Appendices

Appendix 1: Reproducibility of R_o Values on Transects A and A Lake Erie Shoreline and Application of R_o Suppression Correction Factor

The R_o values reported by HGS for Devonian shale samples along transects A and A Lake Erie Shoreline are reasonably consistent with R_o values reported by other operators for similar intervals in the same drill holes (Figure Appendix 1-a; Table 1). For example, samples from drill hole A_{Ash} measured by four operators range from 0.37 to 0.52 % (mean value of 0.46 %) for the Marcellus Shale and from 0.38 to 0.48 % (mean value of 0.43 %) for the Rhinestreet Shale. Samples from drill hole A_3 measured by two operators range from 0.48 to 0.49 % (mean value of 0.49 %) for the Marcellus Shale, 0.47 to 0.48 % (mean value of 0.48 %) for the Rhinestreet Shale, 0.47 to 0.50 % (mean value of 0.48 %) for the lower part of the Huron Member. In addition, samples from drill hole A_4 measured by three operators range from 0.42 to 0.62 % (mean value of 0.52 %) for the Marcellus Shale and 0.42 to 0.56 % (mean value of 0.48 %) for the Rhinestreet Shale (Figure Appendix 1-a). Although the R_o values reported by HGS in these datasets are consistently lower than the values reported by the other operators, the HGS analyses are within the limits of operator error and thus do not require significant changes to the Devonian shale isograd patterns in Figures 1 and 10. If R_o values differed significantly between operators, the isograd pattern would be suspect and require modification following the Lo (1993) method (see below).

The R_o values measured and reported by HGS in Ohio (drill holes A₁-A₄, A_{Lake}, and A_{Ash}) were corrected by HGS for vitrinite suppression (Figure Appendix 1-b, Table 1). The suppression factor applied by HGS was calculated from the cross plot of measured R_o vs. maximum R_o derived by Lo (1993, Figure 1, p. 654) where vitrinite suppression was shown to be directly related to the hydrogen index (HI) of the measured sample (Figure 11). In drill hole A_{Ash}, corrected R_o values increase from 0.37 to 0.45 % for the Marcellus Shale and from 0.38 to 0.56 % for the Rhinestreet Shale (Figure Appendix 1-b). By comparison, corrected R_o values in drill hole A₃ increase from 0.48 to 0.67 % for the Marcellus Shale, from 0.47 to 0.62 % for the Rhinestreet Shale, and from 0.47 to 0.72 % for the lower part of the Huron Member. Moreover, in drill hole A₄, corrected R_o values increase from 0.42 to 0.54 % for the Marcellus Shale and from 0.42 to 0.61 % for the Rhinestreet Shale. The R_o value (0.94 %) for drill hole A₇ is uncorrected because the HI of the sample is less than 100.

In comparison to the uncorrected R_o values shown on Figure 10, the corrected R_o values shown in <u>Figure Appendix 1-b</u> successfully convert the thermal maturity profile to a "normal" gradient in drill holes A_2 and A_3 , whereas the "inverted" thermal maturity profile is still present in the vicinity of drill holes A_4 through A_6 . In drill hole A_1 the corrected R_o value (0.69 %) is anomalously high in comparison to the adjoining Devonian shale and Pennsylvanian coalbed isograds. The uncorrected $R_0=0.94$ % value in drill hole A_7 on <u>Figure Appendix 1-b</u> restricts the coincident Devonian shale and Pennsylvanian coalbed 1.0 % isograds to the same location shown in Figure 10 and, thus, maintains a "normal" thermal maturity profile at the eastern end of transect A.



Figure Appendix 1-a. Comparison of Devonian shale Ro values measured by different operators in drill holes AAsh, A3, and A4.





Figure Appendix 1-b. Comparison of suppression-corrected R_o values to uncorrected R_o values on transects A and A Lake Erie Shoreline. HGS, Humble Geochemical Services.

Appendix 2: Reproducibility of R₀ Values on Transect B and Application of R₀ Suppression Correction Factor

The R_o values reported by HGS for the Devonian shale samples along transect B are reasonably consistent with R_o values reported by other operators for similar intervals in the same drill holes (Figure Appendix 2-a; Table 2). For example, samples from drill hole B_{2a} measured by four operators range from 0.44 to 0.56 % (mean value of 0.50 %) for the lower part of the Huron Member. In addition, samples from drill hole $B_{4a,b,c,d}$, measured by as many as three operators, range from 0.75 to 0.96 % (mean value of 0.88 %) for the Marcellus Shale, 0.99 to 1.01 % (mean value of 1.00 %) for the Rhinestreet Shale, and 0.73 to 0.93 % (mean value of 0.82 %) for the lower part of the Huron Member. Samples from drill hole $B_{6a,b}$, measured by as many as three operators, range from 1.71 to 1.76 % (mean value of 1.73 %) for the Marcellus Shale and 1.56 to 1.62 % (mean value of 1.58 %) for the Rhinestreet Shale. Although two of the three R_o values reported by HGS in these datasets are lower than the values reported by the other operators, the HGS analyses are within the limits of operator error and thus do not require significant changes to the Devonian shale isograd patterns in Figures 1 and 12.

The R_o values measured and reported by HGS in Ohio (drill holes B_1 through B_4) were corrected by HGS for vitrinite suppression following the Lo (1993) method (Figure Appendix 2-b, Table 2). In drill hole B_1 , corrected R_o values increase from 0.43 to 0.73 % for the lower part of the Huron Member. By comparison, corrected R_o values in drill hole B_2 increase from 0.38 to 0.51 % for the Rhinestreet Shale and from 0.44 to 0.75 % for the lower part of the Huron Member. In addition, corrected R_o values for the lower part of the Huron Member in drill hole B_3 and B_{4a} increase, respectively, from 0.43 to 0.66 % and from 0.73 to 0.83 %. R_o values for drill holes B_{4b} (1.01 %), B_5 (1.04 %), B_7 (1.44 %), and B_8 (1.6 %) are uncorrected because R_o values are greater than 1.0 % and HI values are between 50 and 250.

In comparison to uncorrected R_o values shown on Figure 12, corrected R_o values successfully converted the thermal maturity profile to a "normal" gradient in drill holes B_{2b} through B_{4a} ; however, R_o values in drill holes B_1 and B_{2a} were overcorrected to anomalously high values. The uncorrected $R_o=1.01$, 1.04, 1.44, and 1.6 % values in drill holes B_{4b} , B_5 , B_7 , and B_8 , respectively, on Figure Appendix 2-b restrict the coincident Devonian shale and Pennsylvanian coal 1.0, 1.5, and 2.0 % isograds to the same locations shown in Figure 12 and, thus, maintain a "normal" thermal maturity profile at the eastern end of transect B.



Figure Appendix 2-a. Comparison of Devonian shale Ro values measured by different operators in drill holes B2, B4, and B6.



Figure Appendix 2-b. Comparison of suppression-corrected R_o values to uncorrected R_o values on transect B. HGS, Humble Geochemical Services.

Appendix 3: Reproducibility of R_o Values on Transect C and Application of R_o Suppression Correction Factor

 R_o values reported by HGS for the Devonian shale samples along transect C are reasonably consistent with the R_o values reported by other operators for similar intervals in the same drill hole (Figure Appendix 3-a; Table 3). For example, samples from drill hole C_4 measured by four operators range from 0.48 to 0.59 % (mean value of 0.52 %) for the lower part of the Huron Member. Although the R_o values reported by HGS in drill hole C_4 and drill holes C_1 through C_3 (see Table 3) are consistently lower than the values reported by other operators, the HGS analyses are within the limits of operator error and thus do not require significant change to the Devonian isograd patterns in Figures 1 and 13.

Original R_o values measured and reported by HGS in Ohio (drill holes C_1 through C_4) were corrected by HGS for vitrinite suppression (<u>Figure Appendix 3-b</u>, <u>Table 3</u>). In drill holes C_1 and C_2 , application of the Lo (1993) correction factor result in increase of R_o values for the lower part of the Huron Member from 0.44 to 0.73 % and 0.44 to 0.71 %, respectively. Similarly, corrected R_o values in drill hole C_3 increase from 0.39 to 0.62 % for the lower part of the Huron Member. Finally, in drill hole C_4 , corrected R_o values increase from 0.48 to 0.67 % for the lower part of the Huron Member. R_o values for drill holes C_6 (0.72 %), C_7 (0.85 %), and C_8 (1.02 %) are uncorrected because the HI values of the samples are less than 160.

Comparison of uncorrected R_o values (Figure 13) with corrected R_o values (Figure Appendix 3-b) show that only in drill hole C_2 were R_o values successfully converted to a "normal" thermal maturity profile. In drill hole C_3 and C_4 the corrected R_o values are too low for a "normal" thermal maturity profile, whereas in drill hole C_1 the corrected R_o value is unreasonably high in comparison to the adjoining 0.6 % Pennsylvanian coal isograd between drill hole C_2 and C_3 . The uncorrected Devonian shale R_o values in drill holes C_7 (0.85 %) and C_8 (1.02 %) are coincident with the Pennsylvanian coalbed 0.8 and 1.0 % isograds and, thus, maintain a "normal" thermal maturity profile at the eastern end of transect C.



Figure Appendix 3-a. Comparison of Devonian shale Ro values measured by different operators in drill hole C4.



Appendix Figure 3b

Figure Appendix 3-b. Comparison of suppression-corrected R_o values to uncorrected R_o values on transect C. HGS, Humble Geochemical Services.

Appendix 4: Reproducibility of R₀ Values on Transect D and Application of R₀ Suppression Correction Factor

 R_o values reported by HGS for Devonian shale samples along transect D are reasonably consistent with R_o values reported by other operators for similar intervals in the same drill hole (Figure Appendix 4-a). For example, samples from drill holes D_1 and D_4 measured by two operators range from 0.33 to 0.53 % (mean value of 0.43 %) and 0.45 to 0.61 % (mean value of 0.53 %), respectively, for the lower part of the Huron Member (Figure Appendix 4-a). Although the R_o values reported by HGS in drill holes D_1 and D_4 and in drill holes D_2 and D_5 through D_7 (Table 4) are lower than the values reported by other operators, the HGS analyses are within the limits of operator error and thus do not require significant changes to the Devonian isograd patterns in Figures 1 and 14.

In drill hole D_1 , application of the Lo (1993) correction factor resulted in the increase of R_0 values from 0.33 to 0.53 % for the lower part of the Huron Member (Figure Appendix 4-b). In addition, corrected R_0 values for drill holes D_2 through D_5 were estimated by the authors from the Lo (1993) cross plot. R_0 values for drill holes D_6 (0.75 % HGS and 1.42 % P. Hackley) and D_7 (1.76 %) in Figure 14 are uncorrected because in D_6 the HI value of the sample is less than 100 and in D_7 the R_0 value of the sample is greater than 1.0 %.

In comparison to uncorrected R_o values (Figure 14), corrected R_o values (Figure Appendix 4-b) maintain a "normal" thermal maturity profile between drill holes D_1 and D_2 ; however, the 0.5 % Devonian shale isograd is shifted 20 to 30 mi farther northward. Furthermore, corrected R_o values in drill holes D_2 (0.78 %) and D_3 (0.78 %) improve the "normal gradient" of the thermal maturity profile with respect to the overlying 0.6 % Pennsylvanian coal isograd. However, corrected R_o values in drill holes D_4 (0.62 %) and D_5 (0.62 %) still are too low to cause a reversal of the "inverted" thermal maturity profile. Uncorrected R_o values for D_6 (0.75 %, HGS; 1.42 %, P. Hackley) and for D_7 (1.76 %) (Figure Appendix 4-b) restrict the coincident Devonian shale and Pennsylvanian coal 1.0 and 1.5 % isograds to the same locations shown in Figure 14 and, thus, maintain a "normal" thermal maturity profile at the eastern end of transect D.



Figure Appendix 4-a. Comparison of Devonian shale R_o values measured by different operators in drill holes D₁ and D₄.



Appendix Figure 4b

Figure Appendix 4-b. Comparison of suppression-corrected R_o values to uncorrected R_o values on transect D. HGS, Humble Geochemical Services.

ransect A (main and ancilliary data points)													
(abundant), T _c Tasman	ites (common), T _L Tasm	anites (local), Te Tenta	culites, Te _c	Tentaculites (commo	n), X present, X(A)	present	(abundant), X(C) pre	esent (com	non), X(L) present (local).				
American Petroleum Institute number	Latitude (decimal degrees)	Longitude (decimal degrees)	Well on Transect	Lease name	County	State	Township or Quadrangle (7.5')	Sample No.	Formation	Interval sampled (ft)	Sample Type	Fossils	Bitumen
34-043-20005	41,39594118	-82,54485625	A ₁	N.Y., Chicago, & St. Louis Railroad (Core 734)	Erie	Ohio	Huron Twp.	A ₁	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	73-75	core	Τ _c	Ν
34-093-21100	41,22613346	-82,02591146	A ₂	B & R McGuire (Core 2909) (OH-5)	Lorain	Ohio	Grafton Twp.	A ₂	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	1,072-1,073	core	T _c , Lg	L _{CD4} N
34-153-60416	41,01541419	-81,65529901	A ₃	Core 510	Summit	Ohio	Norton Twp.	A _{3a}	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	1,880-1,886	core	т	L
								A _{3b}	Rhinestreet Shale	2,050-2,054	core	T _L , Lg	L
								A _{3c}	Marcellus Shale	2,176-2,180	core	Te, T _L (dark)	Ν
34-155-21238	41,14683235	-80,91297921	A ₄	M & A Meleski (OH-7) (also Core 2962)	Trumbull	Ohio	Newton Twp.	A _{4a}	Rhinestreet Shale	2 528	core	Т	L
								A _{4b}	Marcellus Shale	2,697-2,698	core	T∟ (dark)	И
37-073-20022	41,09200528	-80,28192361	A ₅	No. 1 Sokevitz (PA-5)	Lawrence	Pa.	New Castle North Quad.	A _{5a}	Marcellus Shale	3 984	core	Co _A , T _L (dark), Lg	L
								A _{5b}	Marcellus Shale	4 124	core	NS	NS
37-121-22642	41,41419528	-79,8093475	A ₆	No. 348 Grant Fee	Venango	Pa.	Franklin Quad.	A ₆	Marcellus Shale	4,320-4,350	cuttings	NS	NS
37-053-20903	41,48463111	-79,29677583	A ₇	No. 1 Collins- Clinger	Forest	Pa.	Tylerville Quad.	A ₇	Marcellus Shale	4,970-5,020	cuttings	N	? (greasy appearance)
34-085-20017	41,75489757	-81,28214872	ALake	New York Central System (Core 855)	Lake	Ohio	Painesville Twp.	ALake _a	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	841-843	core	T _L , Co _L	Ν
								ALake _b	Rhinestreet Shale	952-954	core	То	N (Sample looks bleached; recrystallized; silty)
								ALake _c	Marcellus Shale	1,156-1,158	core	Lg _c , Te _c , T _L , Co _L	м
34-007-21087	41,94016595	-80,55170368	AAsh	Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad Co. (OH-4) (Core 2839)	Ashtabula	Ohio	Conneaut Twp.	AAsh _a	Rhinestreet Shale	1,172-1,173	core	T _c (dark)	L _{CD} , L
								AAsh _b	Marcellus Shale	1,342-1,343	core	τ _ι	L

Table 1. Data collected and analyzed on transect A (1 of 5).

Transect A (main and a	incilliary data points)			Dispersed	macerals			
American Petroleum Institute number	Bituminite and (or) alginite (amorphous kerogen)	Telalginite	Vitrinite	Inertinite	Asphalt	Bitumen	Pyrobitumen	Spectral Flourescence; Mean λ _{max}
34-043-20005	X (A)	X (A) Tasmanites and Leosphaeridia(?)	×			×		554
34-093-21100	×	X (A)	×	×		×		531
		Leosphaendia(7)						
34-153-60416	X Internet of the second seco	×	×	×		×		551
	×	x (brightly fluor. Leiosphaeridia(?)	×	X (fusinite)	×	X (void filling) associated with carbonates		610
34-155-21238	X (partially converted to bitumen network)	×	×	×	×	×		599 614
	X (converted to bitumen network)	X (brightly fluor.) (macerated as well as liptodetrinite)		×	×	×	×	615
37-073-20022				×		X (A) bitumen network		
37-121-22642								
37-053-20903			×	×		X (A) bitumen network		
34-085-20017	X X(A)	X (A) Tasmanites abn.	×	×		Bitumen (0.81 Ro, others above and below 0.52)		535
		X (A) - lacks internal reflections and high relief / strong color	× (c)			X (local)		581
	· .	J						607
34-007-21087	A (A)	X (A)	^	(fusinite)		Â		267
	× (A)	brightly fluor. X (A) in bituminous groundmass	×	X (fusinite)				592
	Contraction -	the / ' have						

Table 1. Data collected and analyzed on transect A (2 of 5). Thumbnails are linked full-size images.

Transect A (main and a	ncilliary data points)		Minerals		
American Petroleum	Pyrite	Carbonate	Quartz	Quartz / rutile	Clay-rich fragmente
Institute number	Pyrite	Carbonate	Quanz	Quartz / rutile	Clay-rich fragments
34-043-20005	X(A) framboids				
34-093-21100	×			×	
34-153-60416	X(A) framboids				
	X (A) frambolds	X (A) rhomb			
34-155-21238		X (nodules and rhombs)			
	X (framboids)				
37-073-20022	×	X (dolo.)			
37-121-22642					
37-053-20903	X (A)				
34-085-20017	framboids X (A) framboids			×	
	X (A) frambolds commonly assciated with telalginite	X calcite rhombs	×		
34-007-21087	X (framboids) associated with. telaiginite X (A) framboids	X rhombs			

Table 1. Data collected and analyzed on transect A (3 of 5).

I ransect A (main and a	Total Organic C	Carbon (in wt. %)	Rock Eval										
American Petroleum	тос	TOC Streib (1981)	S ₁	S ₂	S ₃	н	01	Tmax	PI				
Institute number				_	-								
								100	0.05				
34-043-20005	5,8		1,44	25,85	0,4	446	7	429	0,05				
34-093-21100	5,66		2,74	24,14	0,28	427	5	434	0,1				
34-153-60416	9.21		4 76	39.42	0.46	428	5	440	0.11				
04-100-00410	0,21		4,70	00,42	0,40	420	Ŭ	440	0,11				
	6.95		2.35	26.96	0.43	388	6	437	0.08				
	6,33		1,49	25,18	0,34	398	5	438	0,06				
34-155-21238	8,44		5,67	37,02	0,18	439	2	440	0,13				
	-		4.0	10.10	0.00	202							
	5		4,6	18,16	0,38	363	8	444	0,2				
	10.05					100	1.0	10.0					
37-073-20022	12,25		6,26	24,06	1,41	196	12	433	0,21				
	4,54		3,28	6,94	0,48	153	11	440	0,32				
37-121-22642	4,6		3,78	7,48	0,43	163	9	436	0,34				
37-053-20903	6,1		2,53	3,19	0,62	52	10	454	0,44				
34-085-20017	6,67		4,61	31,7	0,53	475	8	437	0,13				
	2.11		0.57	4.78	0.3	227	14	436	0.11				
	6,19		4,53	27,2	0,5	439	8	438	0,14				
34-007-21087	6.63		2.96	28 76	0.29	434	A	440	0.09				
04-001-21007	0,00		2,00	20,70	0,20		-7	-46	0,00				
	7.90		2.02	28.02	0.25	250		440	0.1				
	7,89		∠,98	20,03	0,35	308	4	440	0,1				

Table 1. Data collected and analyzed on transect A (4 of 5).

Transect A (main and a	ncilliary data points)		Vitrinite R	eflectance			Gas chr	romatography of bitumer	n extract
American Petroleum Institute number	%Ro _{mean} Humble	%Ro _{mean} Humble (corrected)	%Ro _{mean} Hackley	%Ro _{mean} Streib (1981)	%Ro _{mean} Zielinski and McIver (1982)	%Ro _{mean} ExLog	Gas chromatography image	GC Code	Pristane / Phytane
34-043-20005	0,45	0,69					-		2.26
34-093-21100	0,36	0,49			0,56				0,96
34-153-60416	0,47	0,72	0,5						2,21
	0.47	0,62	0.48				EPh.		1,99
	0.48	0.67	0,49						1.41
34-155-21238	0,42	0,61	0,46		0,56				1,87
	0,42	0,54	0,53		0,62		NOC.		1,43
37-073-20022			0,96		1				1,30
	0,41	0.43 (corrected by authors using Lo, 1993)			1				
37-121-22642	0,47	0.59 (corrected by authors using Lo, 1993)							
37-053-20903	0,94								ND
34-085-20017	0.38	0,56	0,5						2,05
	0,42	0,48	0,81						2,17
	0.46	0,68	0,52						1,18
34-007-21087	0,38	0,56	0,48	0.40-0.54 med. = 0.44 n=23	0.44				1,90
	0.37	0,45	0,5	0.44-0.59 med. = 0.52 n=5	0,46				1,49

Table 1. Data collected and analyzed on transect A (5 of 5). Thumbnails are linked full-size images.

Transect B (main and an	cilliary data points)					1.0							
(abundant), T _c Tasmanit	es (common), T _L Tasma	nites (local), Te Tentacu	ites, Te _c Ter	nt), Co _L Conodonts (loc ntaculites (common), X	resent, X(A) pres	ent (abun	core description), Lg dant), X(C) present (c	cinguloid, Lo ommon), X(l	g _C Linguloid (common), N none L) present (local).	observed, NS, no	o sample, T Tasm	ianites, 1 _A Lasma	inites
American Petroleum Institute number	Latitude (decimal degrees)	Longitude (decimal degrees)	Well on Transect	Lease name	County	State	Township or Quadrangle (7.5')	Sample No.	Formation	Interval sampled (ft)	Sample Type	Fossils	Bitumen
34-117-60037	40,4774015	-82,78926321	B1	Core 2770	Morrow	Ohio	Harmony Twp.	B1	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	708-713	core	T _A	N
34-083-22599	40,3977816	-82,50287591	B ₂	L. Beckholt (OH-3) (Core 2900)	Knox	Ohio	Clinton Twp.	B _{2a}	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	1,100-1,101	core	T _A	N
								B _{2b}	Rhinestreet Shale	1,188-1,189	core		
34-119-21617	40,01455938	-81,86942905	B ₃	W & D Winegardner	Muskingum	Ohio	Salem Twp.	B ₃	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	2,400-2,532	cuttings	T _A	N
34-121-22255	39,71358062	-81,46210232	B ₄	H & M Shockling (OH-8) (Core 2936)	Noble	Ohio	Enoch Twp.	B _{4a}	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	3,462-3,463	core	T _c (dark)	N
								B _{4b}	Rhinestreet Shale	3,999-4,000	core	T _L (dark)	
								B _{4c}	Marcellus Shale	4,094.8-4,095.4	core	T _L (dark)	с
								B _{4d}	Marcellus Shale	4,097.8-4,097.9	core	T _L (dark)	С
34-013-20277	39,97860656	-80,84439782	B ₅	R. L. Brown (Core	Belmont	Ohio	Mead Twp.	B ₅	Marcellus Shale	5,574-5,577	core	Co _L , T _L (dark)	с
				2042)									
47-103-00645	39,67694	-80,82389	B ₆	Emch & Pyles No. 1 (WV-7)	Wetzel	W. Va.	New Martinsville Quad.	B _{6a}	Rhinestreet Shale	6 246,30	core	T _L (dark/faint)	С
								B ₆₆	Marcellus Shale	6,599 and 6,618	core		
37-059-20038	39,86058556	-80,14601583	B ₇	No. 1 Gordon	Greene	Pa.	Oak Forest Quad.	B ₇	Marcellus Shale	7,860-7,7960	cuttings	T _L (amber)	
47-077-00086	39,466669	-79,870278	B ₈	No. A-1 H.G. Walls	Preston	W. Va.	Newburg Quad.	B ₈	Marcellus Shale	7,185-7,190	cuttings	N	

Table 2. Data collected and analyzed on transect B (1 of 5).



Table 2. Data collected and analyzed on transect B (2 of 5). Thumbnails are linked full-size images.

			Minerals		
American Petroleum	Pyrite	Carbonate	Quartz	Quartz / rutile	Clay-rich fragments
Institute number					
34-117-60037	X (A)	×			
34-083-22599	<i></i>		2		
24 110 21617		-			
34-119-21017					
34-121-22255	X (A) in guartz-rich	×	X (quartz-rich		×
	fragments		fragments)		
	X pyrite-rich shale	×	X (quartz-rich	×	×
			fragments)		
		X (rhombs)			
		64 - 166-6.			
		1807/1703 Pr. 13			
	X (C) framboids	X (rhombs)			
24 042 20277	× (A)				
34-013-20277	A (A)				
47 102 00645	~ (A)				
47-103-00045	(framboids)				
37-059-20038					
47-077-00086	X (A)	X (authigenic)			
	(framboids)				

Table 2. Data collected and analyzed on transect B (3 of 5). Thumbnail is linked full-size images.

Transect B (main and an	cilliary data points) Total Organic (arbon (in wt %)	Rock Eval										
	Total Organic C	andon (in we 70)				NOCK EVEN							
American Petroleum Institute number	TOC	TOC Streib (1981)	S ₁	S ₂	S_3	HI	OI	T _{max}	PI				
34-117-60037	9,92		4,41	55,69	0,14	561	4	428	0,07				
34-083-22599	7,2		4,74	39,13	0,25	543	3	439	0,11				
34-119-21617	4,02		2,18	18,4	0,43	458	11	438	0,11				
34-121-22255	7,03		4,5	17,52	0,14	252	2	449	0,2				
	2,09		2,08	1,8	0,13	86	6	446	0,54				
	4,40		2,74	10,95	0,22	249	5	442	0,20				
	3,62		2,81	8,94	0,20	247	6	441	0,24				
34-013-20277	5,97		3,58	3,62	0,22	61	4	443	0,50				
47-103-00645	1,15	0.79 med; n=20	0,58	0,45	0,41	39	36	441	0,56				
37-059-20038	5,92		1,15	3,07	0,56	52	9	406	0,27				
47-077-00086	1,43		1,59	2,14	0,4	150	28	384	0,43				

Table 2. Data collected and analyzed on transect B (4 of 5).

			Vitrinite F	Reflectance			Gas chro	matography of bitumen	extract
American Petroleum Institute number	%Ro _{mean} Humble	%Ro _{mean} Humble (corrected)	%Ro _{mean} Hackley	%Ro _{mean} Streib (1981)	%Ro _{mean} Zielinski and McIver (1982)	%Ro _{mean} ExLog	Gas chromatography image	GC Code	Pristane/ Phytane
34-117-60037	0,43	0,73							1,90
34-083-22599	0,44	0,75	0,45	0.56 med. n=7	0,55				1,83
	0,38	0,51							
34-119-21617	0,43	0,66							1,83
34-121-22255	0,73	0,83	0,93			0,82			1,98
	1,01		0,99		1		En liter		1,54
			0,96		0,75				1,54
			0,93						1,54
34-013-20277	1,04		1,16						1,97
47-103-00645			1,56	1.58 med. n=18	1,62				
37-059-20038	1,44			n=2					1.51, 1.63
47-077-00086	1,6		2,03						1,50

Table 2. Data collected and analyzed on transect B (5 of 5). Thumbnails are linked full-size images.

Transect C (main and and	cilliary data points)												
Abbreviations used: A Ab Tasmanites (common), T	undant, C Common, Co Tasmanites (local), Te	Conodonts, Co _A Conodo Tentaculites, Te _c Tentac	nts (abundar ulites (comm	nt), Co _L Conodonts (local), L Lo on), X present, X(A) present (ocal, L _{CD} Local (fron abundant), X(C) pre	n core des sent (com	cription), Lg Linguloid (mon), X(L) present (le	l, Lg _c Lingul ocal).	oid (common), N none observed	d, NS, no sample	e, T Tasmanites, T	A Tasmanites (ab	undant), T _C
American Petroleum Institute number	Latitude (decimal degrees)	Longitude (decimal degrees)	Well on Transect	Lease name	County	State	Township or Quadrangle (7.5')	Sample No.	Formation	Interval sampled (ft)	Sample Type	Fossils	Bitumen
34-049-60004	39,99690459	-82,80555431	C ₁	Core 859	Franklin	Ohio	Jefferson Twp.	C ₁	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	636-638	core	T _A	Ν
34-045-20234	39,71695374	-82,38044488	C ₂	Merckle	Fairfield	Ohio	Rush Creek Twp.	C ₂	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	1,536-1,640	cuttings	T _A	Ν
34-073-20497	39,44455447	-82,29964201	C ₃	Карреі	Hocking	Ohio	Starr Twp.	C3	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	1,995-2,070	cuttings	T _A	Ν
34-105-22058	39,09108542	-81,86300335	C ₄	Newell (Core 2921) (OH-9)	Meigs	Ohio	Chester Twp.	C ₄	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	3,300-3,301	core	T _A (dark), Co _L	L
47-035-01371	38,873355	-81,848246	C ₅	No. 120401 W.L. Pinnell (WV-2)	Jackson	W.Va.	Cottageville Quad.	C ₅	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	3 564	core	T _A (dark), Co _L	L
47-035-00615	38,805835	-81,79583	C ₆	No. 1 Nellie Sayre King	Jackson	W.Va.	Cottageville Quad.	C ₆	Rhinestreet Shale	4,402-4,596	cuttings	T_A (dark), Co_L	L
47-039-00205	38,427776	-81,557778	C ₇	No. 1 Robertson (GW-346)	Kanawha	W.Va.	Big Chimney Quad.	C ₇	Rhinestreet Shale	4,605-4,896	cuttings	T _A ? (dark with faint outline)	L
47-087-00019	38,781388	-81,503891	C ₈	Heinzman (4053)	Roane	W.Va.	Gay Quad.	C ₈	Rhinestreet Shale	4,840-5,200	cuttings	TL	N

Table 3. Data collected and analyzed on transect C (1of 5).

Transect C (main and ancilliary data point
--

				Dispersed	macerals			
American Petroleum Institute number	Bituminite and (or) Alginite (amorphous kerogen)	Telalginite	Vitrinite	Inertinite	Asphalt	Bitumen	Pyrobitumen	Spectral flourescence; mean λ_{max}
34-049-60004	X (A) with scattered telalginite	X(A) brightly greenish fluor., numerous <u>Tasmanites</u>	X	X (fusinite)				522
34-045-20234	X (A)	x	x	x		x		543
		Media 19 Jan 194 National State State Service State State Service State State		Bernard B				
34-073-20497	X with scattered telalginite	х	Х	×		X		535
	And the second s	Ameri 120 2015				anna an taon an		
34-105-22058		X (A)	Х	Х		X		611
		Read Links for a first section 1		an sine and the space of				
47-035-01371		X (A)	Х	Х		x		612
		No Little finded Little 1 Novel With efforts Diate	Alternative sector and a sector					
47-035-00615								
47-039-00205								
47-087-00019								

Table 3. Data collected and analyzed on transect C (2 of 5). Thumbnails are linked full-size images.

Transect C (main and ancilliary data points)

	Minerals								
American Petroleum Institute number	Pyrite	Carbonate	Quartz	Quartz / rutile	Clay-rich fragments				
34-049-60004									
34-045-20234	X	X (rhombs)		x					
34-073-20497	X (framboids)								
34-105-22058	X(A) (framboids)			X					
47-035-01371									
47-035-00615									
47-039-00205									
47-087-00019									

Table 3. Data collected and analyzed on transect C (3 of 5).

,	Total Organi	c Carbon (in wt. %)		Rock Eval								
American Petroleum Institute number	TOC	TOC Streib (1981)	S ₁	S ₂	S ₃	HI	OI	T _{max}	PI			
34-049-60004	7,32		2,04	36,31	0,42	496	6	433	0,05			
34-045-20234	5,95		3,03	29,01	0,57	488	10	432	0,09			
34-073-20497	5,22		2,51	25,91	0,49	496	9	434	0,09			
34-105-22058	5,52		4,34	21,68	0,22	392	4	448	0,17			
47-035-01371	4,99		2,91	24,38	1,42	488	28	441	0,11			
47-035-00615	2,12		0,77	3,21	0,37	151	17	440	0,19			
47-039-00205	1,89		1,2	1,4	0,68	74	36	448	0,46			
47-087-00019	1,22		1,23	2	0,38	164	31	396	0,38			

Transect C (main and ancilliary data points)

Table 3. Data collected and analyzed on transect C (4 of 5).

			Gas	chromatography of bitum	en extract				
American Petroleum Institute number	%Ro _{mean} Humble	%Ro _{mean} Humble (corrected)	%Ro _{mean} Hackley	%Ro _{mean} Streib (1981)	%Ro _{mean} Zielinski and McIver (1982)	%Ro _{mean} ExLog	Gas chromatography image	GC Code	Pristane / Phytane
34-049-60004	0,44	0,73	0,53						1,92
34-045-20234	0,44	0,71	0,47						1,61
34-073-20497	0,39	0,62	0,45						2,00
34-105-22058	0,48	0,67	0,53		Mean 0.5	0,59			1,83
47-035-01371			0,54						2,27
47-035-00615	0,72								
47-039-00205	0,85								
47-087-00019	1,02								

Transect C (main and ancilliary data points)

Table 3. Data collected and analyzed on transect C (5 of 5). Thumbnails are linked full-size images.

Transect D (main and a	ncilliary data points)												
Abbreviations used: A Abundant, C Common, Co Conodonts, (abundant), Co _L Conodonts (local), L Local, L _{Co} Local (from core description), Lg Linguloid (common), N none observed, NS, no sample, T Tasmanites, (abundant), T _C Tasmanites (common), T _L Tasmanites (local), T _C Tasmanites (common), T _L Tasmanites (local), T _C Tasmanites (local),													
American Petroleum Institute number	Latitude (decimal degrees)	Longitude (decimal degrees)	Well on Transect	Lease name	County	State	Township or Quadrangle (7.5')	Sample No.	Formation	Interval sampled (ft)	Sample Type	Fossils	Bitumen
34-145-60142	38,86479477	-83,20466644	D ₁	Core 2814	Scioto	Ohio	Brush Creek Twp.	D ₁	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	480-481	core	T _A	N
16-043-16235	39,293272	-83,111354	D ₂	No. 11-1 Warnie Stapleton	Carter	Ку.	Grahn Quad.	D ₂	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	1,220-1,260	cuttings	TL	Ν
16-063-26619	38,120524	-82,955943	D ₃	No. 3 I.R. Ison (Stephens Unit)	Elliott	Ку.	Mazie Quad.	D ₃	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	1,520-1,570	cuttings	T _c	Ν
16-115-63403	37,859252	-82,984129	D ₄	No. 4 Conley	Johnson	Ky.	Oil Springs Quad.	D ₄	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	1,290-1,360	cuttings	T _c (dark)	Ν
47-043-01656	38,096671	-82,240838	D ₅	Columbia/McCoy (20402) (WV-4)	Lincoln	W.Va.	Ranger Quad.	D ₅	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	3 542	core	T _A (dark)	L
16-145-82020	37,52161	-82,277058	D ₆	No. 69 Ford Motor Co.	Pike	Ky.	Belfry Quad.	D ₆	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	4 387,5	core	T _c (dark)	L
45-027-20147	37,24702238	-82,18590051	D ₇	No. 9781 Pittston	Buchanan	Va.	Prater Quad.	D ₇	Huron Member of Ohio Shale	5,320-5,340	cuttings	Ν	Ν

Table 4. Data collected and analyzed on transect D (1 of 5).

	Dispersed macerals											
American Petroleum Institute number	Bituminite and (or) alginite (amorphous kerogen)	Telalginite	Vitrinite	Inertinite	Asphalt	Bitumen	Pyrobitumen	Spectral flourescence; mean λ _{max}				
34-145-60142	Х	X	X (A)	Х		X		538				
	Constant of the Second Se											
16-043-16235	X	X	X	X		X		559				
		X	Antonio antonio antonio antonio antonio antonio antonio antonio antonio antonio									
16-063-26619	X (A)	X (A)	X?	X (fusain)	9	X		562				
16-115-63403		Х		Х		X (A)		552				
		Angen a Description Participat										
47-043-01656		X				X (A)		661				
16-145-82020				X (fusain)		Х						
				j.r.								
45-027-20147		[X (fusain)		X						
						25						

Transect D (main and ancilliary data points)

Table 4. Data collected and analyzed on transect D (2 of 5). Thumbnails are linked full-size images.

Transect D (main and ancilliary data points)

	Minerals							
American Petroleum Institute number	Pyrite	Carbonate	Quartz	Quartz / rutile	Clay-rich fragments			
34-145-60142	X (A)			X				
16-043-16235	X (A)							
16-063-26619								
16-115-63403								
47-043-01656								
16-145-82020								
45-027-20147				X Professional States and Annual States and Annu				

Table 4. Data collected and analyzed on transect D (3 of 5). Thumbnail is linked full-size images.

	Total Organic (Carbon (in wt. %)		Rock Eval							
American Petroleum Institute number	TOC	TOC Streib (1981)	S ₁	S ₂	S_3	н	OI	T _{max}	PI		
34-145-60142	9,57		4,03	51,04	0,65	533	7	433	0,07		
16-043-16235	6,76		2,46	27,68	0,51	409	8	429	0,08		
16-063-26619	9,05		3,4	37,38	1,1	413	13	434	0,08		
16-115-63403	6,43		2,02	27,09	0,84	421	13	433	0,07		
47-043-01656	6,36		4,2	22,24	0,4	350	6	448	0,16		
16-145-82020	6,01		1,78	3,72	0,25	62	4	463	0,32		
45-027-20147	2,15		4,01	4,85	0,67	226	31	409	0,45		

Transect D (main and ancilliary data points)

Table 4. Data collected and analyzed on transect D (4 of 5).

Transect D (main and ancilliary data points)											
			Gas chr	omatography of bitumer	n extract						
American Petroleum Institute number	%Ro _{mean} Humble	%Ro _{mean} Humble (corrected)	%Ro _{mean} Hackley	%Ro _{mean} Streib (1981)	%Ro _{mean} Zielinski and McIver (1982)	%Ro _{mean} ExLog	Gas chromatography image	GC Code	Pristane/Phytane		
34-145-60142	0,33	0,53	0,53						1,69		
16-043-16235	0,59	0.78 (corrected by authors using Lo, 1993)	0,66						1,44		
16-063-26619	0,58	0.78 (corrected by authors using Lo, 1993)	0,5						1,72		
16-115-63403	0,45	0.62 (corrected by authors using Lo, 1993)	0,61						1,68		
47-043-01656	0,51	0.62 (corrected by authors using Lo, 1993)	0,66						1,83		
16-145-82020	0,75		1,42						1,18		
45-027-20147	1,76		1,85								

Table 4. Data collected and analyzed on transect D (5 of 5). Thumbnails are linked full-size images.

Appendix 5. Chromatograms from Gas Chromatographic Analyses by Humble Geochemical Services

Results of analyses of samples from the following wells and cores are presented on pages 34 to 70: Beckholt, Bessemer, Brown, CollinsClinger, ColumbiaMcCoy, Conley, Core510, Core859, Core2770, Core2814, Ford, Gordon, Ison, Kappel, McGuire, Meleski, Merckle, Newell, NYCentral, NYChicago&StLouis, Pinell, Pittston, Shockling, Sokevitz, Stapleton, Walls, Winegardner












Well Name: M & A Meleski (OH-7) API No.: 34-155-21238 Formation: Marcellus Shale Location: Trumbull County, Ohio NC14 NC15 Interval Sampled: 2,697-2,698 ft GC Character: **NC13** NC16 NC17 **NC18** NC12 **NC19** N20 ğ N23 ğ N23 IP18 I P16 EL L NC24 1 P15 I P13 22 Ъ NC10 槀 ŝ Ы

Sample Number: A4b

Sample Number: A5a Well Name: No. 1 Sokevitz (PA-5) API No.: 37-073-20022 Formation: Marcellus Shale (1) Location: Lawrence County, Pennsylvania Interval Sampled: 3,984 ft NC14 GC Character: NC13 NC15 NC16 NC17 NC12 **NC18** NC19 2 N I P16 Ы8 ğ 22 NC3 NC3 R P13 ğ Pg4







......

















min

FID1 A, (G:\1\DATA\07-4825\E203955A.D)



min











FID1 A, (G:\1\DATA\07-4825\E203953A.D)



min

























Appendix 6. Maceral Photomicrographs

Photomicrographs of samples from the following wells and cores are presented on pages 72 to 178: Beckholt, Bessemer, Brown, Columbia, Conley, Core510, Core855, Core859, Core2770, Core2814, Ench&Pyles, Ford, Gordon, Ison, Kappel, McGuire, Meleski, Merckle, Newell, NYCentral, NYChicagoStLouis, Pinell, Pittston, Shockling, Stapleton, Walls, Winegardner

N.Y., Chicago, & St. Louis Railroad (Core 734), Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale, 73-75 ft

<u>20 µm</u>

Telalginite in amorphous alginite groundmass
N.Y., Chicago, & St. Louis Railroad (Core 734), Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale, 73-75 ft



Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite



Vitrinite (?), Ro = 0.550%

N.Y., Chicago, & St. Louis Railroad (Core 734), Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale, 73-75 ft

B. & R. McGuire (Core 2909) (OH-5), Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh, 1,072-1,073 ft

20 µm

Telalginite in amorphous alginite groundmass

B. & R. McGuire (Core 2909) (OH-5), Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh, 1,072-1,073 ft

10 <u>µ</u>m

Tasmanites in UV light

B. & R. McGuire (Core 2909) (CH-5), Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh, ²⁰ µm 1,072-1,073 ft

Vitrinite (?), Ro = 0.518%

20 µm

Bitumen, ____ Ro = 0.711%

B. & R. McGuire (Core 2909) (OH-5), Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh, 1,072-1,073 ft

50 µm

Core 510, 1,880-1,886 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Telalginite in amorphous alginite groundmass



Tasmanites in UV light

Core 510, 1,880-1,886 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Vitrinite (?), Ro = 0.462%

20 µm

Core 510, 1,880-1,886 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Core 510, 1,880-1,886 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Bitumen, Ro = 0.622%

20 Bm

Core 510, 2,050-2,054 ft Rhinestreet Sh

Telalginite in amorphous alginite groundmass



Tasmanites in UV light

Core 510, 2,050-2,054 ft Rhinestreet Shale

Core 510, 2,050-2,054 ft Rhinestreet Shale

20

Vitrinite/Bitumen?, Ro = 0.422%



Core 510, 2,176-2,180 ft Marcellus Shale

Telalginite in amorphous alginite groundmass



Core 510, 2,176-2,180 ft Marcellus Shale

Telalginite in amorphous alginite groundmass

_____Vitrinite (?)

Core 510, 2,176-2,180 ft Marcellus Shale



Core 510, 2,176-2,180 ft Marcellus Shale



Bitumen with carbonate filling voids in center of *Tasmanites* Core 510, 2,176-2,180 ft Marcellus Shale

> Bitumen filling voids

20 µm

M. & A. Meleski (Core 2962) (OH-7), Rhinestreet Shale, 2,528 ft

20 µm

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

M. & A. Meleski (Core 2962) (OH-7), Rhinestreet Shale, 2,528 ft

Vitrinite (?), Ro = 0.471%

M. & A. Meleski (Core 2962) (OH-7), Rhinestreet Shale, 2,528 ft

Bitumen, Ro = 0.708%

M. & A. Meleski (OH-7), Marcellus Shale, 2,697-2,698 ft

> Network of void-filling bitumen





M. & A. Meleski (OH-7), Marcellus Shale, 2,697-2,698 ft

Brightly fluorescing telalginite

New York Central System (Core 855), Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale, 841-843 ft



20 µm



20 um

Abundant *Tasmanites*

New York Central System (Core 855), Rhinestreet Shale, 952-954 ft



Bituminite



New York Central System (Core 855), Rhinestreet Shale, 952-954 ft

Bituminite

New York Central System (Core 855), Rhinestreet Shale, 952-954 ft

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

New York Central System (Core 855), Rhinestreet Shale, 952-954 ft

20 µm

Recycled / vitrinite (?)



Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite



New York Central System (Core 855), Marcellus Shale, 1,156-1,158 ft



New York Central System (Core 855), Marcellus Shale, 1,156-1,158 ft

> Bitumen filling voids

20 µm

Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad Co. (OH-4), Rhinestreet Shale, 1,172-1,173 ft

Bituminite

20 µn

Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad Co. (OH-4), Rhinestreet Shale, 1,172-1,173 ft

20 µm

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad Co. (OH-4), Rhinestreet Shale, -1,172-1,173 ft

vitrinite (?)

Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad Co. (OH-4), Rhinestreet Shale, 1,172-1,173 ft

bitumen


Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad Co. (OH-4), Marcellus Shale, 1,342-1,343 ft



20 µm



20 µm

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite



Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad Co. (OH-4), Marcellus Shale, 1,342-1,343 ft

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

Core 2770, 708-713 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Bituminite, Ro = 0.212%



Tasmanites in UV light

Core 2770, 708-713 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Core 2770, 708-713 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Vitrinite/Bitumen?, Ro = 0.517% 20 µm

Bitumen, Ro = 0.480%

Core 2770, 708-713 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

20 µm

Core 2814, 480-481 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Amorphous alginite groundmass



L. Beckholt (Core 2900) (OH-3), 1,100-1,101 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

L. Beckholt (Core 2900) (OH-3), 1,400-1,101 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

20 µm

L. Beckholt (Core 2900) (OH-3), 1,100-1,101 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

> Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

L. Beckholt (Core 2900) (OH-3), 1,100-1,101 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

20 µm

Vitrinite/Bitumen?, Ro = 0.464% W. & D. Winegardner 2,400-2,532 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale



Tasmanites in UV light

W. & D. Winegardner 2,400-2,532 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Vitrinite/Bitumen?, Ro = 0.438%

20 µm

20 µm

W. & D. Winegardner 2,400-2,532 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

> Inertinité, Ro = 1.265%



H. & M. Shockling (OH-8) (Core 2936) 3,462-3,463 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Groundmass of amorphous alginite



H. & M. Shockling (OH-8) (Core 2936) 3,462-3,463 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

H. & M. Shockling (OH-8) (Core 2936) 3,462-3,463 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

> Bitumen filling -void



20 ur

H. & M. Shockling, (OH-8) (Core 2936) 2,462-3,463 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale



Anastamosing Bitumen



H. & M. Shockling (OH-8) (Core 2936) 3,999-4,000 ft Rhinestreet Shale

Groundmass of amorphous alginite

H. & M. Shockling (OH-8) (Core 2936) 3,999-4,000 ft Rhinestreet Shale



Carbonate

Asphalt

H. & M. Shockling (OH-8) (Core 2936) 3,999-4,000 ft Rhinestreet Shale

Pyrobitumen

H & M Shockling (OH-8) (Core 2936) 4094.8-4095.4 ft Marcellus Shale



Bitumen

H: & M. Shockling (OH-8) (Core 2936) 4,097.8-4,097.9 ft Marcellus Shale



Bitumen



R.L. Brown (Core 2842) 5,574-5,577 ft Marcellus Shale

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

R.L. Brown (Core 2842) 5,574-5,577 ft Marcellus Shale



Anastomosing bitumen

Pyrobitumen

Emch & Pyles No. 1 (WV-7) 6,426.3 ft Rhinestreet Shale



Pyrobitumen

No. 1 Gordon 7,860-7,960 ft Marcellus Shale

20 µm

Vitrinite/Bitumen?, Ro = 1.564%

No. 1 Gordon 7,860-7,960 ft Marcellus Shale



Pyrobitumen

No. A-1 H. G. Walls, 7,185-7,190 ft Marcellus Shale





No. A-1 H. G. Walls, 7,185-7, 90 ft Marcellus Shale

20 µm

Pyrobitumen

Pyrobitumen

No. A-1 H. G. Walls, 7,185-7,190 ft Marcellus Shale



Pyrite framboids

Core 859, 636-638 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale



Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

Core 859, 636-638 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Tasmanites under blue fluorescent light



Tasmanites under ultraviolet light

Core 859, 636-638 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale



Vitrinite (?)
Merckle, 1,536-1,640 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale **20 µm**

Tasmanites under ultraviolet light

Merckle, 1,536-1,640 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Vitrinite (?), Ro = 0.594%

20'µm

Merckle, 1,536-1,640 ft Huron-Mbr of Ohio Shale 20 µm

Inertinite,
Ro = 3.556%

Merckle, 1,536-1,640 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale Bitumen, Ro = 0.972%

Kappel, 1,995-2,070 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

20 um

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite



20 µm

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite

20 µm

Vitrinite (?), Ro = 0.3928%



Kappel, 1,995-2,070 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Bitumen, Ro = 0.833%

Kappel, 1,995-2,070 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

20 µm

Newell (Core 2921) (OH-9), 3,300-3,301 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale



Tasmanites in UV light

Vitrinite (?), Ro = 0.681% -

20 µm

Newell, 3,300-3,301 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Inertinite, ___ Ro = 2.551%

Newell, 3,300-3,301 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

20 µm





Vitrinite (?), •Ro = 0.568%



No. 12041 Pinnell, 3,564 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Core 2814, 480-481 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Amorphous alginite groundmass

Tasmanites in UV light



Core 2814, 480-481 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale Vitrinite (?), Ro = 0.391%

> Core 2814, 480-481 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

20 µm



Inertinite, – Ro = 1.567%

Core 2814, 480-481 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

No. 11-1 Warnie Stapleton, 1,220-1,260 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Amorphous alginite groundmass



Tasmanites in UV light

No. 11-1 Warnie Stapleton, 1,220-1,260 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

No. 11-1 Warnie Stapleton, 1,220-1,260 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

20 µm

Vitrinite (?), Ro = 0.633%

No. 11-1 Warnie Stapleton, 1,220-1,260 ft Huron Mor of Ohio Shale

20 µm

Inertinite, Ro = 2.013%

No. 3 I.R. Ison, 1,520-1,570 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Shale

Groundmass of amorphous Alginite

No. 3 I.R. Ison, 1,520-1,570 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh

110

Tasmanites in UV light

No. 3 I.R. Ison, 1,520-1,570 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh

Graptolite, Ro = 1.931%

Bitumen, Ro = 0.533%

No 3 I.R. Ison, 1,520-1,570 ft Huron /ibr of Ohio Sh

Telalginite in groundmass of amorphous alginite



No. 4 Conley, 1,290-1,360 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh

Bitumen, Ro = 0.617%

No. 4 Conley, 1,290-1,360 ft Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh

20 µm

Bitumen, Ro = 0.826%

20 µm

Columbia/McCoy (20402) (WV-4) 3,542 ft, Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh



20 µm

Tasmanites

Tasmanites

Bitumen, Ro = 0.818%

Columbia/McCoy (20402) (VU/-4) 3,542 ft, Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh

20 µm

Bitumen, Ro = 1.122%

20 um

Bitumen, Ro = 0.818%

20 µm

No. 69 Ford Motor Co. 4 387 ft, Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh Bitumen, Ro = 1.339% (note tensile fractures)

20 um

No. 69 Ford Motor Co. 4,387 ft, Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh

Bitumen, Ro = 1.17%



20 µm

Bitumen, Ro = 2.145%

No. J781 Pittston Huron Mar of Ohio Shale 5,320-5,340 ft

20 µm

No. 9781 Pittston Huron Mbr of Ohio Sh 5,320-5,340 ft

Rutilated Quartz