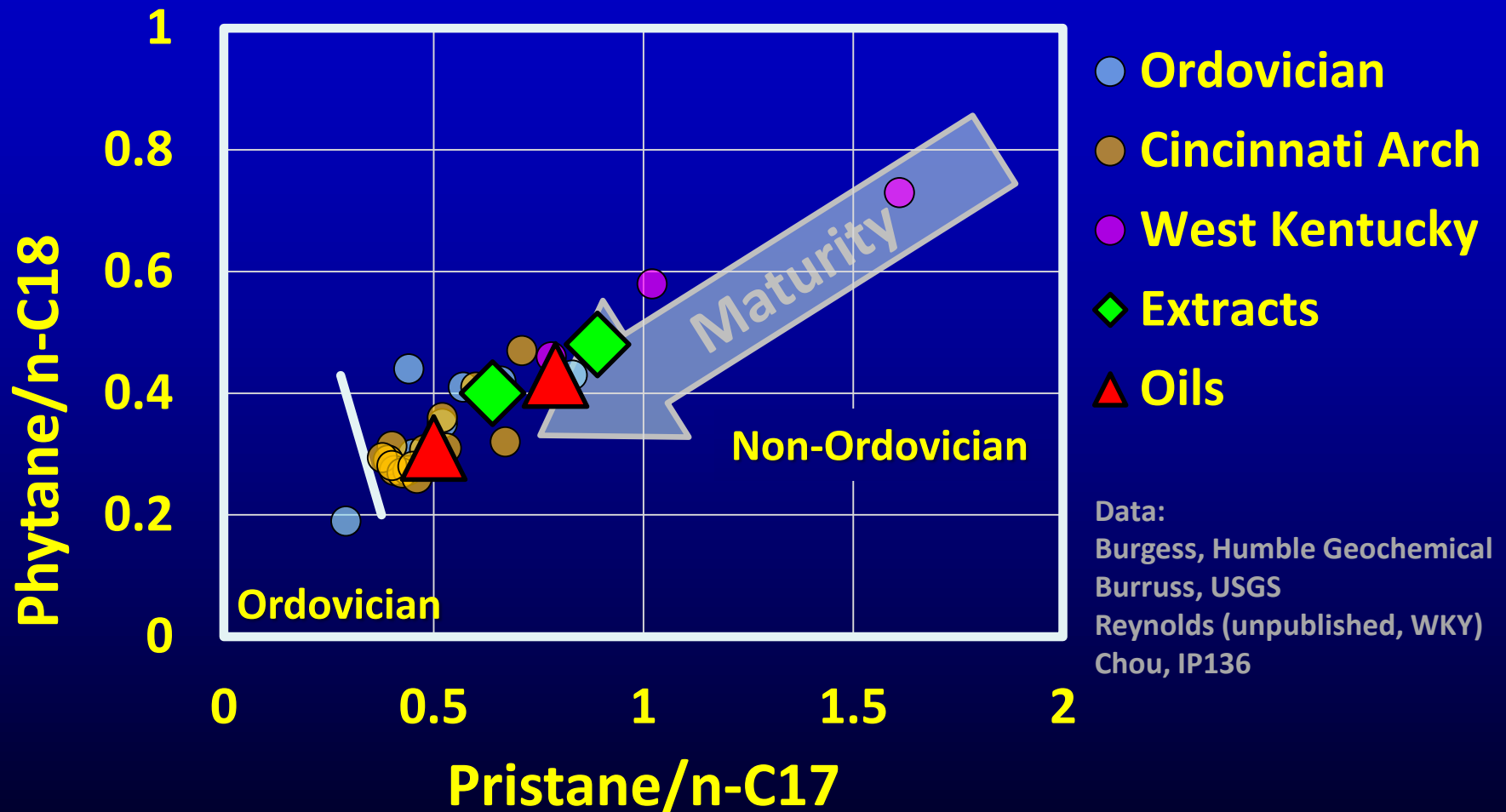
**Endeavor # 4
Depth 1858'
API 42 GOR 3.8**



**Endeavor # 5
Depth 1998'
API 42 GOR 1.8**



Oil & Extract Gas Chromatographs

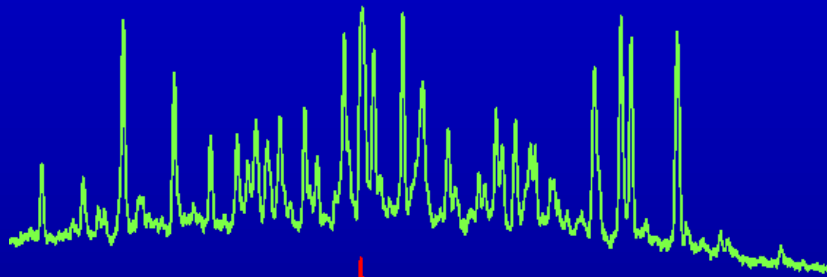


Modified from Hamilton-Smith (KGS unpublished)
Hunt (1995)

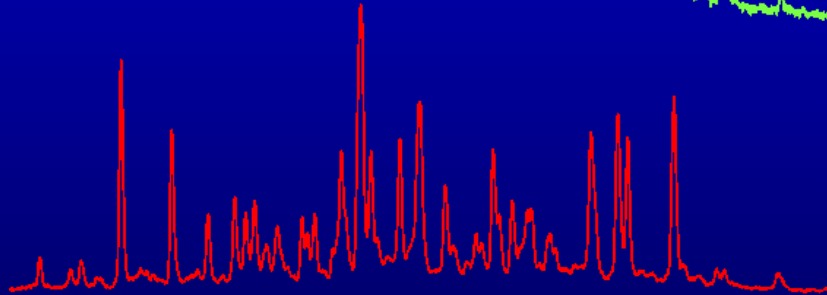
Not a Geochemist



Biomarkers: Sterane Distributions (GCMS)

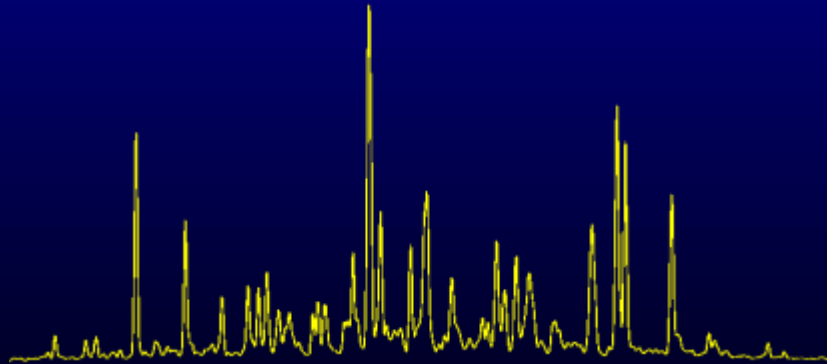


Cuttings
Extracts



Oil

Endeavor 4

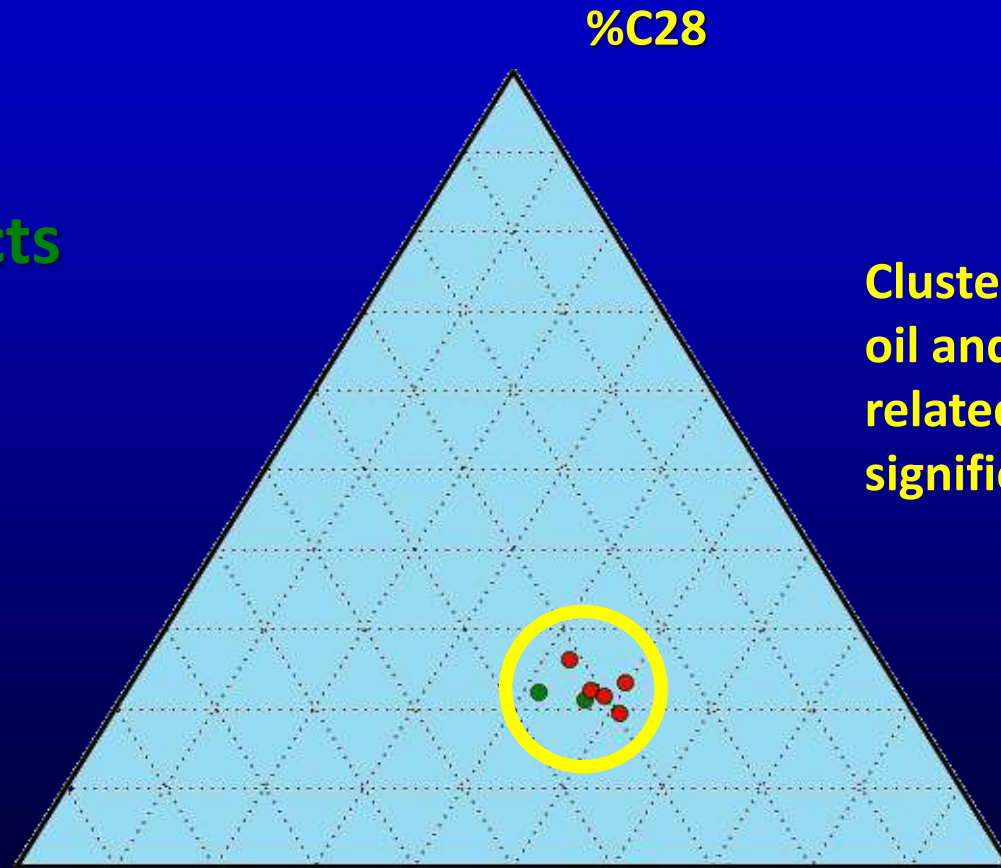


KY0014
Geomark

*(U. Devonian, distal marine
shale, moderate maturity)*

Oils and Extracts

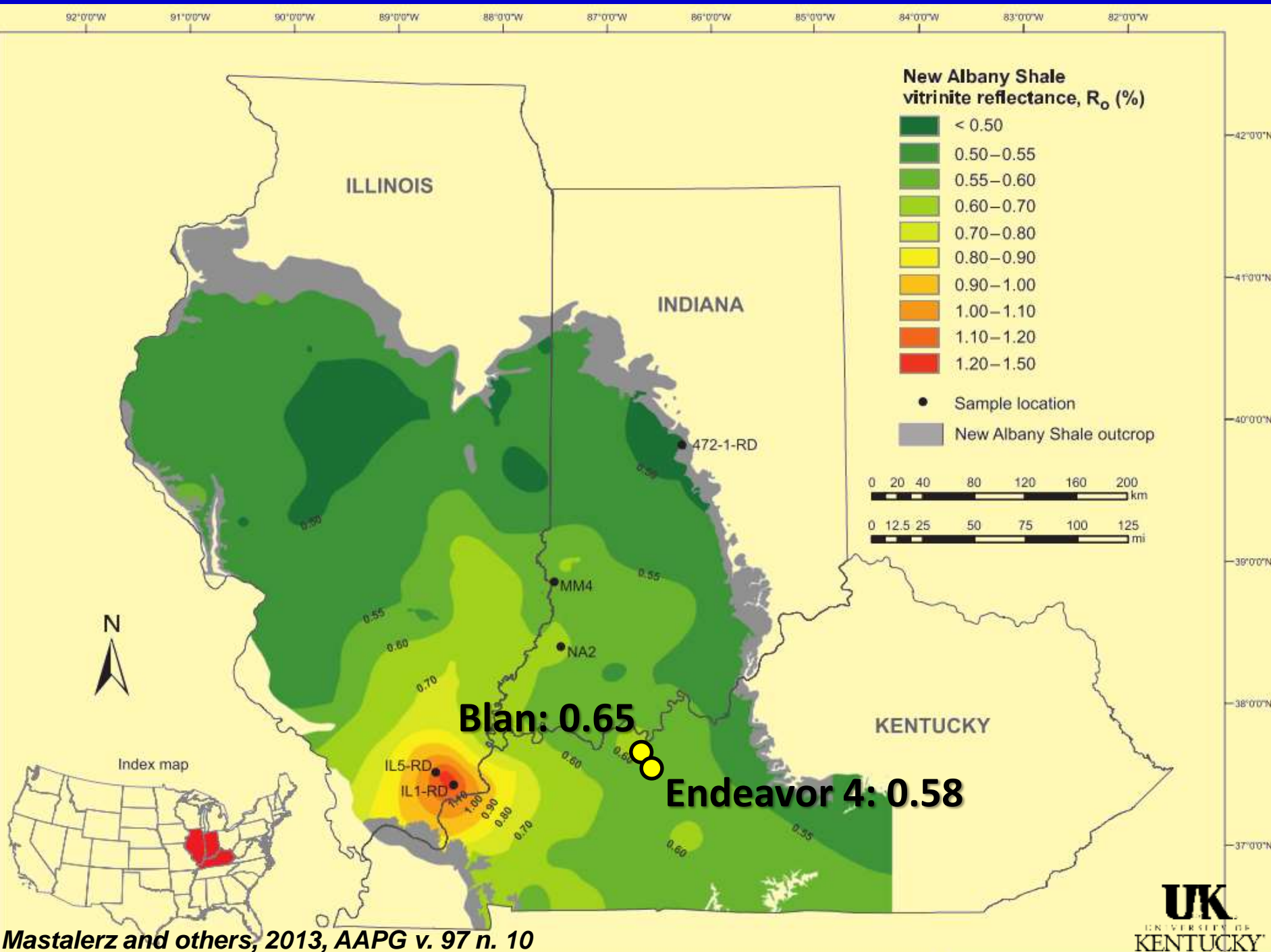
- Oils
- Extracts



Clustering indicates
oil and source are
related (statistically
significant)

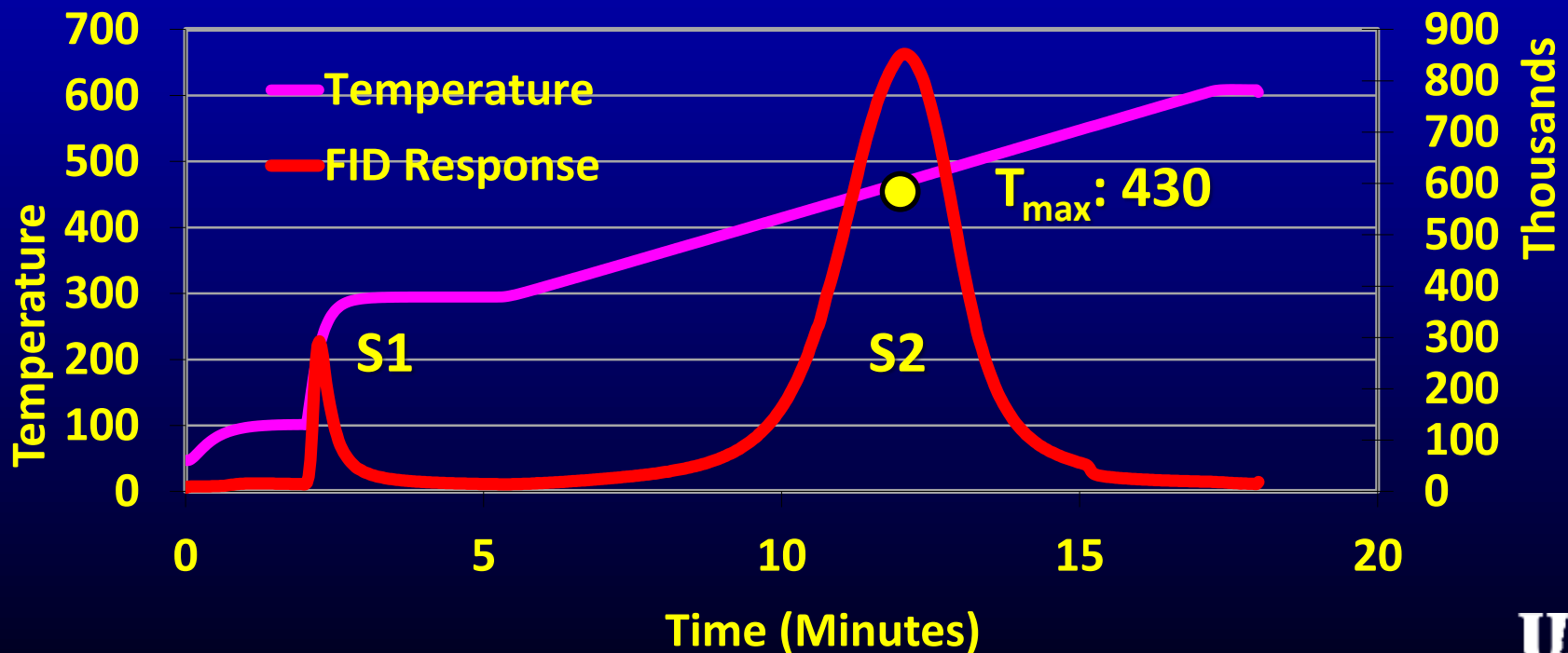
%C27

%C29

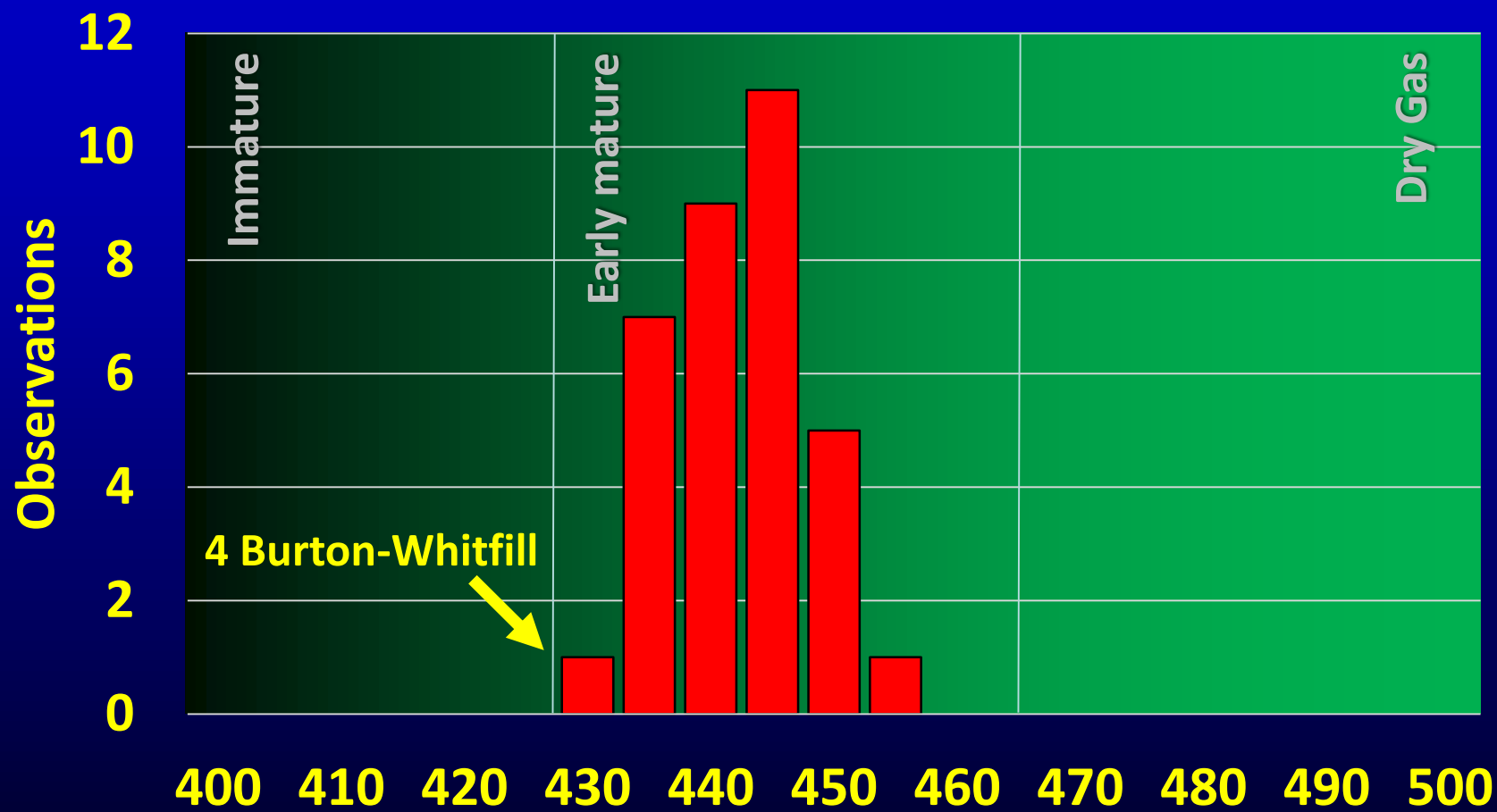


Endeavor #4 Pyrogram

- Organic-rich, early mature source rock
- Broad S2 indicates large capacity to generate hydrocarbons



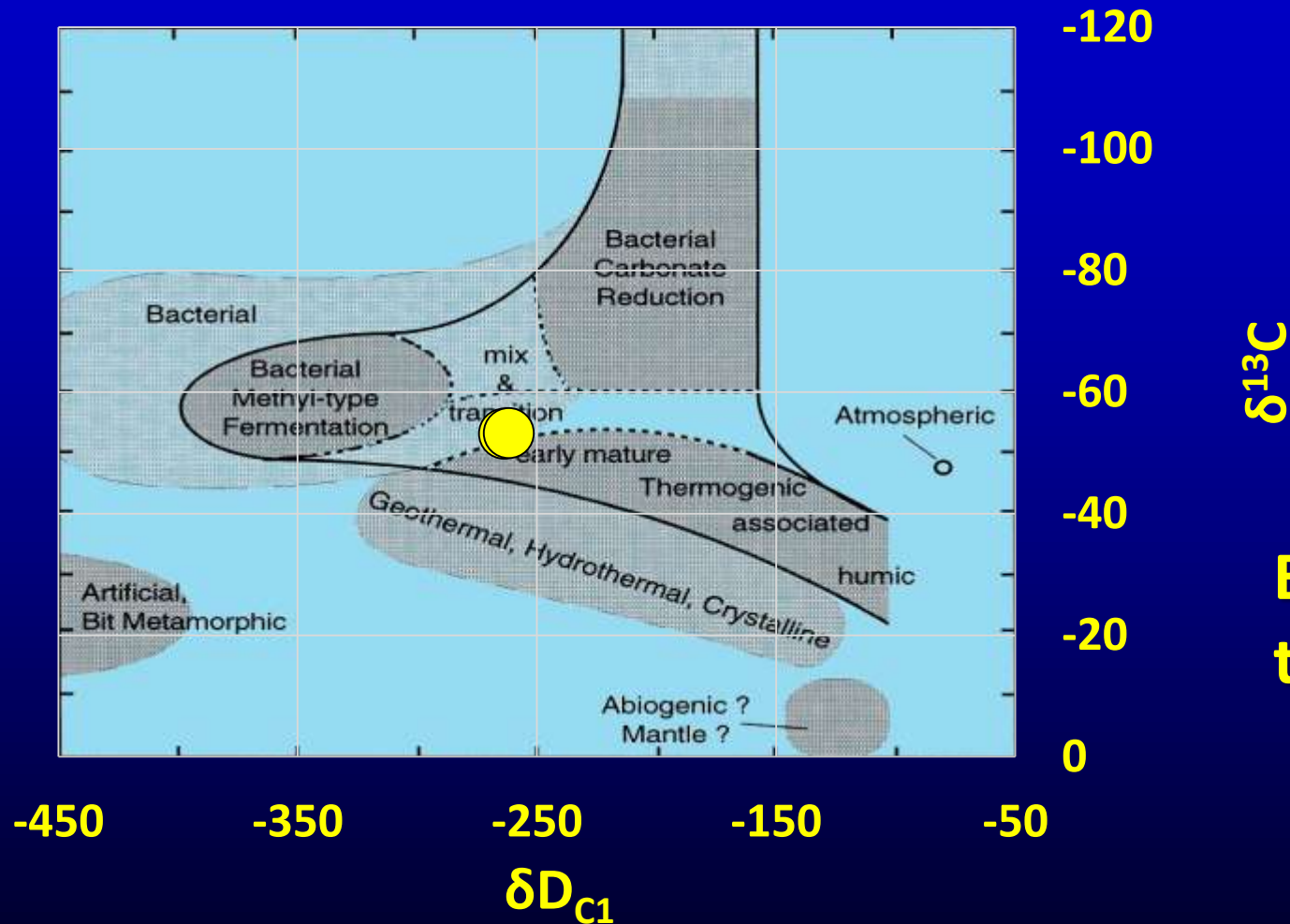
T_{\max} (°C) – Max. Rate S2 Conversion



After Cole et al (1994)

Data from Endeavor 4, Blan, IP136, RPSEA

Methane Isotopes



**Early mature
thermogenic**

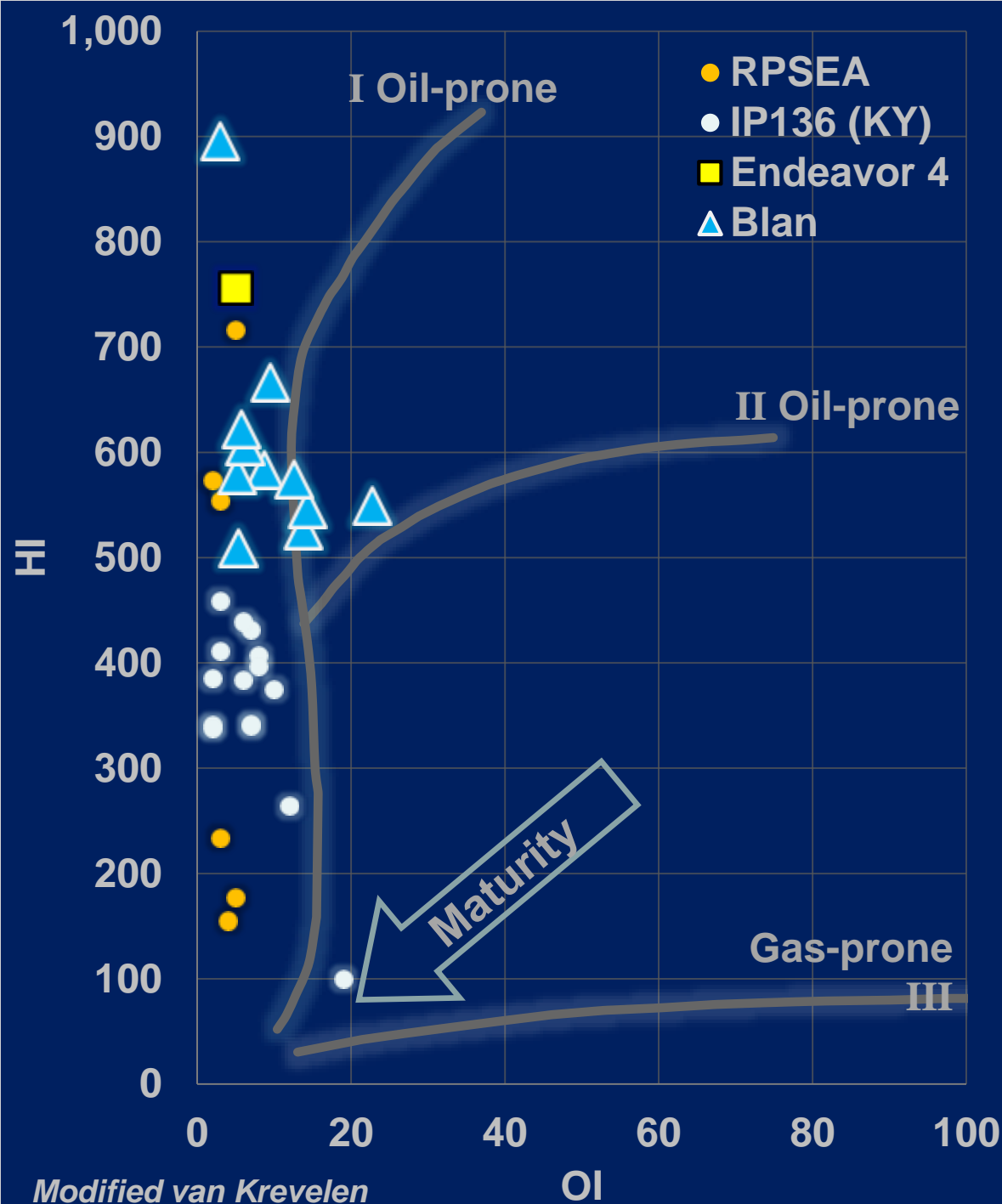
Rock-Eval

- Early mature
- Type I & II
- Oil prone
- Marine

Blan: Nuttall (2013) KGS
Ser 12, RI 17

IP136: Chou and others,
(1991)

RPSEA: Salehi and others,
(2010) contract 07122-6



Key Data Summary

	Endeavor 4	Endeavor 5	Blan 1
Depth (ft)	1,858	1,998	1,876.5
TOC (%)	9.93		7.93
HI	756		896
S1	4.73		6.16
%Saturates (Oils)	61.69	62.95	
%Aromatics (Oils)	28.43	26.84	
Sat. $\delta^{13}\text{C}$	* -30.9	* -30.8	
Arom. $\delta^{13}\text{C}$	* -29.8	* -29.8	
%Saturates (Ext)	21.37		31.68
%Aromatics (Ext)	17.57		19.72
Sat. $\delta^{13}\text{C}$	* -29.2		* -29
Arom. $\delta^{13}\text{C}$	* -29.1		* -29.1

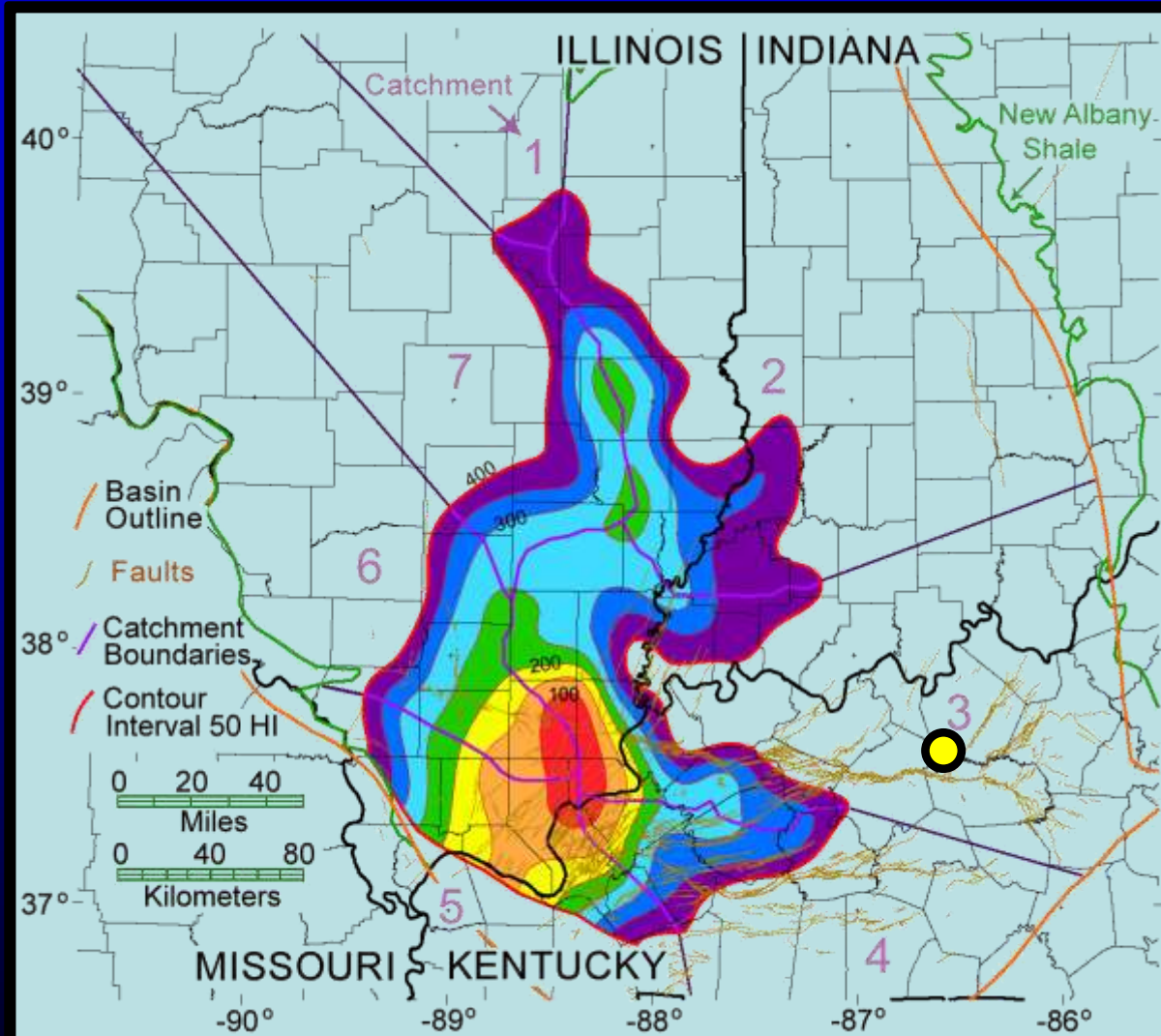
Rock-Eval

Oils

Extracts

Consistent with having been generated in place

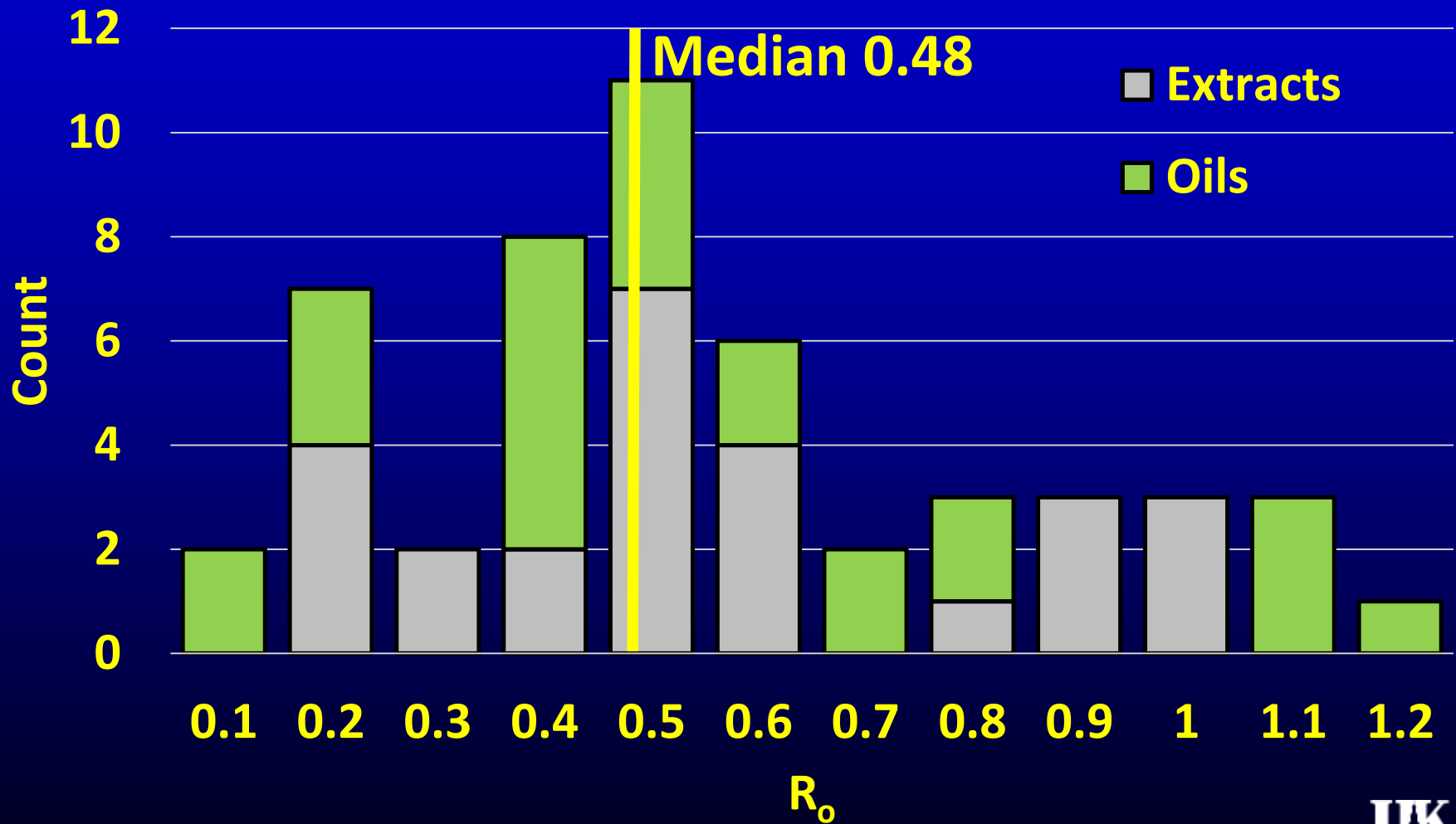
HI – Kerogen Conversion



**New Albany
Shale
Petroleum
System**

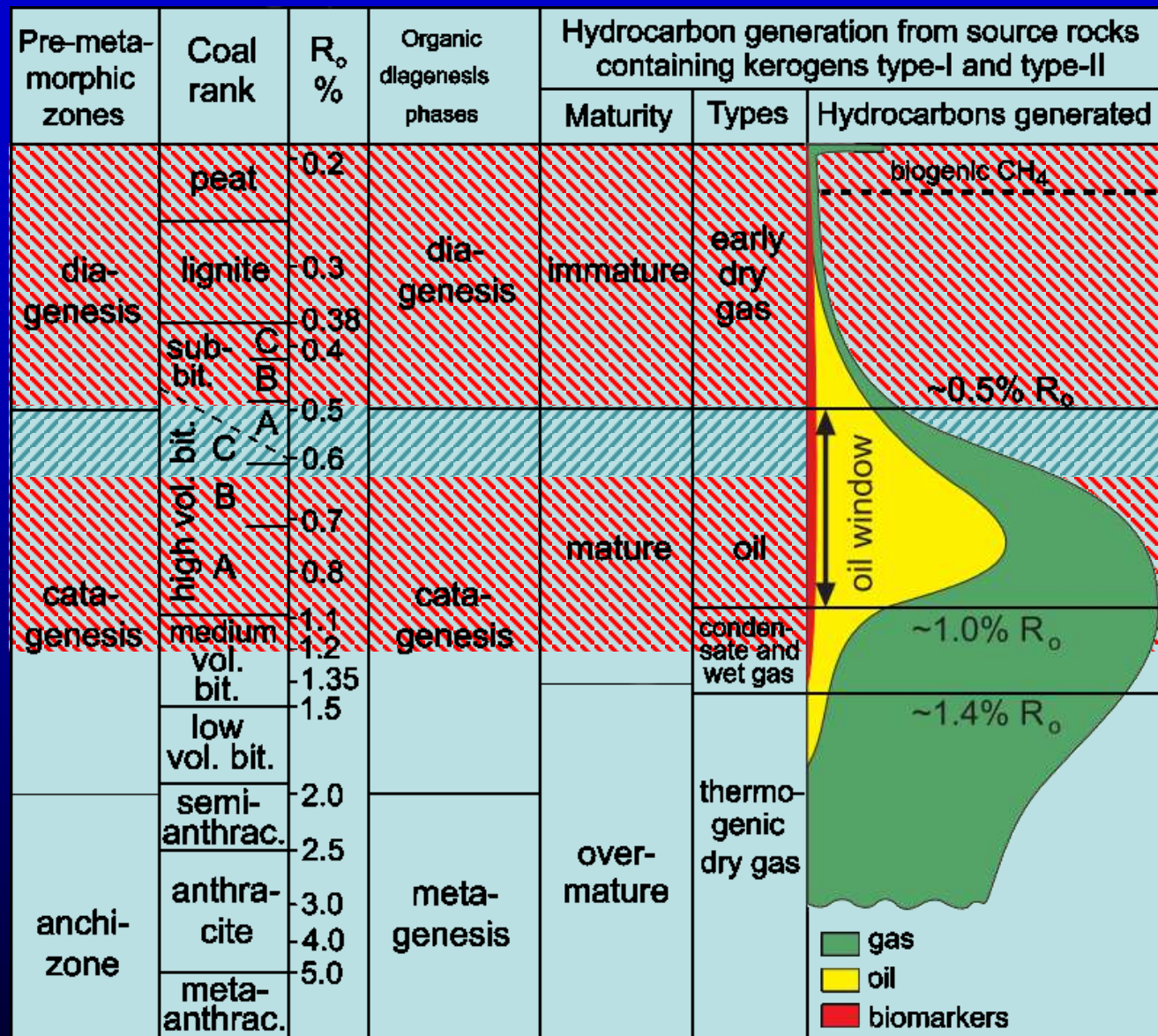
***Smaller HI
indicates
more
conversion***

R_o Calculated from Biomarkers

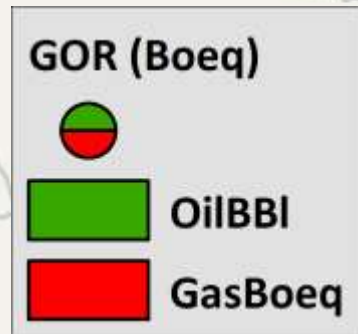


Maturity Summary

- Good source rock
- Early mature
- Type I & II
- Oil prone
- Marine
- Thermogenic



Cumulative Total: 23,649 bo, 246 MMcf



Hard Rock

Hard Rock

#5 Whitfill

#4 Burton-Whitfill

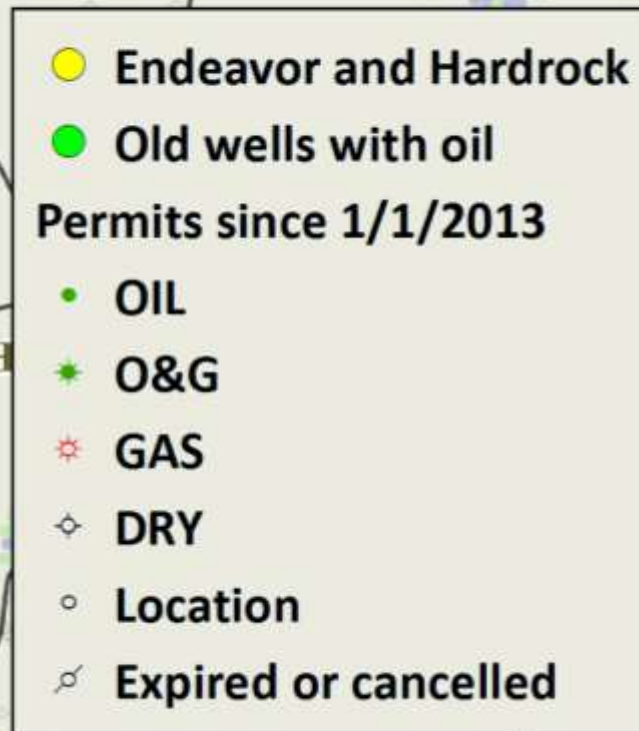
General location

UK

UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY

Kentucky Division of Geographic Information (UGI)

Breckinridge County Activity



Conclusions

- Early mature source rock (in oil window)
- Consistent with generation in New Albany
- Not consistent with classic measures of thermal maturity (T_{max} , % R_o)
 - Wet gas
 - Higher than expected light gasoline fractions
- What does % R_o mean in a marine shale?

Takeaway

- **Extremely limited data set**
 - 4 data points with geochemistry does not make a play
- **Potential for oil and NGLs**
 - Down dip?
 - West of Locust Hill-Cave Spring Fault?
 - North of the Rough Creek Fault?
 - More mature in Rough Creek Graben?

Takeaway

- Extremely limited data set

- 2 data points does not make a play

- Potential for oil and NGLs

- Down dip?

- West of Locust Hill-Cave Spring Fault?

- South of the Rough Creek Fault?

- More mature in Rough Creek Graben?

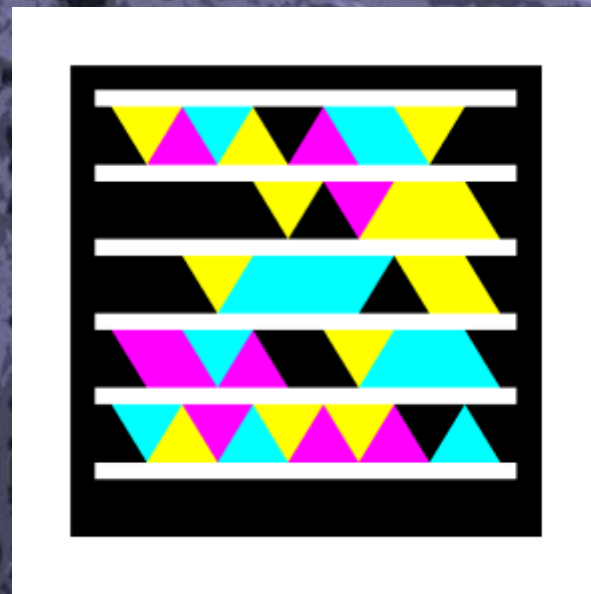
\$ The current wellhead price of oil and gas!

Acknowledgments

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Wally Dow
John Zumberge

Thanks

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bnuttall@uky.edu
(859) 323-0544



RPSEA Contract 07122-16



RPSEA *Final Report*

07122-16.FINAL

New Albany Shale Gas Project
07122-16

November 23, 2010

Iraj Salehi
Manager, Shale Gas Research

Gas Technology Institute
1700 South Mount Prospect Road
Des Plaines IL 60018



RPSEA/GTI, 2010

Detailed geochemical and
geomechanical assessment of
selected wells in Indiana and
Kentucky

- www.rpsea.org
- www.gastechnology.org
- www.isgs.illinois.edu



Chou and others, IP 136

IP 136

HYDROCARBON SOURCE POTENTIAL AND ORGANIC GEOCHEMICAL NATURE OF SOURCE ROCKS AND CRUDE OILS IN THE ILLINOIS BASIN

Mei-In M. Chou, Donald R. Dickerson,
Sheng-Fu J. Chou, and Michael L. Sargent



ILLINOIS PETROLEUM 136 1991

Department of Energy and Natural Resources
ILLINOIS STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

**Rock-Eval pyrolysis and oil
fingerprinting data for wells in
Illinois, Indiana, and Kentucky
(includes data other than New
Albany Shale)**

KGS #1 Blan Publication



- TOC – 4.75% to 9.74%
- Oil to wet gas
 - TAI – 2 to 2.3
 - Ro_{max} – 0.45% to 0.55%
 - T_{max} – 431°C to 440°C
- k – 9.48×10^{-5} md

