

A Framework for Linear and Nonlinear Converted Wave Time-Lapse Difference AVO

Shahin Jabbari¹ and Kris Innanen¹

¹University of Calgary, Calgary, Alberta, Canada (sjabbari@ucalgary.ca)

Abstract

Multicomponent time-lapse amplitude-variation-with-offset (AVO) may improve approximating time-lapse difference data. The difference data during the change in a reservoir from the baseline survey relative to the monitor survey are expressed for converted wave. We define a framework for the difference data in order of both baseline interface contrast and time-lapse changes. The higher order terms represent corrections appropriate for large contrasts. We conclude that in many plausible time-lapse scenarios the increase in accuracy associated with higher order corrections is non-negligible for converted wave as well as P-wave. Furthermore coupling between baseline and time-lapse quantities is non-negligible when contrasts are large.

References Cited

Aki, K., and Richards, Paul G., 2002, Quantitative seismology: theory and methods. Sausalito, Calif: University Science Books.

Innanen, K.A., 2013, Coupling in amplitude variation with offset and the Wiggins approximation: *Geophysics*, 78(4), N21-N33.

Jabbari, S., and Innanen, K.A., 2013, A framework for approximation of elastic time-lapse difference AVO signatures and validation on physical modeling data: 75th EAGE Conference and Exhibition.

Jabbari, S., and Innanen, K.A., 2013, A framework for linear and nonlinear S-wave and C-wave time-lapse difference AVO: CREWES Annual Report.

Landrø, M., 2001, Discrimination between pressure and fluid saturation changes from time-lapse seismic data: *Geophysics*, 66(3), 836-844.

Lumley, D., 2001, Time-lapse seismic reservoir monitoring: *Geophysics*, 66(1), 50-53.

Stewart, R. R., Gaiser, J., Brown, R. J., and Lawton, D. C., 2003, Direct non-linear acoustic and elastic inversion: Tutorial: converted wave seismic exploration: Application: *Geophysics*, 68(1), 40-57.

Stolt, R. H., and Weglein, A. B., 2012, *Seismic Imaging and Inversion: Volume 1: Application of Linear Inverse Theory*: Cambridge University Press.